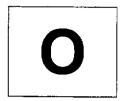


SWISS COTTAGE SECONDARY SCHOOL SECONDARY FOUR AND FIVE PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION



| Name: | (|) | Class: |
|------------------------------------------|---|-----|---------------------|
| MATHEMATICS | | | 4052/01 |
| Paper 1 | | Mon | nday 26 August 2024 |
| Candidates answer on the Question Paper. | | | 2 hours 15 minutes |

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your class, index number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen.
You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Tou may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all the questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 90.

| For Examiner's Use | | |
|--------------------|----|--|
| Section A | 72 | |
| Section B | 18 | |
| Total | 90 | |

This document consists of 22 printed pages and 2 blank pages.

Setter: Mr Ang Hanping Vetter: Mdm Zoe Pow

Turn over

Home of Thoughtful Leaders: Serve with Honour, Lead with Humility

Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Measurement

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Area of triangle
$$ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

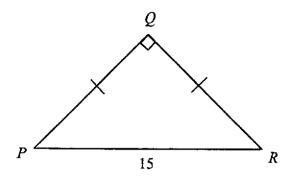
Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

Section A (72 marks) Answer all the questions.

1



In the triangle, PQ = QR, PR = 15 cm and angle $PQR = 90^{\circ}$.

Calculate PQ.

| Answer | PQ = | cn | ı [2] |
|--------|------|----|-------|
|--------|------|----|-------|

- A bag contains 8 red balls, 5 green balls and 7 yellow balls.
 - (a) A ball is chosen at random and then replaced.
 What is the probability that it is not a red ball?

(b) x yellow balls are removed from the bag.

The probability of choosing a green ball is now $\frac{1}{3}$.

Find the value of x.

In 2023, the population in Singapore was 5 920 000, correct to the nearest ten thousand.

The population increased by 4% from 2020 to 2023.

Calculate the population in Singapore in 2020, giving your answer correct to the nearest ten thousand.

| Answer | , | [2] |
|--------|---|-----|

Write as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{2x}{3} - \frac{3(x-2)}{4}$.

5 Simplify
$$\left(\frac{x^3}{27y^6}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}$$
.

| Males 6 | Answer | | | | cm by 20 cm by 15 cm | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|
| Answer | Answer | | a box in the shape of a co | ube to pack the l | blocks such that there is no | empty sp |
| Answer | Answer | | | | | |
| The students in a school participate in exactly one CCA each. The table shows inform the type of CCA which students in a class participate in. Clubs and Society Sports Uniformed Groups Town Males 6 | lents in a school participate in exactly one CCA each. The table shows information of CCA which students in a class participate in. Clubs and Society Sports Uniformed Groups TOTA s 6 es 10 5 3 18 L 16 12 40 | Find the sma | illest possible length of th | e box. | | |
| The students in a school participate in exactly one CCA each. The table shows inform the type of CCA which students in a class participate in. Clubs and Society Sports Uniformed Groups Town Males 6 | lents in a school participate in exactly one CCA each. The table shows information of CCA which students in a class participate in. Clubs and Society Sports Uniformed Groups TOTALS s 6 es 10 5 3 18 L 16 12 40 | | | | | |
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| the type of CCA which students in a class participate in. Clubs and Society Sports Uniformed Groups T Males 6 | Clubs and Society Sports Uniformed Groups TOTA s 6 es 10 5 3 18 L 16 12 40 | | | · | Answer | cn |
| Males 6 | s 6 es 10 5 3 18 L 16 12 40 | | | | | informat |
| Females 10 5 | L 16 12 40 | | CA which students in a c | lass participate i | in. | |
| Tenacs 5 | | the type of C | CA which students in a c | lass participate i | in. | |
| TOTAL 16 12 | | the type of C | CA which students in a c | lass participate i | Uniformed Groups | ТОТА |
| | | Males Females TOTAL | CA which students in a c | Sports 5 12 | Uniformed Groups 3 | TOTA |
| | | Males Females TOTAL | CA which students in a c | Sports 5 12 | Uniformed Groups 3 | TOTA |
| | Answer | Males Females TOTAL | CA which students in a c | Sports 5 12 uniformed group | Uniformed Groups 3 os? | 18 40 |
| | Answer | Males Females TOTAL | CA which students in a c | Sports 5 12 uniformed group | Uniformed Groups 3 os? | 18 40 |
| Answer | | Males Females TOTAL (a) How m | Clubs and Society 6 10 16 any males participate in a | Sports 5 12 uniformed group | Uniformed Groups 3 os? Answer | 18 40 |
| Answer | | Males Females TOTAL (a) How m | Clubs and Society 6 10 16 any males participate in the state of the st | Sports 5 12 uniformed group | Uniformed Groups 3 os? Answer he females. | 18 40 |
| Answer | pie chart is to be drawn showing the data for the females. | Males Females TOTAL (a) How m | Clubs and Society 6 10 16 any males participate in the state of the st | Sports 5 12 uniformed group | Uniformed Groups 3 os? Answer he females. | 18 40 |

