



**HUA YI SECONDARY SCHOOL  
PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2024**

**4-G3 /  
5-G2**

NAME

CLASS

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INDEX  
NUMBER

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**MATHEMATICS**

**4052/01**

**PAPER 1**

**13 August 2024**

**2 hour 15 minutes**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your name, class, and index number on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue, or correction fluid.

Answer **all** the questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The total of the marks for this paper is 90.

The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

For Examiner's Use	90
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Setter: Ms Jasmine Tan

[Turn Over

***Mathematical Formulae******Compound interest***

$$\text{Total Amount} = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

***Mensuration***

$$\text{Curved surface area of a cone} = \pi r l$$

$$\text{Surface area of a sphere} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\text{Volume of a cone} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Volume of a sphere} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\text{Area of triangle } ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

$$\text{Arc length} = r\theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

$$\text{Sector area} = \frac{1}{2}r^2\theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

***Trigonometry***

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

***Statistics***

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\sum f x}{\sum f}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f x^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum f x}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

1 (a) Calculate  $\frac{-(-11.8) - \sqrt{(-11)^2 - 7 \times 16 \times (-40)}}{2 \times 16}$ .

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (b) There are 800 people in an auditorium, correct to the nearest hundred.

State the minimum number of people that could be in the auditorium at this time.

*Answer* ..... people [1]

- 2 (a) Express 1400 as the product of its prime factors.

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (b) Write down the smallest positive integer  $k$  such that  $1400k$  is a perfect cube.

*Answer*  $k =$  ..... [1]

- (c)  $n$  is a number between 300 and 400.

The highest common factor of  $n$  and 1400 is 35.

Find the largest possible value for  $n$ .

*Answer*  $n =$  ..... [2]

- 3 (a) Simplify  $y^0 \div 9x^{-2} \times x^7$ .

*Answer* ..... [2]

- (b) Simplify  $(81a^{12})^{\frac{5}{4}}$ .

*Answer* ..... [1]

- 
- 4 (a) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form  $\frac{18b^7}{5c^2} \div \frac{3b^4}{81}$ .

*Answer* ..... [2]

- (b) Use the laws of indices to show that  $6^4 \times 100 + 116 \times 36^2$  can be expressed as a single power of six.

*Answer* ..... [2]

- 5 In a greenhouse, the estimated number of flowering plants increased from 4100 in January 2024 to 4980 in June 2024. The number increased by  $c\%$  every month.  
Find the value of  $c$ .

*Answer*  $c = \dots \dots \dots$  [3]

- 
- 6 Kyle runs a tennis club. 54 of the members are adults and 31 are children.  
His aim is that **at least 60%** the members should be children.  
Form an inequality to find the smallest number of children that Kyle would still need to recruit  
achieve his aim.

*Answer* ..... children [3]

- 7 A car travels at an average speed of 74.5 km/h for 2.25 hours.  
(a) Convert 75 km/h to m/s.

*Answer* ..... m/s [1]

- (b) By rounding the numbers correct to 1 significant figure, find an estimate of the distance travelled by the car. Show your working clearly.

*Answer* ..... km [2]

- (c) Without doing any calculation, explain why the actual distance travelled by the car is greater than the answer to (b).

*Answer* [1]

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- 
- 8 Isha has written down five numbers.

The mean of these numbers is 13.2, the median is 12 and the mode is 7.

The largest number is three times the smallest number.

Find the five numbers in **ascending** order.

*Answer* ..... , ..... , ..... , ..... , ..... [2]

9 Factorise completely

(a)  $2p^4 - 32s^4$ ,

*Answer* ..... [3]

(b)  $12cd - 9cx + 6xy - 8dy$ .

*Answer* ..... [2]

---

10 (a) Express  $9 - 8x + x^2$  in the form  $a + (x + b)^2$ . Find the value of  $a$  and of  $b$ .

*Answer*  $a =$  ..... [1]

$b =$  ..... [1]

(b) Explain why when  $x = 4$ , the expression  $9 - 8x + x^2$  has its minimum value.

*Answer* [1]  
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- 11 Solve the equation  $5 + 2x = \frac{20}{1+x}$ .

*Answer*  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $\dots\dots\dots$  [3]

- 
- 12 The points  $(4, 20)$  and  $(10, -4)$  satisfy the curve given by the equation  $y = ax^2 + bx - 4$ .

Use an algebraic method to determine the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .

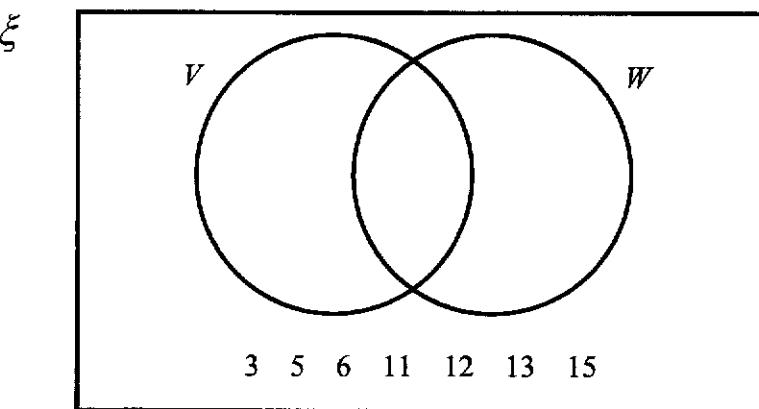
*Answer*  $a = \dots\dots\dots$ ,  $b = \dots\dots\dots$  [4]

13  $\xi = \{\text{integers } x : 1 \leq x \leq 16\}$

$$V = \{1, 2, 4, 8, 16\}$$

$$W = \{1, 4, 7, 9, 10, 14\}$$

Some of the information is shown on the Venn diagram.



- (a) Complete the Venn diagram by representing all the elements in the given sets.

*Answer in above Venn diagram*

[1]

- (b) Describe the elements of Set  $V$ .

*Answer*

[1]

.....  
.....  
.....

- (c) List the elements contained in the set  $V' \cap W'$ .

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (d) Find the number of elements in  $(V \cap W') \cup (V' \cup W)$ .

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (e) Use one of the symbols below to complete each statement.

=  $\emptyset$   $\subset$   $\subsetneq$   $\notin$   $\in$   $\xi$

(i)  $\{2, 16\}$  .....  $V$

(ii) 13 .....  $W$

*Answer (e) (i)* ..... [1]

*(ii)* ..... [1]

- 14 In grocery mart  $G$ , water costs \$1.80 per litre, fresh milk costs \$2.90 per litre and juice costs \$2.30 per litre.

In grocery mart  $H$ , water costs \$0.20 more per litre, fresh milk costs \$0.40 less per litre and juice costs \$0.10 less per litre.

$$\begin{array}{cc} G & H \\ \begin{matrix} 1.8 & 0.2 \\ 2.9 & -0.4 \\ 2.3 & -0.1 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} W \\ M \\ J \end{matrix} \end{array}$$

This information can be represented by the matrix  $\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 1.8 & 0.2 \\ 2.9 & -0.4 \\ 2.3 & -0.1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} W \\ M \\ J \end{matrix}$ .

- (a) Rayyen and Zinnie went shopping together.

Rayyen bought 4 litres of water, 2 litres of milk and 3 litres of juice.

Zinnie bought 3 litres of water and 4 litres of juice.

Represent their purchases in a  $2 \times 3$  matrix  $\mathbf{P}$ .

*Answer*  $\mathbf{P} = \dots \dots \dots \quad [1]$

- (b) Evaluate the matrix  $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{PQ}$ .

*Answer*  $\mathbf{R} = \dots \dots \dots \quad [2]$

- (c) State what the elements in the second column of matrix  $\mathbf{R}$  represent.

*Answer*

[1]

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- (d) Rayyen shopped in grocery mart  $H$ . He got a discount coupon that entitled him to a discount of 15%. How much did he pay altogether for his items?

*Answer* \$ ..... [2]

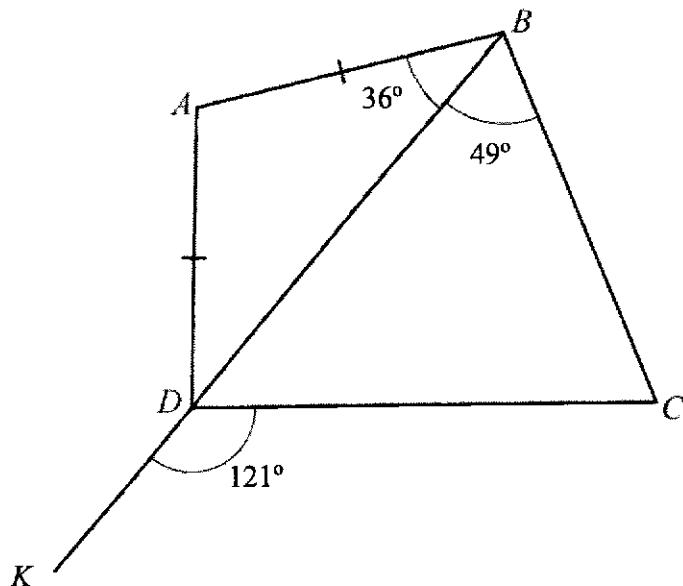
- 15 In a regular polygon, the ratio of an interior angle : exterior angle = 14 : 1.
- (a) Find the number of sides of the polygon.

*Answer* ..... sides [3]

- (b) Find the sum of the interior angles of the polygon.

*Answer* ..... $^{\circ}$  [1]

- 16** In the diagram,  $BDK$  is a straight line and  $AB = AD$ .  
Angle  $ABD = 36^\circ$ , angle  $CBD = 49^\circ$  and angle  $CDK = 121^\circ$ .

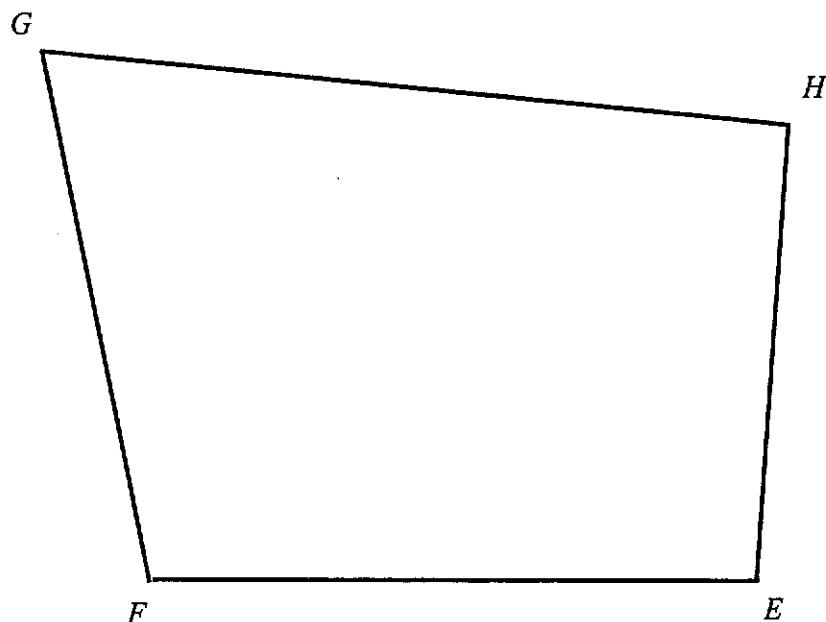


Explain why it is possible to draw a circle that passes through the points  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$  and  $D$ .  
Give reasons for each step of your working.

### *Answer*

[3]

- 17 The diagram represents a plot of land,  $EFGH$ , which is to be used for an observatory.



- (a) Construct the bisector of the angle  $EHG$ . [1]
- (b) Construct the perpendicular bisector of  $EF$ . [1]
- (c) A café is to be built in the observatory, nearer to  $E$  than to  $F$  and nearer to  $GH$  than to  $EH$ .

Shade the region where the café is to be built.

[1]

- 18 (a) A cargo ship has an average fuel consumption of 0.000 892 kilometres per litre.  
Write this consumption in litres per kilometre.

*Answer* ..... l / km [1]

- (b) A model of another cargo ship is made to a scale of 1 : 60.  
The length of this model cargo ship is 550 cm.  
(i) Find the actual length of this cargo ship in metres.

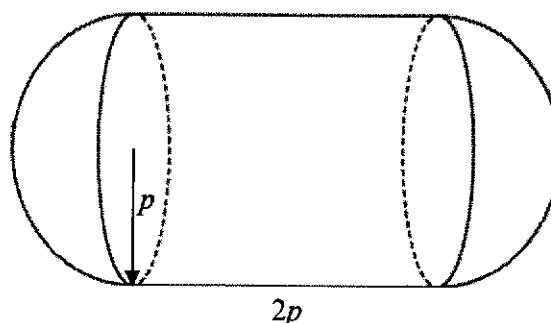
*Answer* ..... m [1]

- The capacity of the fuel tanks in the model cargo ship is 7.75 litres.  
(ii) Find the actual capacity of the fuel tanks of the cargo ship.  
Express your answer in standard form.

*Answer* ..... l [2]

- 19 A composite solid is made from a cylinder and two hemispheres.

The cylinder has radius  $p$  and length  $2p$ , while the hemispheres have radius  $p$ .



The total surface area of the solid is six times the total surface area of a solid cone with radius  $p$  and slant height  $l$ .

Find  $l$  in terms of  $p$ .

*Answer*    $l = \dots \dots \dots$  [3]

- 20 Gino can paint 6 fence panels in 4 hours, while Danish can paint 7 fence panels in 5 hours.  
Gino and Danish work together to paint a total of 21 panels.

If they continue to paint at the same rate, how long will it take them to paint 21 panels?  
Give your answer in hours and minutes, correct to the nearest minute.

*Answer* ..... h ..... min [3]

21 A fitness centre has 16 employees.

One of the 16 employees is selected at random.

The probability that it is a woman working part time is  $\frac{1}{8}$ .

Two of the 16 employees are selected at random.

The probability that they are both men working full time is  $\frac{1}{8}$ .

Complete the table of information below about the 16 employees of the fitness centre.

Show all supporting calculations clearly.

*Answer*

[4]

	<i>Part-time employees</i>	<i>Full-time employees</i>
<i>Women</i>		5
<i>Men</i>		

- 22** A librarian wants to find out how much time patrons spend at the library in a week.  
He uses the questionnaire.

1

*How many hours do you spend at the library in a week (including weekends)?*

*Please tick one box.*

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1-2

3 - 4

5-7

*over 7*

**List two ways to improve the questionnaire.**

### **Answer**

[2]

- 23  $K$  is the point  $(7, -8)$  and  $L$  is the point  $(x, y)$ .

The gradient of the line  $KL$  is  $\frac{2}{3}$ .

Maverick claims that it is possible to express  $x$  in terms of  $y$ , such that  $x = a + by$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants.

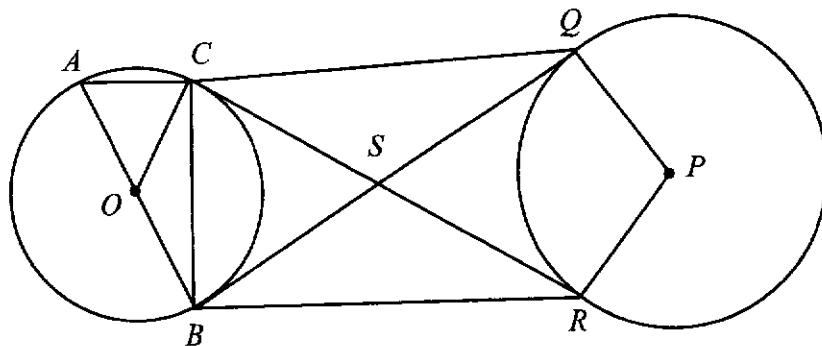
Explain why Maverick is correct.

### *Answer*

[2]

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- 24  $A, B$  and  $C$  are points on the circle with centre  $O$ .  
 $Q$  and  $R$  are points on the circle with centre  $P$ .  
 $CSR$  and  $BSQ$  are tangents on to both circles.  
 $AOB$  is a straight line.



- (a) Show that triangle  $CQS$  is congruent to triangle  $BRS$ .  
 Give a reason for each statement you make.

### *Answer*

[3]

24 (b) Angle  $ABC = y^\circ$

Find, in terms of  $y$ ,

(i) angle  $BAC$ ,

*Answer* .....  $^\circ$  [1]

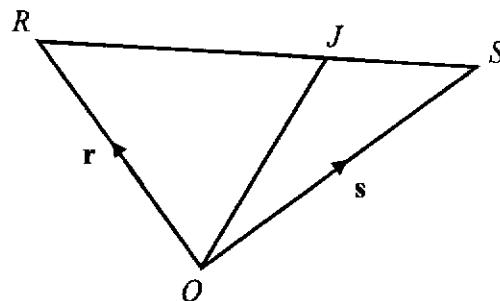
(ii) angle  $QPR$ .

*Answer* .....  $^\circ$  [2]

**25**  $ORS$  is a triangle.

$J$  is a point on  $RS$  such that  $RJ : JS = 3 : 2$ .

$$\overrightarrow{OR} = \mathbf{r} \text{ and } \overrightarrow{OS} = \mathbf{s}.$$



- (a) Show that  $\overrightarrow{OJ} = \frac{1}{5}(2\mathbf{r} + 3\mathbf{s})$ .

### *Answer*

[2]

(b)  $X$  is a point such that  $\overrightarrow{RX} = \frac{1}{5}(\mathbf{r} + 9\mathbf{s})$ .

Explain why  $O$ ,  $J$  and  $X$  lie on a straight line.

### **Answer**

[2]

**END OF PAPER**



**HUA YI SECONDARY SCHOOL**  
**PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2024**

**4-G3 /  
 5-G2**

NAME

CLASS

INDEX  
NUMBER

**MATHEMATICS  
PAPER 2**

**4052/02**

**19 August 2024  
2 hour 15 minutes**

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Use

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Setter: Ms Jasmine Tan

[Turn Over]

***Mathematical Formulae******Compound interest***

$$\text{Total Amount} = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

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$$\text{Curved surface area of a cone} = \pi r l$$

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$$\text{Volume of a sphere} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\text{Area of triangle } ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

$$\text{Arc length} = r\theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

$$\text{Sector area} = \frac{1}{2}r^2\theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

***Trigonometry***

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

***Statistics***

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\sum f x}{\sum f}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f x^2}{\sum f} - \left( \frac{\sum f x}{\sum f} \right)^2}$$

- 1 (a) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form  $\frac{2}{7-3x} - \frac{1}{6-x}$ .

*Answer* ..... [2]

- (b) It is given that  $v = \frac{3-5w}{w+2} + 9$ .

- (i) Find  $v$  when  $w = -6$ .

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (ii) Rearrange the formula to make  $w$  the subject.

*Answer*  $w =$  ..... [3]

(c) Solve the equation  $\frac{5}{x-2} - \frac{3}{x^2-4} = \frac{1}{7}$ .

Give your solutions correct to two decimal places.

*Answer*    $x = \dots\dots\dots$ ,  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  [5]

- 2 C is the point  $(-9, 1)$  and D is the point  $(7, 4)$ .

$$\overrightarrow{CE} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) Calculate the length of the line  $CD$ .

*Answer* ..... units [2]

- (b) Determine the coordinates of point E.

*Answer* E  $(\dots, \dots)$  [1]

- (c) Find the equation of the line  $DE$ .

Leave your answer in the form  $ax + by = c$ , where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are constants.

*Answer* ..... [3]

- 3 (a) The first four terms of a sequence are  $5, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{9}, \frac{17}{16}$ .

(i) State the fifth term of the sequence.

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (ii) Find an expression, in terms of  $n$ , for the  $n$ th term,  $T_n$ , of this sequence.

*Answer*  $T_n = \dots$  [2]

- (b) Elijah finds a number grid from his board game.

The diagram shows part of a number grid.

A rectangle outlining four numbers, as shown, can be placed anywhere on the grid.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	32	33	34	35
36	37	-	-	-	-	-

- (i) If  $p$  represents the number in the top right corner of the rectangle, write down an expression, in terms of  $p$ , for the number in the bottom left corner of the rectangle.

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (ii) Show that the difference between the products of the numbers in the opposite corners of the rectangle is always  $-7$ .

*Answer* ..... [2]

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- (iii) Elijah says it is impossible for the sum of the four numbers in the rectangle to be 199.

Justify with relevant working, why he is correct.

*Answer* ..... [3]

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- 4 (a) Sophie earns a monthly salary of \$6875.

She gives 15% of this amount to her parents.

She puts 35% of the remainder into a savings account.

Calculate the amount she has left after giving to her parents and putting into her savings account. Leave your answer correct to the nearest dollar.

*Answer* \$ ..... [3]

- (b) The cash price of a sofa is \$830.

Sophie buys this sofa on credit.

She pays a deposit of one quarter of the cash price.

She then pays 3 monthly payments of \$260.

Calculate the total amount Sophie pays for the sofa.

*Answer* \$ ..... [2]

- (c) Sophie pays a monthly rent of \$3174.20.

This is 18% more than her monthly rent last year.

Calculate her monthly rent last year.

*Answer* \$ ..... [2]

- (d) During her vacation, Sophie visits her friend in Wellington.

Sophie spends NZD 940 in New Zealand using her credit card.

She is charged a 2.6% fee for the currency conversion.

The exchange rate between Singapore dollars (SGD) and New Zealand dollars (NZD) is SGD 100 = NZD 120.7206.

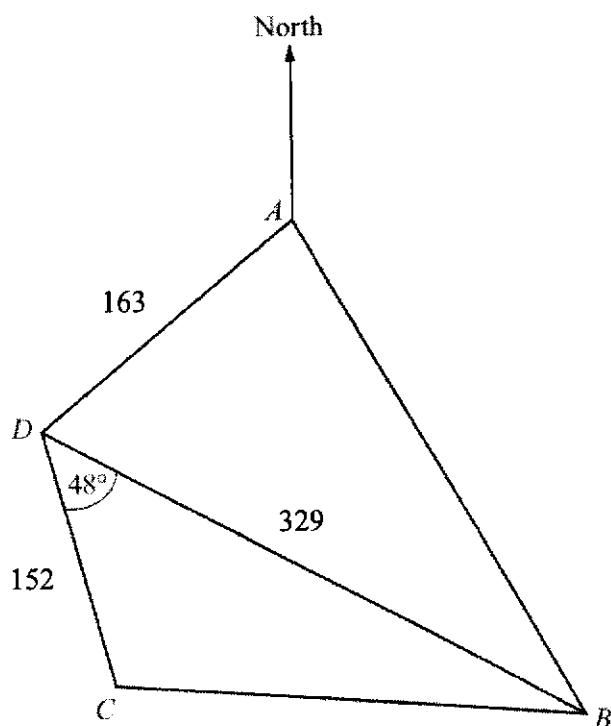
Calculate the total amount on Sophie's credit card bill, including the fee.

Give your answer in Singapore dollars, correct to the nearest cent.

*Answer* SGD ..... [3]

10

5



$ABCD$  is a field on horizontal ground.

$AD = 163$  m,  $BD = 329$  m,  $CD = 152$  m and angle  $BDC = 48^\circ$ .

The bearing of  $B$  from  $A$  is  $151^\circ$  and the bearing of  $D$  from  $A$  is  $237^\circ$ .

- (a) Calculate the bearing of  $D$  from  $B$ .

Answer ..... ° [3]

- (b) Calculate the distance from  $B$  to  $C$ .

*Answer* ..... m [2]

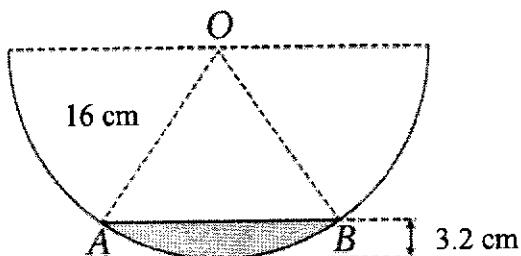
- (c) An aircraft is flying above  $D$ .

Find the angle of elevation of the aircraft from  $C$  when it is 245 m vertically above  $D$ .

*Answer* ..... ° [2]

12

- 6 The diagram shows a semicircle, centre  $O$ , radius 16 cm.



- (a) Show that angle  $AOB = 1.287$  radians, correct to 3 decimal places.

*Answer*

[2]

- (b) Calculate the area of the shaded region.

*Answer* .....  $\text{cm}^2$  [3]

- (c) The semicircle is the cross section of a water trough of length 2.8 m, standing on level ground.

The shaded area represents the water in the trough.