| 8 | The mass of Jupiter is approximately 1.90×10^{27} kg. | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | The | mass of Earth is approximately 5.97×10 ²⁴ kg. | | | | | |
| | (a) Giving your answer in standard form, calculate how many times Jupiter's mass is, compared to that of Earth's. | | | | | | |
| | | Answer[1] | | | | | |
| | (b) | Density refers to the mass per unit volume. | | | | | |
| | | Given that the volume of Jupiter is 1.43×10 ²⁴ m ³ and that of Earth's is 1.08×10 ²¹ m ³ , | | | | | |
| | | calculate and determine which planet has a higher density. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | Answer [2] | | | | | |
| 9 | Elv: | a invested a sum of money in an account paying compound interest at 4% per year. er 3 years, there was \$89 989.12 in her account. | | | | | |
| | Ноч | w much did Elva invest in the account? | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| 10 | АП | netal sphere has a mass of 197 grams, correct to t | ine nearest | t gram. | |
|-------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------|
| | (a) | Find the least possible mass of the metal sphere | re. | | |
| | | | Answer | g | [1] |
| | (b) | The volume of the metal sphere is 25 cm ³ , cor | rect to the | nearest cubic centimetre. | |
| | | Find the greatest possible mass of 1 cubic cent | imetre of | the metal. | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | - | | Answer | g | [2] |
| 11 | A cl | ass of 10 boys and 10 girls took a test. | | | |
| | The | girls' marks were 4, 5, 6, 7, 7, 7, 8, 8, 8 and 10. | | | |
| | (a) | State the modal mark for the girls. | | | |
| | | | Answer | *************************************** | [1] |
| | (b) | Find the mean mark for the girls. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | Answer | | [1] |
| | (c) | The mean mark for the whole class was 7.5. | | | |
| | | Aaron claims that the boys did better in the test | t. | | |
| | | Do you agree? Justify your answer. | | | |
| | | Answer | • • • • • • • • • • • • | ••••• | •••• |
| | | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | |
| | | | •••••• | *************************************** | [1] |

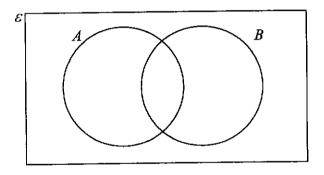
| 12 (a) racionse a | 12 | (a) | Factorise | a^4 | $-b^2$ |
|-------------------|----|-----|-----------|-------|--------|
|-------------------|----|-----|-----------|-------|--------|

| Answer | | [1] |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|-----|
| 12 | *************************************** | |

(b) Factorise completely 8xy-1-4x+2y.

| Answer | | [2 |
|--------|--|----|
|--------|--|----|

13 (a) On the Venn Diagram shown in the answer space, shade the set $A \cap B'$.



[1]

(b) $\varepsilon = \{x : x \text{ is an integer and } 1 \le x \le 100\}$

 $P = \{x : x \text{ is a perfect square}\}$

 $Q = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of 3}\}$

 $R = \{x : x \text{ is an integer ending in 2}\}$

(i) List the elements contained in the set $Q \cap R$.

Answer[1]

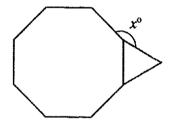
(ii) Write down $n(P \cap R)$.

Answer[1]

| 14 | (a) | A regular polygon has interior angles of 140° |
|----|-----|-----------------------------------------------|
| | | Find the number of sides of the polygon |

| Answer | | F2" |
|--------|--------------|-----|
| answer | ************ | IZ. |

(b) The diagram shows a sketch of a regular octagon and an equilateral triangle.