- (i) Calculate the volume of water, in  $\text{cm}^3$ , in the trough.

Leave your answer in standard form.

*Answer* .....  $\text{cm}^3$  [3]

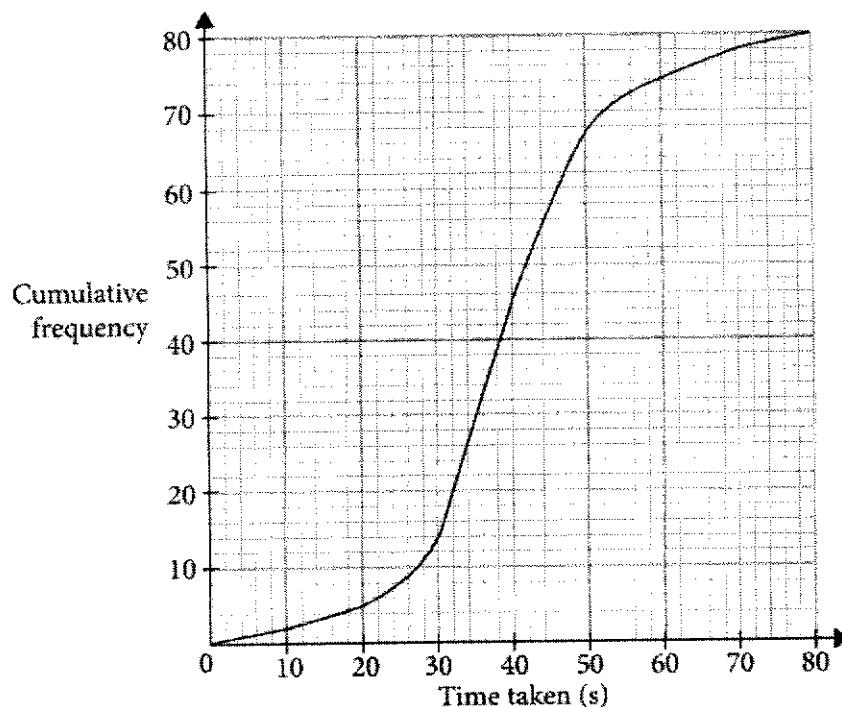
- (ii) Calculate the number of litres of water that must be added to fill the trough.

*Answer* ..... litres [3]

- 7 A researcher wants to conduct a study to find out if there is a correlation between the analytical skills of adults with age.

The researcher invited 80 adults to solve a number puzzle.

The cumulative frequency curve shows the distribution of the time taken.



- (a) Use the curve to estimate

(i) the median time taken,

Answer ..... s [1]

(ii) the interquartile range of the time taken.

Answer ..... s [2]

- (b) 20% of the adults took more than  $n$  seconds to solve the puzzle.

Find  $n$ .

Answer  $n = \dots$  [2]

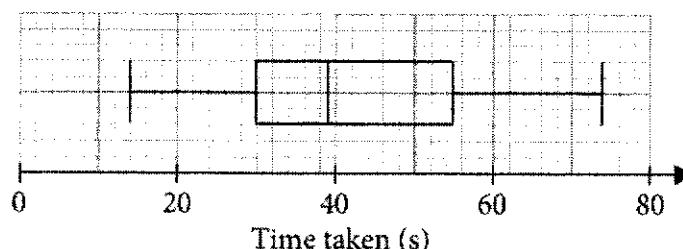
- (c) The frequency distribution of the data for the 80 adults invited to solve the number puzzle is shown in the table.

<i>Time taken, x (seconds)</i>	<i>Frequency</i>
$0 < x \leq 20$	5
$20 < x \leq 40$	40
$40 < x \leq 60$	29
$60 < x \leq 80$	6

Find an estimate of the standard deviation of the time taken by the 80 adults to solve the number puzzle.

*Answer* ..... s [2]

- (d) The same group of adults were each given a word puzzle to solve.  
The box-and-whisker plot shows the distribution of the time taken.

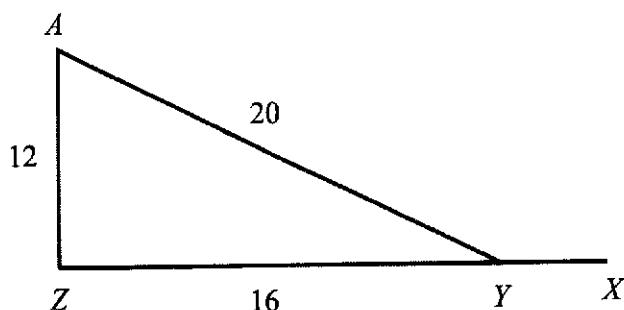


Make two comparisons between the performances of the adults in solving the two puzzles.

*Answer* [2]

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- 8 In the diagram,  $XYZ$  is a straight line.  
 $AY = 20 \text{ m}$ ,  $AZ = 12 \text{ m}$  and  $YZ = 16 \text{ m}$ .  
The ratio of  $XY : YZ$  is  $1 : 4$ .



- (a) Prove that triangle  $AYZ$  is right-angled.

*Answer*

[2]

- (b) Find the value of  $\cos \angle AYX$ , giving your answer as a fraction in its lowest terms.

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (c) The area of triangle  $AXY$  is  $24\text{m}^2$ .

Lenard says: In another triangle  $AYW$ , whereby the length  $YW = YX$  and its area is the same as that of triangle  $AXY$ , it is possible for angle  $Y$  to be acute.

Explain why Lenard is correct. Use calculations to support your answer.

*Answer*

[2]

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- 9 The variables  $x$  and  $y$  are connected by the equation  $y = \frac{x^3}{2} - 5x - 2$ .

Some corresponding values of  $x$  and  $y$  are given in the table.

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$y$	-0.5	4	2.5	-2	-6.5	$k$	-3.5	10

- (a) Find the value of  $k$ .

Answer  $k = \dots \dots \dots$  [1]

- (b) On the grid on page 19, draw the graph of  $y = \frac{x^3}{2} - 5x - 2$  for  $-3 \leq x \leq 4$ . [2]

- (c) The equation  $\frac{x^3}{2} - 5x = 7$  has only one solution.

Explain how this can be deduced from your graph.

Answer

[2]

.....  
 .....  
 .....  
 .....

- (d) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the curve at  $(1, -6.5)$ .

Answer Gradient = ..... [2]

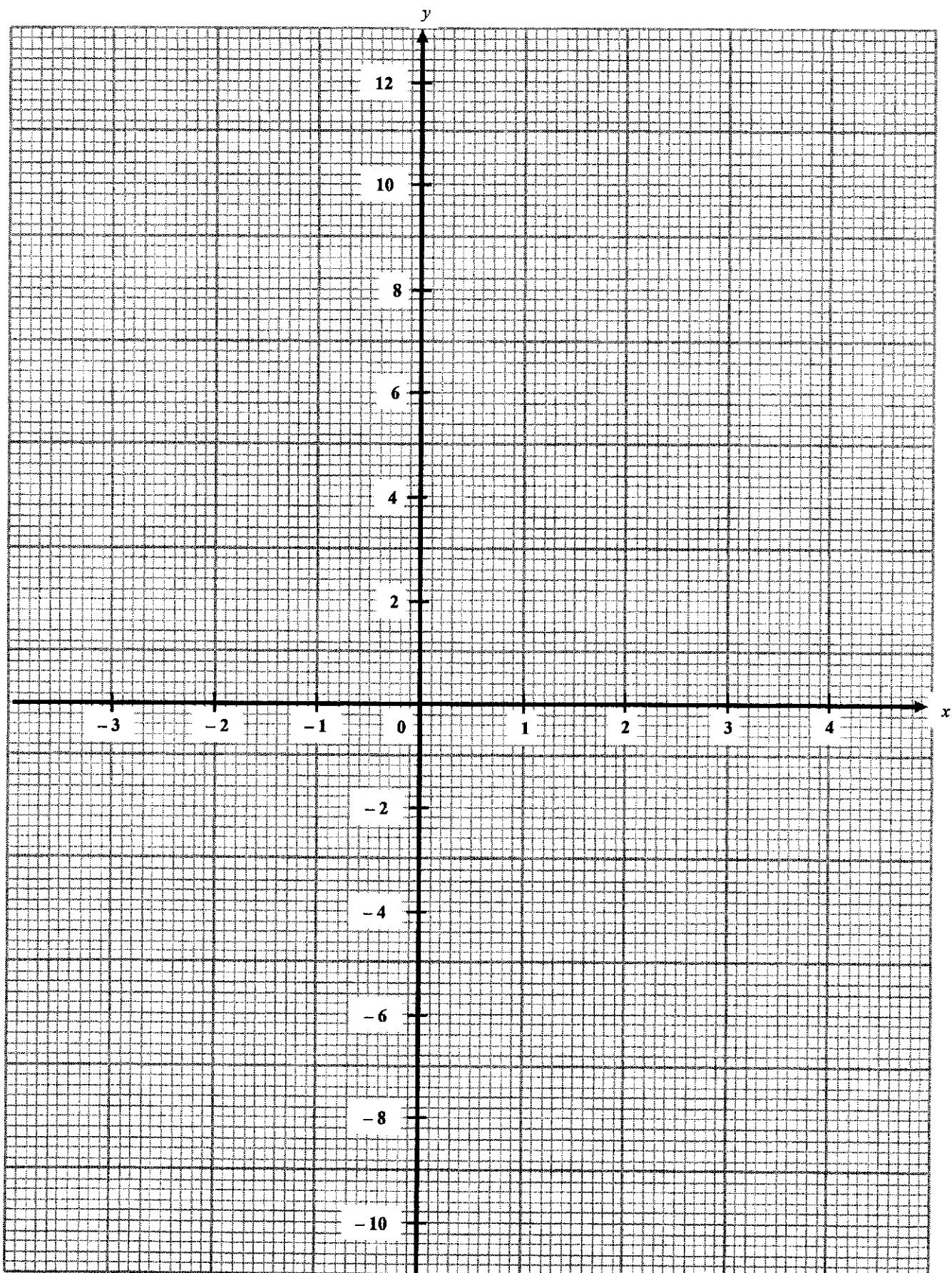
- (e) (i) On the same grid, draw the line  $y = 4 - x$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 4$ . [2]
- (ii) Write down the  $x$ -coordinate of the point where this line intersects the curve.

*Answer*  $x = \dots \dots \dots$  [1]

- (iii) This value of  $x$  is a solution of the equation  $x^3 + Ax + B = 0$ .

Find the value of  $A$  and the value of  $B$ .

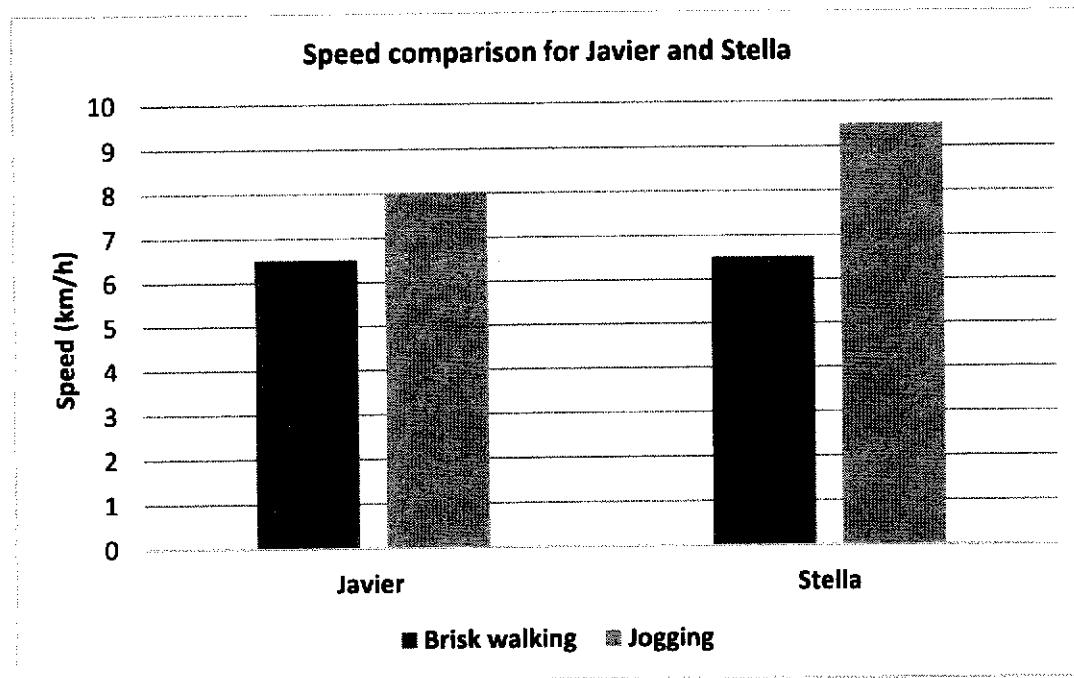
*Answer*  $A = \dots \dots \dots$ ,  $B = \dots \dots \dots$  [2]



- 10 Javier and Stella are planning their exercise routines.

Javier and Stella have a body mass of 70 kg and 60 kg respectively.

The speed for walking and jogging of the two individuals are represented in the chart.



They research the following information about the benefits of exercise.

#### **HEALTH ADVICE**

For optimal health benefits, adults should do at least 150 minutes of moderate-intensity aerobic activity, or at least 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity aerobic activity per week.

For additional health benefits, adults should increase their moderate-intensity aerobic activity to 300 minutes per week, or an equivalent combination of moderate-intensity and vigorous-intensity aerobic activity.

1 minute of vigorous-intensity aerobic activity is equivalent to 2 minutes of moderate-intensity aerobic activity.

E.g. 10 minutes of jogging = 20 minutes of brisk walking.

Muscle-strengthening activities should be done on 2 or more days per week.

Approximate calories burned during 30 minutes of aerobic exercise

	Body mass			
	60 kg	70 kg	80 kg	90 kg
Walking 5 km/h	105	120	135	150
Walking 6.5 km/h	130	150	170	190
Jogging 8 km/h	240	280	315	350
Jogging 9.5 km/h	300	345	390	435

<u>Non-aerobic muscle-strengthening activities</u>	
❖ 1 hour of yoga burns approximately 3 calories per kilogram of body mass	
❖ 1 hour of weight training burns approximately 4 calories per kilogram of body mass	

- (a) In their first week of exercise, they each plan to go for four brisk walks.  
 They will walk the same route each time.  
 The four walks together meet the minimum target for the time for optimal health benefits in one week.
- (i) Find the distance of one of these walks.

Answer ..... km [2]

- (ii) Find out how many more calories Javier burns in these four walks than Stella.

*Answer* ..... calories [1]

- (b) After one month, they change their routines.

Javier wants to gain additional health benefits.

He decides to do a 4 km walk 3 times per week and do a 6 km jog 2 times per week.

He will also attend a 45-minute yoga class 2 times per week.

Stella wants to maintain optimal health benefits.

She decides to do an 8 km jog 2 times per week.

She will also attend a 30-minute weight training session 2 times per week.

Javier says:

*We will both meet our targets for exercise.*

*However, I will burn about 50% more calories than Stella during our exercise per week.*

Is Javier correct?

Justify your decision with clear calculations.

*Answer*

[7]

*Answer space for 10 (b)*

*Answer space for 10 (b)*

Javier is .....

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

**END OF PAPER**

HUA YI SECONDARY SCHOOL  
PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2024



**4-G3 /  
5-G2**

Compound interest

*Mathematical Formulae*

$$\text{Total Amount} = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

NAME

CLASS

--	--

MATHEMATICS

PAPER 1

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

13 August 2024  
2 hour 15 minutes

# MARKING SCHEME

*Mensuration*

Curved surface area of a cone =  $\pi r l$

Surface area of a sphere =  $4\pi r^2$

$$\text{Volume of a cone} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Volume of a sphere} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\text{Area of triangle } ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

Arc length =  $r\theta$ , where  $\theta$  is in radians

$$\text{Sector area} = \frac{1}{2}r^2\theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

*Trigonometry*

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

*Statistics*

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\sum f_x}{\sum f}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f_x^2}{\sum f} - \left( \frac{\sum f_x}{\sum f} \right)^2}$$

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Setter: Ms Jasmine Tan

For Examiner's Use	90
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[Turn Over

- 1 (a) Calculate  $\frac{-(\text{--}11.8) - \sqrt{(-11)^2 - 7 \times 16 \times (-40)}}{2 \times 16}$ .

$$-1.750958 = -1.75 \quad (\text{3 s.f.}) \text{ ---- B1}$$

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (b) There are 800 people in an auditorium, correct to the nearest hundred.

State the minimum number of people that could be in the auditorium at this time.

$$750 \text{ people ---- B1}$$

*Answer* ..... people [1]

- 2 (a) Express 1400 as the product of its prime factors.

$$1400 = 2^3 \times 5^2 \times 7 \text{ ---- B1}$$

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (b) Write down the smallest positive integer  $k$  such that  $1400k$  is a perfect cube.

$$1400k = 2^3 \times 5^2 \times 7 \times k = 2^3 \times 5^2 \times 7 \times (5 \times 7^2)$$

$$k = 245 \text{ ---- B1}$$

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (c)  $n$  is a number between 300 and 400.

The highest common factor of  $n$  and 1400 is 35.

Find the largest possible value for  $n$ .

$$n = 2^3 \times 5 \times 7 \times ?$$

$$1400 = 2^3 \times 5^2 \times 7$$

$$\text{HCF} = 5 \times 7 = 35$$

By guess-and-check,  $n = 5 \times 7 \times 11 = 385 \text{ ---- B2}$

[Condition: largest possible value between 300 – 400]

*Answer* ..... [2]

- 3 (a) Simplify  $y^0 + 9x^{-2} \times x^7$ .

$$y^0 + 9x^{-2} \times x^7 = 1 \times \frac{x^2}{9} \times x^7 \text{ ---- M1}$$

$$= \frac{x^9}{9} \text{ ---- A1}$$

*Answer* ..... [2]

- (b) Simplify  $(81a^2)^{\frac{5}{4}}$ .

$$(81a^2)^{\frac{5}{4}} = (\sqrt[4]{81})^5 \times a^{12 \times \frac{5}{4}}$$

$$= 243a^{15} \text{ ---- B1}$$

*Answer* ..... [1]

- 4 (a) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form  $\frac{18b^7}{5c^2} \div \frac{3b^4}{81}$ .

$$\frac{18b^7}{5c^2} \div \frac{3b^4}{81} = \frac{18b^7}{5c^2} \times \frac{81}{3b^4}$$

$$= \frac{486b^3}{5c^2} \text{ --- [M1 for } \frac{486}{5}, \text{ A1 for full answer]}$$

*Answer* ..... [2]

- (b) Use the laws of indices to show that  $6^4 \times 100 + 116 \times 36^2$  can be expressed as a single power of six.

*Answer*

$$6^4 \times 100 + 116 \times 36^2 = 6^4 \times 100 + 116 \times 6^4$$

$$= 6^4 [100 + 116] \text{ ---- M1}$$

$$= 6^4 \times 216$$

$$= 6^7 \text{ ---- A1 (shown)}$$

- 5 In a greenhouse, the estimated number of flowering plants increased from 4100 in January 2024 to 4980 in June 2024. The number increased by  $c\%$  every month.

Find the value of  $c$ .

$$4980 = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

$$4980 = 4100(1 + 0.01c)^5 \quad \text{--- M1}$$

$$\sqrt[5]{\frac{249}{205}} = 1 + 0.01c$$

$$c = \frac{\sqrt[5]{249} - 1}{0.01} \quad \text{--- M1}$$

$$= 3.965 \approx 3.97 \quad (3 \text{s.f.}) \quad \text{--- A1}$$

Answer  $c = \dots \dots \dots [3]$

- 6 Kyle runs a tennis club. 54 of the members are adults and 31 are children. His aim is that at least 60% the members should be children. Form an inequality to find the smallest number of children that Kyle would still need to recruit achieve his aim.

Let  $c$  be the no. of children needed to join the club.

- His aim is that at least 60% the members should be children.  
Form an inequality to find the smallest number of children that Kyle would still need to recruit achieve his aim.
- (b) By rounding the numbers correct to 1 significant figure, find an estimate of the distance travelled by the car. Show your working clearly.

$$\text{Distance} = 74.5 \times 2.25 = 70 \times 2 \quad \text{--- M1} \quad (\text{must show rounding to 1 s.f. each})$$

$$\approx 140 \text{ km} \quad \text{--- A1}$$

Answer  $\dots \dots \dots \text{km} [2]$

- (c) Without doing any calculation, explain why the actual distance travelled by the car is greater than the answer to (b).

Answer  $\dots \dots \dots [1]$

Both the average speed and time is greater than the 1 significant figure rounded values of speed and time respectively. Thus, the actual distance travelled is greater than the answer in part (b).

--- B1

$$\frac{31+c}{54+31+c} \geq 60\% \quad \text{--- M1} \quad (\text{forms inequality})$$

$$31+c \geq 0.6(85+c)$$

$$31+c \geq 51+0.6c$$

$$c-0.6c \geq 20 \quad \text{--- M1} \quad (\text{isolate unknown})$$

$$0.4c \geq 20$$

$$c \geq 50$$

$$\therefore \text{Smallest number} = 50 \quad \text{--- A1}$$

7 A car travels at an average speed of 74.5 km/h for 2.25 hours.

- (a) Convert 75 km/h to m/s.

$$\frac{75000}{3600} = 20 \frac{5}{6} = 20.8 \text{ m/s} \quad \text{--- B1} \quad (\text{Accept either 1 form})$$

Answer  $\dots \dots \dots \text{m/s} [1]$

- (b) By rounding the numbers correct to 1 significant figure, find an estimate of the distance travelled by the car. Show your working clearly.

$$\text{Distance} = 74.5 \times 2.25 = 70 \times 2 \quad \text{--- M1} \quad (\text{must show rounding to 1 s.f. each})$$

Answer  $\dots \dots \dots \text{km} [2]$

- 8 Isha has written down five numbers. The mean of these numbers is 13.2, the median is 12 and the mode is 7. The largest number is three times the smallest number. Find the five numbers in ascending order.

Smallest	Median	Largest
Mean = 13.2		
$\frac{\text{Sum}}{5} = 13.2$		
$\text{Sum} = 66$ , so $y = 19$ .		

Answer  $\dots \dots \dots \text{children} [3]$

(b) Factorise completely

(a)  $2p^4 - 32s^4$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 2p^4 - 32s^4 &= 2[(p^2)^2 - (4s^2)^2] \quad \text{--- M1 [factorise by HCF]} \\
 &= 2[(p^2 + 4s^2)(p^2 - 4s^2)] \quad \text{--- M1 [factorise by } a^2 - b^2] \\
 &= 2[(p^2 + 4s^2)(p + 2s)(p - 2s)] \quad \text{--- A1 [factorise by } a^2 - b^2 \text{ again]}
 \end{aligned}$$

*Answer* ..... [3]

(b)  $12cd - 9cx + 6cy - 8dy$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 3c(4d - 3x) + 2y(3x - 4d) \\
 = 3c(4d - 3x) - 2y(4d - 3x) \quad \text{--- M1 [Factorise out -ve sign]} \\
 = (3c - 2y)(4d - 3x) \quad \text{--- A1}
 \end{aligned}$$

*Answer* ..... [2]10 (a) Express  $9 - 8x + x^2$  in the form  $a + (x+b)^2$ . Find the value of  $a$  and of  $b$ .

$$9 - 8x + x^2 = (x-4)^2 + 9 - 16 = -7 + (x-4)^2$$

$a = -7 \quad \text{--- Bl}, \quad b = -4 \quad \text{--- Bl}$

*Answer*  $a = \dots \dots \dots$  [1]

$b = \dots \dots \dots \quad \text{[1]}$

(b) Explain why when  $x = 4$ , the expression  $9 - 8x + x^2$  has its minimum value.*Answer* [1]

For any perfect square, the smallest value is always equal to zero or greater than zero.