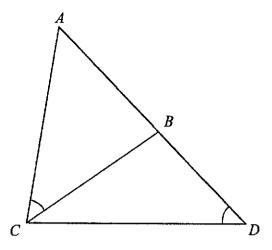
Calculate x.

[2]

15 The graph shows information about the waste generated in Singapore from 2013 to 2023.

| | Total | l Waste Generated (Waste Recycled + Waste Disposed of) | |
|---------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| | | 9000 | |
| | | 8000 | |
| | | 7000 | |
| | | 6000 | |
| | | | |
| | nnage | | |
| ('000') | tonnes) | 4000 | |
| | | 3000 | |
| | | 2000 - 3 | |
| | | | |
| | | 0 2010 2010 2010 2020 2021 2022 2023 | |
| | | 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Year | |
| | | rear | |
| | | ■ Waste Recycled □ Waste Disposed of | |
| (a) | Estimate: | the waste recycled in 2021. | |
| (4) | Dominate | · | |
| | | Answer tonnes [1 |] |
| | | | |
| (b) | Make one | e comment about the total waste generated in the 2020s compared with the 2010 | s |
| ` , | | | |
| | Answer | | • |
| | | [1 | [] |
| | | | |
| (c) | | as a significant drop in the amount of construction and demolition waste, which | |
| | | completely recycled, over the last decade. Brian claims that this contributed to | 8 |
| | | n the percentage of waste recycled in the 2020s compared with the 2010s. | |
| | Does the | graph support his claim? Justify your answer with reference to the graph. | |
| | Answer . | | • • |
| | | *************************************** | |
| | • • • • • • • • • • | •••••• | |

16



In the diagram, ABC and ACD are triangles such that angle ACB = angle ADC.

(a) Show that the two triangles are similar.

Answer

[2]

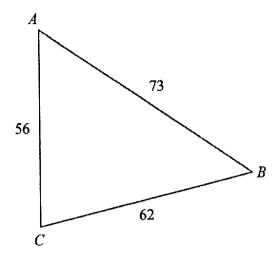
(b) Given that AB = 6.5 cm and BD = 5.5 cm, find AC.

| 17 | (a) | Simplify $(a+2b)(a-2b)-a^2$. |
|----|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (b) | Answer |
| | | Answer[2] |
| 18 | (a) | 8 men can build a structure in 15 days. How long would it take 5 men to build the structure? |
| | | Answer days [1] |
| | (b) | The period, T seconds, of a pendulum is proportional to the square root of the length, I metres, of the pendulum. The length of a pendulum is increased by 50% of its original value. Calculate the percentage increase in the period of the pendulum. |
| | | |

| שו | i ne | scale of a map is 4 cm: 1 km. |
|----|------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (a) | Write this scale in the form $1:n$. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Answer 1:[1] |
| | (b) | The distance between two cities on the map is 40 cm. |
| | | Find the actual distance, in kilometres, between the two cities. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Answer |
| | (c) | A park has an actual area of 4.5 km ² . |
| | | Find the area, in square centimetres, of the park on the map. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Answer cm^2 [2]

20



The diagram shows the positions of three towns, A, B and C. AB is 73 km, BC is 62 km and AC is 56 km. A is due North of C.

(a) Calculate the bearing of B from A.

| Answer | | [4] |
|--------|--------------|--------|
| Answer | ************ | ר די ן |

(b) Calculate the area of triangle ABC.

| 41 | (a) | Use prime factors to explain why 56×126 is a perfect square. |
|----|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Answer |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [3 |
| | (b) | Write down the greatest integer that will divide both 56 and 126 exactly. |
| | | gg g |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | A.c |
| | | Answer [1 |
| | (c) | The number $126k$ is a perfect cube. |
| | | Find the smallest positive integer value of k . |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Answer [2]

22 (a) Using factorisation, solve $9x^2 + 6x - 8 = 0$.

(b) Hence solve $9(y-1)^2 + 6y - 14 = 0$.