When  $x = 4$ ,  $(x-4)^2 = 0$  thus,  $(x-4)^2 - 7 = -7 < 0$  and the coefficient of  $x^2$  is positive, implying that the quadratic expression will have a minimum value at  $x = 4$ . ----- B111 Solve the equation  $5 + 2x = \frac{20}{1+x}$ .

$$5 + 2x = \frac{20}{1+x}$$

$$5 + 5x + 2x + 2x^2 = 20$$

$$2x^2 + 7x - 15 = 0 \quad \text{--- M1}$$

$$(2x-3)(x+5) = 0 \quad \text{--- M1}$$

$$x = 1.5 \quad \text{or} \quad x = -5 \quad \text{--- A1} \quad [\text{BOTH ans correct}]$$

*Answer*  $x = \dots \dots \dots \text{ or } \dots \dots \dots$  [3]12 The points  $(4, 20)$  and  $(10, -4)$  satisfy the curve given by the equation  $y = ax^2 + bx - 4$ .Use an algebraic method to determine the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 20 &= a(4)^2 + b(4) - 4 & -4 &= a(10)^2 + b(10) - 4 \\
 24 &= 16a + 4b & -4 &= 100a + 10b - 4 \\
 6 &= 4a + b \quad \text{--- Eqn(1)} & 100a + 10b &= 4 \\
 6 &= 4a + b & 10a + b &= 0 \quad \text{--- Eqn(2)} \quad \text{--- M1 [any 1 eqn correct]}
 \end{aligned}$$

\*Solve by either elimination or substitution --- Award M1

$a = -1, \quad b = 10 \quad \text{--- A2}$

*Answer*  $a = \dots \dots \dots$  [1]

$b = \dots \dots \dots \quad \text{[1]}$

*Answer*  $a = \dots \dots \dots, b = \dots \dots \dots$  [4]



- 15 In a regular polygon, the ratio of an interior angle : exterior angle = 14 : 1.

(a) Find the number of sides of the polygon.

$$\begin{aligned} 15 \text{ units} & \cdots \cdots \cdots 180^\circ \\ 1 \text{ unit} & \cdots \cdots 12^\circ \quad \text{--- M1} \end{aligned}$$

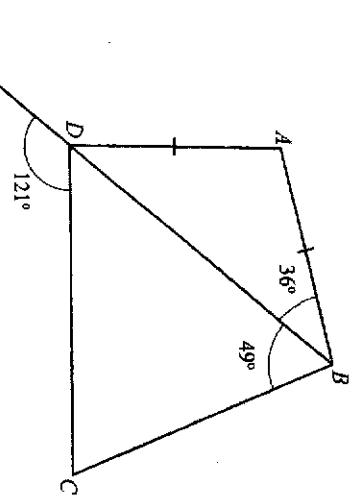
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sum of exterior angles} &= 360^\circ \\ \text{No. of sides} &= \frac{360^\circ}{12} \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= 30 \text{ sides} \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

*Answer* ..... Sides [3]

- (b) Find the sum of the interior angles of the polygon.

$$\text{Sum of interior angles} = (n-2)180^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{No. of sides} &= (30-2)180^\circ \\ &= 5040^\circ \quad \text{--- A1 (ECF)} \end{aligned}$$



- 16 In the diagram,  $BDK$  is a straight line and  $AB = AD$ .  
Angle  $ABD = 36^\circ$ , angle  $CBD = 49^\circ$  and angle  $CDK = 121^\circ$ .

If a circle can pass through all points  $A, B, C$  and  $D$ , then

Explain why it is possible to draw a circle that passes through the points  $A, B, C$  and  $D$ .  
Give reasons for each step of your working.

*Answer* ..... [3]

If a circle can pass through all points  $A, B, C$  and  $D$ , then  
Angle  $DAB + Angle DCB = 180^\circ$  (angles in opp. segment)

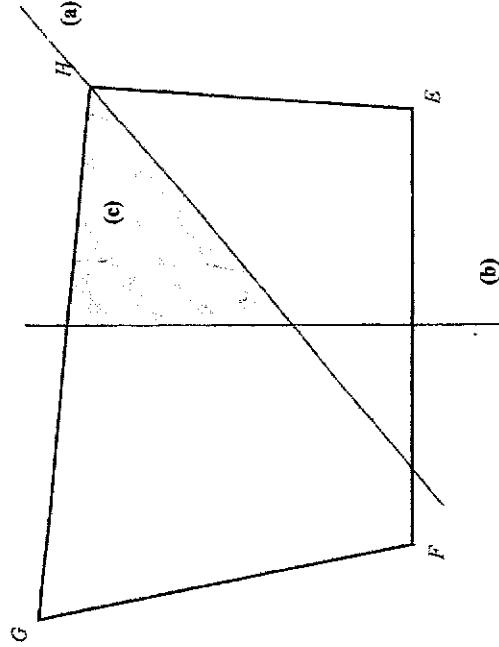
**CHECK:**

$$\begin{aligned} \angle ADB &= \angle ABD = 36^\circ \quad (\text{isos. } \Delta) \\ \angle DAB &= 180^\circ - 36^\circ - 36^\circ = 108^\circ \quad (\text{sum of angles in } \Delta) \quad \text{--- M1} \\ \angle BDC &= 180^\circ - 121^\circ = 59^\circ \quad (\text{adj. angles on str. line}) \\ \angle DCB &= 180^\circ - 59^\circ - 49^\circ = 72^\circ \quad (\text{sum of angles in } \Delta) \quad \text{--- M1} \\ \therefore \angle DAB + \angle DCB &= 108^\circ + 72^\circ = 180^\circ \\ (\text{angles in opp. segment}) &\cdots \cdots \cdots \text{A1} \end{aligned}$$

Since the above two angles add up to  $180^\circ$ , it means that it will be possible to draw a circle that passes through all points  $A, B, C$  and  $D$ .

\*\*Any step without/ supported with incorrect reason more than once, DEDUCT 1 mark from overall point score for Q16.

- 17 The diagram represents a plot of land,  $EFGH$ , which is to be used for an observatory.



- (a) Construct the bisector of the angle  $EHG$ .  
 (b) Construct the perpendicular bisector  $EE'$ .

- (c) A café is to be built in the observatory, nearer to  $E$  than to  $F$  and nearer to  $GH$  than to  $EH$ .

Shade the region where the café is to be built.

[1]

**GUIDANCE:**

\*\* Must show construction arcs clearly for both parts (i) and (ii) to award B1 mark EACH.

\*\* If parts (i) and/or (ii) wrong, but able to shade based on descriptions, award A1 (ECF).

- 18 (a) A cargo ship has an average fuel consumption of 0.000 892 kilometres per litre.  
 Write this consumption in litres per kilometre.

$$\begin{aligned} 0.000\text{892 km} &\rightarrow 1l \\ 1\text{ km} &\rightarrow \frac{1}{0.000\text{892}} \\ &= 1121.076 \\ &= 1120l \quad (\text{3 s.f.}) \quad \text{--- B1} \end{aligned}$$

Answer ..... l/km [1]

- (b) A model of another cargo ship is made to a scale of 1 : 60.

The length of this model cargo ship is 550 cm.

- (i) Find the actual length of this cargo ship in metres.

$$\begin{aligned} 1\text{ cm} &: 0.6\text{ m} \\ 550\text{ cm} &: 330\text{ m} \quad \text{--- B1} \end{aligned}$$

Answer ..... m [1]

- The capacity of the fuel tanks in the model cargo ship is 7.75 litres.

- (ii) Find the actual capacity of the fuel tanks of the cargo ship.

Express your answer in standard form.

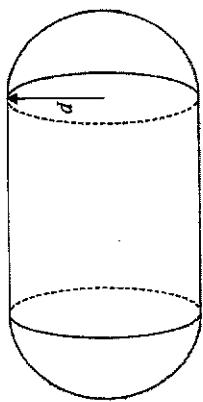
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{V_1}{V_2} &= \left(\frac{l_1}{l_2}\right)^3 \\ \frac{7.75}{V_{\text{ship}}} &= \left(\frac{1}{60}\right)^3 \quad \text{--- M1} \\ V_{\text{ship}} &= 1.674 \times 10^6 l \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

Answer ..... l [2]

1

The cylinder has radius  $p$  and length  $2p$ , while the hemispheres have radius  $p$ . A composite solid is made from a cylinder and two hemispheres.

The cylinder has radius  $p$  and length  $2p$ , while the hemispheres have radius  $p$ . A composite solid is made from a cylinder and two hemispheres.



The total surface area of the solid is six times the total surface area of a cone with radius  $p$  and slant height  $l$ .

Since cone is a SOLID [i.e. closed] cone

$$4\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh = 6(\pi pl + \pi p^2) \quad \text{--- } M1 \text{ [forms equation to connect S.A.]}$$

$$8\pi p^2 - 6\pi p^2 = 6\pi pl \quad \text{--- } M1 \text{ [isolate } l \text{ term]}$$

$$=\frac{1}{6\pi p}$$

So in 1 hour, both will finish 2.9 panels ----- M1

With 2 people,  
 2.9 panels → 1 h  
 21 panels →  $\frac{21}{2.9}$  --- M1 [ECF]  
 $= 7.241379$  h = 7h 14min --- A

\*ALTERNATIVE acceptable answer

- Accept also rounded value of  $7\text{h } 15\text{ min}$ , since some students considered that the work can only be completed after  $7\text{h } 14\text{ min } 29\text{ sec}$ .

*Answer*       $I = \dots\dots\dots\dots\dots$  [3]

2024\_4-G3 / 5-G2\_PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION\_MATHEMATICS\_PAPER 1

Gino and Danish work together to paint a total of 21 panels.

Gino and Danish work together to paint a total of 21 panels

If they continue to paint at the same rate, how long will it take them to paint 21 panels? Give your answer in hours and minutes, correct to the nearest minute.

For Gino,  
4 h → 6 panels  
1 h → 1.5 panels

For Danish,  
 $5\text{ h} \rightarrow 7$  panels  
 $1\text{ h} \rightarrow 1.4$  panels

*Answer* ..... h ..... min [3]

17

- 21 A fitness centre has 16 employees.  
One of the 16 employees is selected at random.

The probability that it is a woman working part time is  $\frac{1}{8}$ .  
Two of the 16 employees are selected at random.

The probability that they are both men working full time is  $\frac{1}{8}$ .

Complete the table of information below about the 16 employees of the fitness centre.  
Show all supporting calculations clearly.

*Answer*

[4]

	Part-time employees	Full-time employees
Women	$a = 2 \text{ ---- B1}$	5
Men	3 ---- B1	$b = 6 \text{ ---- A1}$

- 22 A librarian wants to find out how much time patrons spend at the library in a week.  
He uses the questionnaire.

How many hours do you spend at our library in a week (including weekends)? [4]  
Please tick one box.

List two ways to improve the questionnaire.

*Answer*

\*Award full marks for any 2 logical improvements for questionnaire.

$$\frac{a}{16} = \frac{1}{8} \Rightarrow a = 2$$

$$P(\text{both men full time}) = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{b}{16} \times \frac{b-1}{15} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$b^2 - b - 30 = 0$$

$$(b-6)(b+5) = 0 \quad \dots \text{--- M1}$$

$$b = 6 \quad \text{or} \quad b = -5 \text{ (N.A.)}$$

#### List of possible suggestions

- The 3<sup>rd</sup> option has a duration of 2 hours resulting in the options, which is different from the other options. Each option to contain a duration that is consistent.
  - The options are not continuous, as there are no options for patrons who may spend 2-3 hours or 4-5 hours. Options can be rephrased in the idea of inequality. E.g. Less than 2 hours, 2 or more hours but less than 3 hours.
  - Add in the option of 0 – 1 hour as there may be patrons who spend lesser than 1 hour.
  - Rephrase the question to:
- On average, how many hours do you spend at our library in a week (including weekends)?*
- This would make the question more accurately phrased as patrons do not always spend the same amount of time in the library during every visit.

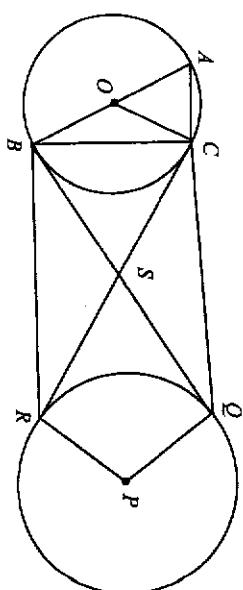
- 23  $K$  is the point  $(7, -8)$  and  $L$  is the point  $(x, y)$ .  
 The gradient of the line  $KL$  is  $\frac{2}{3}$ .

Maverick claims that it is possible to express  $x$  in terms of  $y$ , such that  $x = a + by$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants.

Explain why Maverick is correct.  
*AOB* is a straight line.

*Answer*

[2]



$$\text{Gradient } KL = \frac{y - (-8)}{x - 7}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{y + 8}{x - 7}$$

$$2x - 14 = 3y + 24 \quad \text{--- M1}$$

$$x = \frac{3y + 38}{2}$$

$$x = 19 + \frac{3}{2}y \quad \text{--- A1}$$

We see that it is possible to express the equation in the form  $x = a + by$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants. Thus, he is correct.

- 24  $A, B$  and  $C$  are points on the circle with centre  $O$ .  
 $Q$  and  $R$  are points on the circle with centre  $P$ .  
 $CSR$  and  $BSQ$  are tangents on to both circles.

$AOB$  is a straight line.

- (a) Show that triangle  $CQS$  is congruent to triangle  $BRS$ .  
 Give a reason for each statement you make.

*Answer*

[3]

Since  $CSR$  and  $BSQ$  are tangents on both circles, applying the property of tangents from external points,  $CS = BS$  and  $QS = RS$ .  $\text{M1}$

$$\angle CSQ = \angle BSR \quad (\text{vert. opp. } \angle\text{s}) \quad \text{M1}$$

$$\text{By SAS property, } \triangle CQS \cong \triangle BRS \quad \text{A1}$$

\*\*\*Any missing reason, deduct 1 mark from overall mark scored for Q19.

24 (b) Angle  $ABC = y^\circ$

Find, in terms of  $y$ ,

(i) angle  $BAC$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}\angle ACB &= 90^\circ \quad (\text{angle in semicircle}) \\ \angle BAC &= 180^\circ - 90^\circ - y^\circ \quad (\text{angle sum of triangle}) \\ &= (90 - y)^\circ \quad \text{--- B1}\end{aligned}$$

Answer ..... [1]

(ii) angle  $QPR$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\angle OCS &= \angle OBS = 90^\circ \quad (\tan \perp \text{rad.}) \\ \angle PSR &= \angle PQS = 90^\circ \quad (\tan \perp \text{rad.}) \\ \angle CSB &= \angle RSQ \quad (\text{vert. opp. } \angle s) \\ \text{Quad. } PQRS &\text{ similar to Quad. } OBSC \\ \angle OCB &= \angle OBC = y^\circ \quad (\text{isos } \Delta) \\ \angle QPR &= \angle BOC = (180 - 2y)^\circ \quad \text{--- A1}\end{aligned}$$

\*ALTERNATIVE acceptable answer.

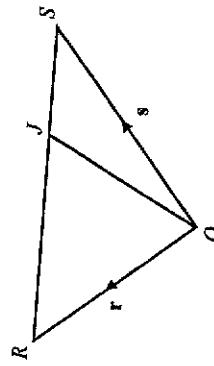
- $\angle BOC = (180 - 2y)^\circ \quad \text{--- B1}$
- Award next B1 mark for any correct supporting explanation to arrive at above answer.

Answer ..... [2]

25  $ORS$  is a triangle.

$J$  is a point on  $RS$  such that  $RJ : JS = 3 : 2$ .

$$\overline{OR} = \mathbf{r} \text{ and } \overline{OS} = \mathbf{s}.$$



[2]

(a) Show that  $\overline{OJ} = \frac{1}{5}(2\mathbf{r} + 3\mathbf{s})$ .

Answer

$$\begin{aligned}\overline{RS} &= -\mathbf{r} + \mathbf{s} \quad \text{--- M1} \\ \overline{OJ} &= \overline{OR} + \overline{RJ} \\ &= \mathbf{r} + \frac{3}{5}\overline{RS} \\ &= \mathbf{r} + \frac{3}{5}(\mathbf{s} - \mathbf{r}) \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= \frac{2}{5}\mathbf{r} + \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{s} = \frac{1}{5}(2\mathbf{r} + 3\mathbf{s}) \quad (\text{shown})\end{aligned}$$

[2]

(b)  $X$  is a point such that  $\overline{RX} = \frac{1}{5}(\mathbf{r} + 9\mathbf{s})$ .

Explain why  $O, J$  and  $X$  lie on a straight line.

Answer

$$\begin{aligned}\overline{RX} &= \frac{1}{5}(\mathbf{r} + 9\mathbf{s}) \\ \overline{OX} - \overline{OR} &= \frac{1}{5}\mathbf{r} + \frac{9}{5}\mathbf{s} \\ \overline{OX} &= \frac{1}{5}\mathbf{r} + \frac{9}{5}\mathbf{s} + \mathbf{r} \\ &= \frac{6}{5}\mathbf{r} + \frac{9}{5}\mathbf{s} \\ \overline{OX} &= 3\left[\frac{2}{5}\mathbf{r} + \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{s}\right] \quad \text{--- M1} \\ \overline{OX} &= 3\overline{OJ}\end{aligned}$$

Since the vectors  $\overline{OX}$  and  $\overline{OJ}$  differ by a constant of 3 and have a common point  $O$ , it means that the vectors are parallel.  
This further implies that  $OX$  and  $OJ$  are parallel lines. --- A1

Thus, the points  $O, J$  and  $X$  lie on the same straight line.

~ END OF PAPER ~



**HUA YI SECONDARY SCHOOL  
PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2024**

**4-G3 /  
5-G2**



NAME \_\_\_\_\_

INDEX NUMBER 


**MATHEMATICS  
PAPER 2**

19 August 2024

2 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

# MARKING SCHEME

For Examiner's Use	90
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NAME \_\_\_\_\_

CLASS \_\_\_\_\_

**MATHEMATICS  
PAPER 2**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

*Mathematical Formulae*

*Compound interest*

$$\text{Total Amount} = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

*Mensuration*

Curved surface area of a cone =  $\pi r l$

Surface area of a sphere =  $4\pi r^2$

$$\text{Volume of a cone} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Volume of a sphere} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\text{Area of triangle } ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

Arc length =  $r\theta$ , where  $\theta$  is in radians

$$\text{Sector area} = \frac{1}{2}r^2\theta, \text{ where } \theta \text{ is in radians}$$

*Trigonometry*

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

*Statistics*

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f_i x_i^2}{\sum f_i} - \left( \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i} \right)^2}$$

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Setter: Ms Jasmine Tan

- 1 (a) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form  $\frac{2}{7-3x} - \frac{1}{6-x}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{7-3x} - \frac{1}{6-x} = \frac{2(6-x)-(7-3x)}{(6-x)(7-3x)} \\ &= \frac{12-2x-7+3x}{(6-x)(7-3x)} \quad \text{--- M1 [expand numerator correctly]} \\ &= \frac{5+x}{(6-x)(7-3x)} \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

Answer ..... [2]

- (b) It is given that  $v = \frac{3-5w}{w+2} + 9$ .

- (i) Find  $v$  when  $w = -6$ .

$$v = \frac{3-5(-6)}{-6+2} + 9 = \frac{3}{4} \quad \text{or} \quad 0.75 \quad \text{--- B1}$$

Answer ..... [1]

- (ii) Rearrange the formula to make  $w$  the subject.

$$\begin{aligned} v &= \frac{3-5w}{w+2} + 9 \\ (w+2)(v-9) &= 3-5w \quad \text{--- M1 [remove bases]} \\ wv-9w+2v-18 &= 3-5w \\ wv-4w &= 21-2v \quad \text{--- A1 [group } w\text{-terms on 1 side]} \\ w &= \frac{21-2v}{v-4} \\ &= \frac{21-2v}{4-v} \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(c)} \quad \text{Solve the equation } \frac{5}{x-2} - \frac{3}{x^2-4} = \frac{1}{7}. \\ \text{Give your solutions correct to two decimal places.} \\ \frac{5}{x-2} - \frac{3}{x^2-4} &= \frac{1}{7} \\ \frac{5(x+2)-3}{(x+2)(x-2)} &= \frac{1}{7} \quad \text{--- M1 [puts to common base]} \\ 7(5x+10-3) &= x^2-4 \\ x^2-35x-53 &= 0 \quad \text{--- M1 [simplifies accurately quad. eqn.]} \\ x &= \frac{-(-35) \pm \sqrt{(-35)^2 - 4(1)(-53)}}{2(1)} \quad \text{--- M1} \\ x &= -1.45389 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 36.45389 \end{aligned}$$

$x = -1.45$  --- A1 or  $x = 36.45$  --- A1 [accept 2 d.p. only]

Answer ..... [3]

- 2 C is the point (-9,1) and D is the point (7,4).

$$\overrightarrow{CE} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) Calculate the length of the line CD.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Length } CD &= \sqrt{(-9-7)^2 + (1-4)^2} \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= \sqrt{265} = 16.3 \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

Answer ..... units [2]

- (b) Determine the coordinates of point E.

$$\begin{aligned} \overrightarrow{CE} &= \overrightarrow{OE} - \overrightarrow{OC} \\ \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} &+ \begin{pmatrix} -9 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \overrightarrow{OE} \\ \therefore E(-11,9) &\quad \text{--- B1} \end{aligned}$$

Answer E(.....,.....) [1]

- (c) Find the equation of the line DE.

Leave your answer in the form  $ax+by=c$ , where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are constants.

$$\text{Gradient } DE = \frac{4-9}{7-(-11)} = -\frac{5}{18} \quad \text{--- M1 (ECF)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -\frac{5}{18}x + c \\ \text{Subst. } D(7,4) \\ c &= \frac{107}{18} \quad \text{--- M1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{So, equation of line } DE: \quad \frac{5}{18}x + y &= \frac{107}{18} \\ 5x + 18y &= 107 \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

- 3 (a) The first four terms of a sequence are  $5, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{9}, \frac{17}{16}$ . Answer ..... [3]

- (i) State the fifth term of the sequence.

$$\begin{aligned} 5^{\text{th}} \text{ term} &= \frac{21}{25} \quad \text{--- B1} \end{aligned}$$

Answer ..... [1]

- (ii) Find an expression, in terms of  $n$ , for the  $n^{\text{th}}$  term,  $T_n$ , of this sequence.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rule for numerator} &= 4n+1 \\ \text{Rule for base} &= n^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_n = \frac{4n+1}{n^2} \quad \text{--- B1}$$

Answer  $T_n = \dots \dots \dots$  [2]

- (b) Elijah finds a number grid from his board game.

The diagram shows part of a number grid.

A rectangle outlining four numbers, as shown, can be placed anywhere on the grid.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	32	33	34	35
36	37	38	39	40	41	42

- (i) If  $p$  represents the number in the top right corner of the rectangle, write down an expression, in terms of  $p$ , for the number in the bottom left corner of the rectangle.
- She puts 35% of the remainder into a savings account.

$$p+6 \quad \text{--- M1}$$

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (ii) Show that the difference between the products of the numbers in the opposite corners of the rectangle is always  $-7$ .

*Answer*

$$(p-1)(p+7) - p(p+6) \quad \text{--- M1} \quad [\text{from BOTH set of products, take difference}]$$

$$= p^2 + 7p - p^2 - 6p \quad \text{--- A1} \quad [\text{expand all terms correctly}]$$

$$= -7 \quad (\text{shown})$$

.....

- (iii) Elijah says it is impossible for the sum of the four numbers in the rectangle to be 199.

Justify with relevant working, why he is correct.

*Answer*

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sum} &= p-1+p+p+6+p+7 \\ &= 4p+12 \quad \text{--- M1} \quad [\text{simplified sum correctly}] \end{aligned}$$

If sum = 199, then we must see that  $p$  is an integer.

$$\begin{aligned} 4p+12 &= 199 \\ 4p &= 187 \quad \text{--- M1} \quad [\text{isolated } p\text{-term}] \\ p &= 46.75 \end{aligned}$$

From above, we see that  $p$  is not an integer, so 199 cannot be the sum of four numbers on the grid. --- A1 (attempt to explain and make relation to the workings)

- 4 (a) Sophie earns a monthly salary of \$6875.

She gives 15% of this amount to her parents.

She puts 35% of the remainder into a savings account.

Calculate the amount she has left after giving to her parents and putting into her savings account. Leave your answer correct to the nearest dollar.

Amount given to parents =  $15\% \times 6875 = \$1031.25$   
 Amount left after giving parents =  $\$5843.75$

[2]

Amount put into her savings =  $35\% \times 5843.75 = \$2045.3125 \quad \text{--- M1}$

Amount left after giving parents and paid to savings

$$\begin{aligned} 5843.75 - 2045.3125 &= 3798.4375 \\ &= \$3798 \quad (\text{nearest dollar}) \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

*Answer* \$ .....

[3]

- (b) The cash price of a sofa is \$830.

Sophie buys this sofa on credit.

She pays a deposit of one quarter of the cash price.

She then pays 3 monthly payments of \$260.

Calculate the total amount Sophie pays for the sofa.

Total amount for sofa

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left(\frac{1}{4} \times 830\right) + (3 \times 260) \quad \text{--- M1} \quad [\text{both sets of computation to be shown}] \\ &= \$987.50 \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

9

- (c) Sophie pays a monthly rent of \$3174.20.

This is 18% more than her monthly rent last year.

Calculate her monthly rent last year.

$$\begin{aligned} 118\% &\rightarrow \$3174.20 \\ 100\% &\rightarrow \frac{100}{118} \times 3174.20 \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= \$2690 \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

- (d) During her vacation, Sophie visits her friend in Wellington.

Sophie spends NZD 940 in New Zealand using her credit card.

She is charged a 2.6% fee for the currency conversion.

The exchange rate between Singapore dollars (SGD) and New Zealand dollars (NZD) is SGD 100 = NZD 120.7206.

Calculate the total amount on Sophie's credit card bill, including the fee.

Give your answer in Singapore dollars, correct to the nearest cent.

*Answer*      \$ ..... [2]

*Answer*      SGD ..... [3]

5

*Answer*

This is 18% more than her monthly rent last year.

Calculate her monthly rent last year.

$$\begin{aligned} 118\% &\rightarrow \$3174.20 \\ 100\% &\rightarrow \frac{100}{118} \times 3174.20 \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= \$2690 \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

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Calculate the total amount on Sophie's credit card bill, including the fee.

Give your answer in Singapore dollars, correct to the nearest cent.

NZD	SGD
120.7206	100
940	$\frac{100}{120.7206} \times 940 = 778.657\ 495 \quad \text{--- M1}$

Total amount on credit card bill

$$\begin{aligned} &= 102.6\% \times 778.657\ 495 \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= \$GD\ 798.90 \quad (\text{nearest cent}) \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Bearing of } D \text{ from } B &= 360^\circ - \angle ABD - (180^\circ - 151^\circ) \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= 360^\circ - 29.61924^\circ - 29^\circ \\ &= 301.4^\circ \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

10

*Answer*      SGD ..... [3]

This is 18% more than her monthly rent last year.

Calculate her monthly rent last year.

$$\begin{aligned} 118\% &\rightarrow \$3174.20 \\ 100\% &\rightarrow \frac{100}{118} \times 3174.20 \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= \$2690 \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

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Calculate the total amount on Sophie's credit card bill, including the fee.

Give your answer in Singapore dollars, correct to the nearest cent.

- (a) Calculate the bearing of *D* from *B*.

$$\begin{aligned} \angle BAD &\approx 237^\circ - 151^\circ = 86^\circ \\ \frac{\sin \angle ABD}{163} &\approx \frac{\sin 86^\circ}{329} \quad \text{--- M1} \\ \angle ABD &= 29.61924^\circ \end{aligned}$$

Bearing of *D* from *B*

$$\begin{aligned} &= 360^\circ - \angle ABD - (180^\circ - 151^\circ) \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= 360^\circ - 29.61924^\circ - 29^\circ \\ &= 301.4^\circ \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

11

- (b) Calculate the distance from  $B$  to  $C$ .

*Answer* ..... ° [3]

By cosine rule,

$$\begin{aligned} BC^2 &= 152^2 + 329^2 - 2(152)(329)\cos 48^\circ \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= \sqrt{64421 - 23327} \\ &\approx 233.81338 = 234\text{m} \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

*Answer* ..... m [2]

- (c) An aircraft is flying above  $D$ .

Find the angle of elevation of the aircraft from  $C$  when it is 245 m vertically above  $D$ .

Let the angle of elevation be  $\theta$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \tan \theta &= \frac{245}{152} \quad \text{--- M1} \\ \theta &= 58.2^\circ \quad \text{--- A1} \end{aligned}$$

*Answer* ..... ° [2]

- (b) Calculate the area of the shaded region.

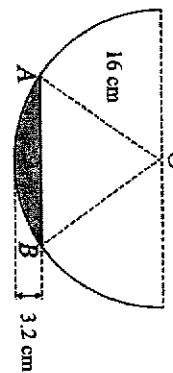
$$\text{Area of sector } OAB = \frac{1}{2} \times 16^2 \times 1.287 = 164.736 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \text{--- M1}$$

$$\text{Area of triangle } OAB = \frac{1}{2} \times 16^2 \times \sin 1.287 = 122.87992 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \text{--- M1}$$

$$\text{Area of shaded segment} = 164.736 - 122.87992 = 41.9 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \text{--- A1}$$

12

- 6 The diagram shows a semicircle, centre  $O$ , radius 16 cm



- (a) Show that angle  $AOP = 1.287$  radians, correct to 3 decimal places.

*Answer* ..... [2]

Since triangle  $OAB$  is isosceles, vertical line from  $O$  to  $AB$  will be perpendicular.

Let this point be  $P$  and  $OP = 16 - 3.2 = 12.8 \text{ cm}$ .

$$\cos \angle AOP = \frac{12.8}{16}$$

$$\angle AOP = 36.86989^\circ = 0.643501 \text{ rad.} \quad \text{--- M1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \angle AOP &= 2 \times 0.643501 \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &\approx 1.287 \text{ rad. (shown)} \end{aligned}$$

[2]

- (e) The semicircle is the cross section of a water trough of length 2.8 m, standing on level ground. *Answer* ..... cm<sup>2</sup> [3]

The shaded area represents the water in the trough.

- (i) Calculate the volume of water, in cm<sup>3</sup>, in the trough.  
Leave your answer in standard form.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume of water} &= \text{Segment area [Part b]} \times \text{length} \\ &= 41.85608 \times 280 \quad \text{--- M2 [M1 conversion, M1 (ECF) expression]} \\ &= 1.17 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^3 \quad (\text{standard form}) \quad \text{--- AI} \end{aligned}$$

**\*Max. mark earned from ECF = 1 ONLY**

*Answer* ..... cm<sup>3</sup> [3]

- (ii) Calculate the number of litres of water that must be added to fill the trough.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume of trough} &= \left( \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 16^2 \times 280 \right) \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= 112594.6897 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

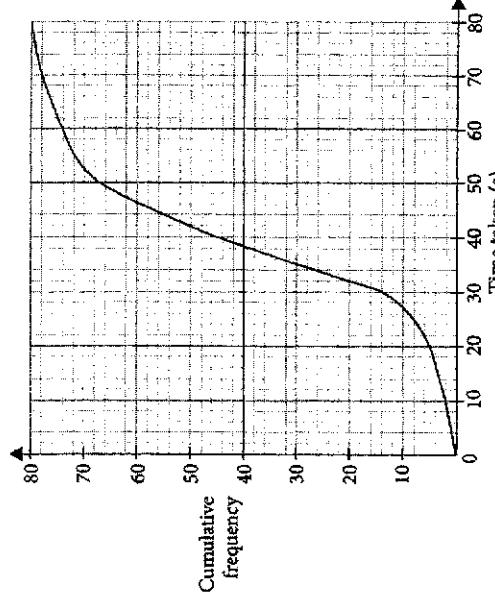
Additional water to be added = Vol of trough - Vol of water already present [part ci]

$$\begin{aligned} &= 112594.6897 - 11719.7024 \quad \text{--- M1 [ECF]} \\ &= 100874.9788 \text{ cm}^3 \\ &= 101 \text{ l} \quad (3 \text{ s.f.}) \quad \text{--- AI} \end{aligned}$$

**\*Max. mark earned from ECF = 1 ONLY**

- 7 A researcher wants to conduct a study to find out if there is a correlation between the analytical skills of adults with age. *Answer* ..... litres [3]

The researcher invited 80 adults to solve a number puzzle.  
The cumulative frequency curve shows the distribution of the time taken.



- (a) Use the curve to estimate

- (i) the median time taken,

Median = 38 or 39 seconds —— B1

*Answer* ..... s [1]

- (ii) the interquartile range of the time taken.

Upper quartile = 46 seconds , Lower quartile ≈ 32 seconds —— M1 (for any 1 correct)

$$\text{IQR} = 46 - 32 = 14 \text{ s} \quad \text{--- AI}$$

- (b) 20% of the adults took more than  $n$  seconds to solve the puzzle.

Find  $n$ .

$$\begin{aligned} P_{80} &= 64^{\text{th}} \text{ term} \quad \text{--- M1} \\ &= 48 \text{ s} \quad \text{--- AI} \end{aligned}$$

- Answer*  $n = \dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots$  [2]

- (c) The frequency distribution of the data for the 80 adults invited to solve the number puzzle is shown in the table.

Time taken, $x$ (seconds)	Frequency
$0 < x \leq 20$	5
$20 < x \leq 40$	40
$40 < x \leq 60$	29
$60 < x \leq 80$	6

Find an estimate of the standard deviation of the time taken by the 80 adults to solve the number puzzle. [2]

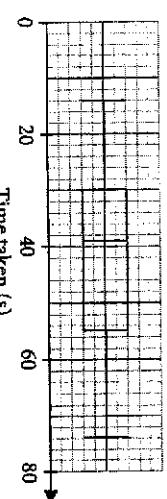
$$\text{Standard deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{5(10)^2 + 40(30)^2 + 29(50)^2 + 6(70)^2}{80} - \left( \frac{5(10) + 40(30) + 29(50) + 6(70)}{80} \right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{138400}{80} - \left( \frac{3120}{80} \right)^2} \quad \text{--- M1}$$

$$= 14.4568 = 14.5 \quad \text{--- A1}$$

*Answer* ..... s [2]

- (d) The same group of adults were each given a word puzzle to solve. The box-and-whisker plot shows the distribution of the time taken.



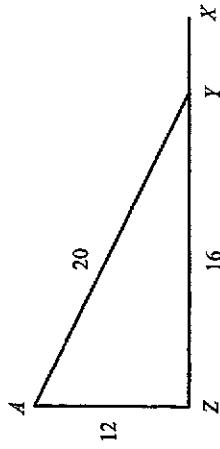
Make two comparisons between the performances of the adults in solving the two puzzles. [2]

Answer	Median	IQR
Word Puzzle (Box Plot)	39 s	25 s
Number Puzzle (From earlier)	38 or 39 s	14 s

- There was no significant difference in the average performance of the adults when solving for word and number puzzles. The median values were about the same (or equal). — A1
- Comparing the interquartile range, the adults had a greater spread of timings (i.e. less consistency) when doing word puzzles as the IQR value was higher. — A1

\*\*Max. ECF mark: 1 ONLY

- 8 In the diagram,  $XYZ$  is a straight line.  
 $AZ = 20 \text{ m}$ ,  $AZ = 12 \text{ m}$  and  $YZ = 16 \text{ m}$ .  
The ratio of  $XY : YZ$  is  $1 : 4$ .



- (a) Prove that triangle  $AYZ$  is right-angled.

*Answer*

$$AY^2 = 20^2 = 400$$

$$AZ^2 + YZ^2 = 12^2 + 16^2 = 400 \quad \text{--- M1 [BOTH correct]}$$

Since  $AY^2 = AZ^2 + YZ^2$ , by converse of Pythagoras' Theorem triangle  $AYZ$  is right-angled. [proven]  $\quad \text{--- A1}$

- (b) Find the value of  $\cos \angle AYX$ , giving your answer as a fraction in its lowest terms.

$$\cos \angle AYX = -\cos \angle AYZ \\ = -\frac{16}{20} = -\frac{4}{5} \quad \text{--- B1}$$

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (c) The area of triangle  $AYX$  is  $24 \text{ m}^2$ .

Lenard says: In another triangle  $AYW$ , whereby the length  $YW = YX$  and its area is the same as that of triangle  $AYX$ , it is possible for angle  $Y$  to be acute.

Explain why Lenard is correct. Use calculations to support your answer.

*Answer*

$$0.5 \times AZ \times YX = 24 \\ YX = (24 \times 2) \div 12 = 4 \\ \text{Then, } 0.5 \times 4 \times 20 \sin \angle AYW = 24 \\ \angle AYW = 36.9^\circ \quad (1 \text{ d.p.})$$

From above, we see that it is possible to obtain an acute angle for angle  $Y$ , thus Lenard is correct.

- 9 The variables  $x$  and  $y$  are connected by the equation  $y = \frac{x^3}{2} - 5x - 2$ .  
Some corresponding values of  $x$  and  $y$  are given in the table.

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$y$	-0.5	4	2.5	-2	-6.5	$k$	-3.5	10

- (a) Find the value of  $k$ .

$$k = -8 \quad \text{--- B1}$$

- (b) On the grid on page 19, draw the graph of  $y = \frac{x^3}{2} - 5x - 2$  for  $-3 \leq x \leq 4$ .  
*Answer* ..... [1]

- All 8 points correct  $\quad \text{--- B1}$   
• Smooth curve with turning points well-drawn  $\quad \text{--- B1}$

- (c) The equation  $\frac{x^3}{2} - 5x = 7$  has only one solution.

- Answer*  
Explain how this can be deduced from your graph.  
[2]

- To solve the equation, we will look for the intersection point of the curve  $y = \frac{x^3}{2} - 5x - 2$  and the line  $y = 5$ .  $\quad \text{--- B1}$

- Since the graphs will only intersect once, it means that there is only one solution.  $\quad \text{--- B1}$

- \* Student answers to contain the keywords in **BOLD**.  
*Answer*  
[2]

- (d) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the curve at  $(1, -6.5)$ .

\*\* Actual gradient =  $-3.5$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Gradient of tangent} &= \frac{-1.4 + 10.4}{-0.7 - 2.3} \\ &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

- Draw acceptable tangent  $\rightarrow \text{B1}$   
• Calculated tangent lies in acceptable range ( $\text{--- to ---}$ )  $\rightarrow \text{B1}$

- Answer* Gradient = ..... [2]

- (e) (i) On the same grid, draw the line  $y = 4 - x$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 4$ .

$x$	-1	0	4
$y$	5	4	0

- Plot at least 2 correct points  $\rightarrow$  B1
- Draw smooth line  $\rightarrow$  B1

- (ii) Write down the  $x$ -coordinate of the point where this line intersects the curve.

$$x = 3.4 \quad \text{--- B1}$$

Answer  $x = \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$  [1]

- (iii) This value of  $x$  is a solution of the equation  $x^3 + Ax + B = 0$ .

Find the value of  $A$  and the value of  $B$ .

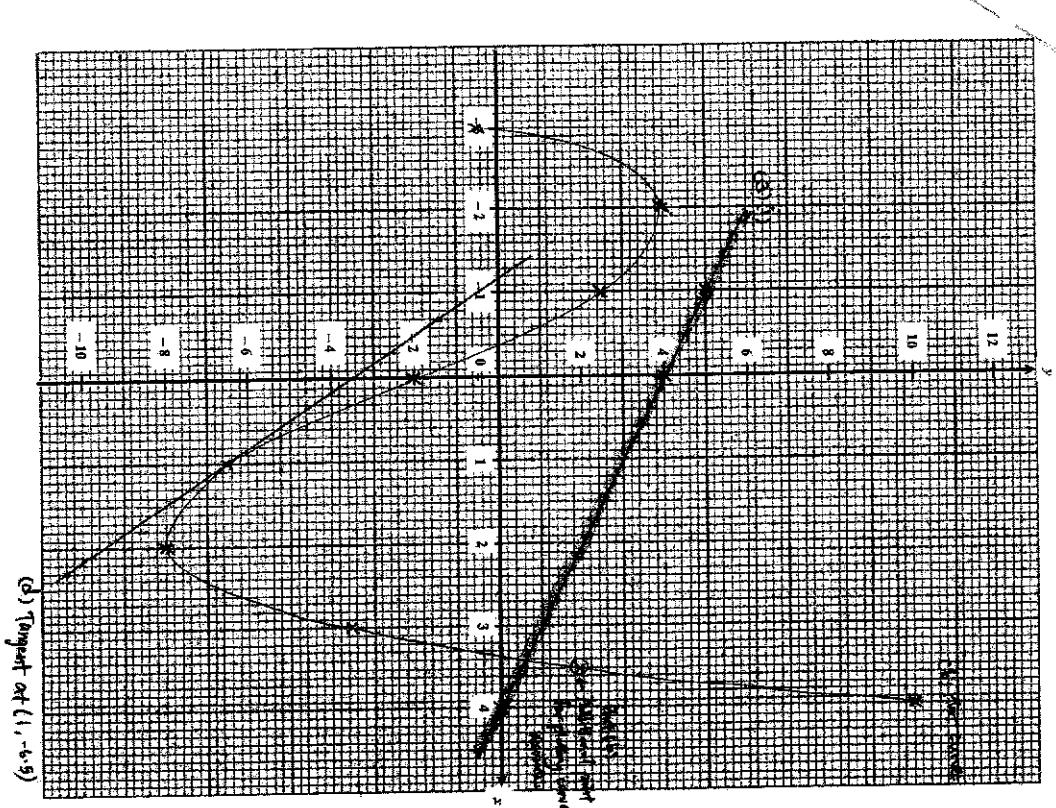
$$4 - x = \frac{x^3}{2} - 5x - 2$$

$$8 - 2x = x^3 - 10x - 4$$

$$x^3 - 8x - 12 = 0$$

$$A = -8 \quad \text{--- B1} \quad \text{or} \quad B = -12 \quad \text{--- B1}$$

Answer  $A = \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots, B = \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$  [2]

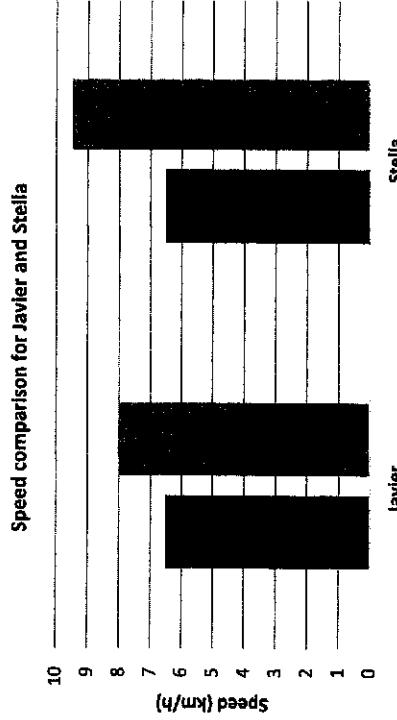


(d) Tangent at  $(1, -6.9)$

- 10 Javier and Stella are planning their exercise routines.

Javier and Stella have a body mass of 70 kg and 60 kg respectively.

The speed for walking and jogging of the two individuals are represented in the chart.



They research the following information about the benefits of exercise.

#### HEALTH ADVICE

For optimal health benefits, adults should do at least 150 minutes of moderate-intensity aerobic activity, or at least 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity aerobic activity per week.  
For additional health benefits, adults should increase their moderate-intensity aerobic activity to 300 minutes per week, or an equivalent combination of moderate-intensity and vigorous-intensity aerobic activity.

1 minute of vigorous-intensity aerobic activity is equivalent to 2 minutes of moderate-intensity aerobic activity.

E.g. 10 minutes of jogging = 20 minutes of brisk walking.

Muscle-strengthening activities should be done on 2 or more days per week.

- Approximate calories burned during 30 minutes of aerobic exercise

	Body mass		
	60 kg	70 kg	80 kg
	90 kg	150	190
Walking 5 km/h	105	120	135
Walking 6.5 km/h	130	150	170
Jogging 8 km/h	240	280	315
Jogging 9.5 km/h	300	345	390
	435		

#### Non-aerobic muscle-strengthening activities:

- ❖ 1 hour of yoga burns approximately 3 calories per kilogram of body mass
- ❖ 1 hour of weight training burns approximately 4 calories per kilogram of body mass

- (a) In their first week of exercise, they each plan to go for four brisk walks.

They will walk the same route each time.

The four walks together meet the minimum target for the time for optimal health benefits in one week.

- (i) Find the distance of one of these walks.

#### \*NOTE:

- In total, 4 walks will take 150 minutes each week for both Javier and Stella.
- Brisk-walking is moderate intensity activity.
- Both Javier and Stella have the same brisk-walking speed (6.5 km/h).

$$\text{Distance of 1 walk} = \frac{16.25}{4} = 4\frac{1}{16} = 4.0625 \text{ km}$$

$$60 \text{ min} \rightarrow 6.5 \text{ km}$$

$$150 \text{ min} \rightarrow \frac{6.5}{4} \times 150 = 16.25 \text{ km}$$

$$60 \text{ min} \rightarrow 6.5 \text{ km}$$

$$150 \text{ min} \rightarrow \frac{6.5}{4} \times 150 = 16.25 \text{ km}$$

Answer ..... km [2]

- (ii) Find out how many more calories Javier burns in these four walks than Stella.

In every 30 minutes, difference in calories burnt =  $150 - 130 = 20$

$$\begin{array}{l} 30 \text{ min} \rightarrow 20 \text{ calories} \\ 150 \text{ min} \rightarrow 100 \text{ calories} \end{array} \quad \text{--- B1}$$

*Answer* ..... calories [1]

- (b) After one month, they change their routines.

Javier wants to gain additional health benefits.

He decides to do a 4 km walk 3 times per week and do a 6 km jog 2 times per week.

He will also attend a 45-minute yoga class 2 times per week.

Stella wants to maintain optimal health benefits.

She decides to do an 8 km jog 2 times per week.

She will also attend a 30-minute weight training session 2 times per week.

Javier says:

*We will both meet our targets for exercise.*

*However, I will burn about 50% more calories than Stella during our exercise per week.*

Is Javier correct?

Justify your decision with clear calculations.

*Answer*

[7]

#### JAVIER (gain additional health benefits)

From <u>Health Advice</u>	From <u>Health Advice</u>	• Yoga plan: 45 min, 2 times per week
• Brisk-walking is moderate-intensity	• Jogging is vigorous-intensity	
• Walk plan: 4 km, 3 times per week	• Jog plan: 6 km, 2 times per week	
Total distance per week = 12 km	Total distance per week = 12 km	From non-aerobic (Pg 21)
Walking speed = 6.5 km/h	8 km → 60 min	Total time per week = 90 min
6.5 km → 60 min	12 km → 90 min	60 min → 3 cal/kg
12 km → $110\frac{10}{13}$ min	Ratio (convert to moderate-intensity)	90 min → 4.5 cal/kg
<i>Award J1 for Javier's walking/ jogging</i>	1 min jog → 2 min walk	From 90 min yoga per week, total calories burnt for 70 kg Javier,
	90 min jog → 180 min walk	$4.5 \times 70 = 315 \text{ cal}^*$
<i>See calorific table</i>	<i>See calorific table</i>	<i>Award JC1** for calories counted correctly overall</i>
30 min → 150 cal	30 min → 280 cal	Overall calories burned
$110\frac{10}{13}$ min → $553\frac{11}{13}$ cal*	$90 \text{ min} \rightarrow 840 \text{ cal}^*$	$553\frac{11}{13} + 840 + 315 = 1709 \text{ cal (nearest int.)}$
<b>❖ Total moderate-intensity time (e.g brisk-walk) = <math>180 + 110\frac{10}{13} = 290\frac{10}{13} \text{ min (&lt; 300 min)}</math></b>		
<i>Award JT 1 for Javier's total time</i>		

STELLA (gain *optimal* health benefits)

<u>From Health Advice</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Weight-training: 30 min, 2 times per week</li> </ul>
• Jogging is vigorous-intensity	
• Job plan: 8 km, 2 times per week	
Total distance per week = 16 km	
Jogging speed = 9.5 km/h	
9.5 km $\rightarrow$ 60 min	
$16 \text{ km} \rightarrow 101\frac{1}{19} \text{ min } (> 75 \text{ min})$	
<u>Award S1 for Stella's jogging time</u>	
	<u>Calories burned</u>
	See calories table
	Overall calories burned
30 min $\rightarrow$ 300 cal	$1010\frac{10}{19} + 240 = 1251 \text{ cal (nearest int.)}$
$101\frac{1}{19} \text{ min} \rightarrow 1010\frac{10}{19} \text{ cal}$	

Comparing % of calories burned for Javier to Stella,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\text{Javier}}{\text{Stella}} \times 100\% &= \frac{1709 - 1251}{1251} \times 100\% \\ &= 37\% \text{ (nearest int.) } (< 50\%) \end{aligned}$$

- ❖ From above, we see that Javier will **only burn 37% more**, not 50% more than Stella.  
 ❖ Comparing the timings, we see that **only Stella will achieve her target to maintain optimal health benefits**. Thus, **Javier is incorrect.**

Award A1 (ECE) accurate conclusion,  
based on calculations

- END OF PAPER -

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