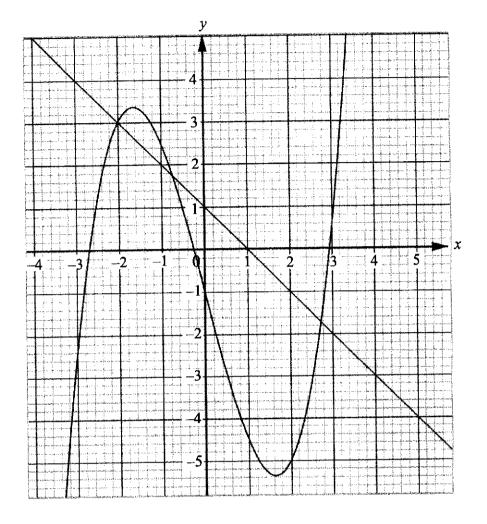
| Nam | ie : | | (|) | | Class: | | _ | |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|-----|--|
| | | | | | | Section B | 18 | | |
| | | | Section B (I Answer all the | | | | | | |
| 23 | | every weekday momi | | | | | how. | | |
| | | every weekday afterno | | | Adulte (| ~hildren | _ | | |
| | On every weekend morning, the theatre admits 30 adults and 60 children for the show. | | | | | | | | |
| | On 6 | every weekend afterno | oon, the theatre adn | nits 35 adul | lts and 5 | 5 children. | | | |
| | (a) | Represent the numbers | er of people admitte | ed to the sh | ow on a | day in the wee | kend by a matr | ix | |
| | | | | Ai | nswer] | B = | | [1] | |
| | (b) | Evaluate the matrix | C = 5A + 2B. | | | | | | |

| (c) | State | what the ele | ments of C repr | resent. | | | |
|-----|-------|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|------------|-----|
| | Answ | er | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | [1] |
| (d) | The a | dmission fe | e for an adult is | \$25 and for | a child is \$1 | 12. | |
| | (i) | Evaluate th | ne matrix D = C | $C\binom{25}{12}$. | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | • | | |
| | | | | | Answer | D = | [1] |

(ii) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{E} = \frac{1}{7} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{D}$.

| (iii) | State what the elements of E represent. | |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|------|
| | | |
| Answe | er | •••• |
| ****** | | •••• |
| | | [1] |

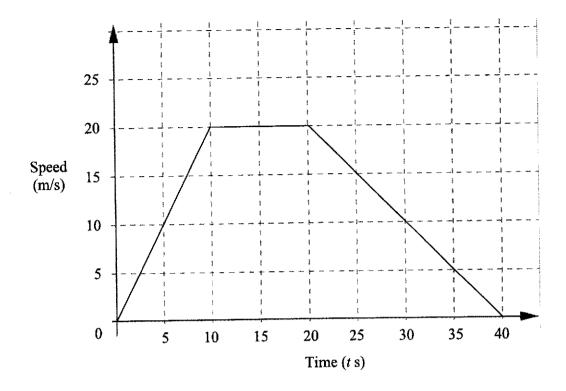
24 The graphs of $y = \frac{x^3}{2} - 4x - 1$ and y = 1 - x are drawn on the grid.



(a) The points of intersection of the curve and the straight line give the solutions of a cubic equation. Find the cubic equation, giving your answer in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = 0$, where a, b, c and d are integers.

| (b) | By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at $(-2,3)$. |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | |
| | Answer [2] |
| (c) | The equation $x^3 - 4x = 0$ can be solved by drawing a suitable straight line on the grid. (i) Find the equation of the straight line. |
| | |
| | |
| | Answer[1] |
| | (ii) By drawing this straight line, solve the equation $x^3 - 4x = 0$. |
| | |
| | |

25 The diagram shows the speed-time graph for a car journey.



(a) Find the speed of the car when t = 8.

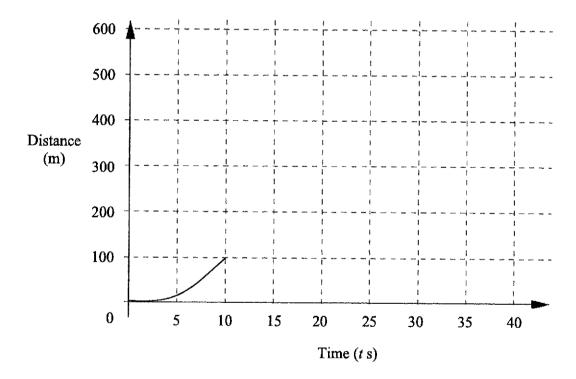
| m/s | [1] |
|-----|-----|
| | m/s |

(b) Find the acceleration of the car when t = 8.

(c) Find the total distance travelled on the journey.

| Answer | m | [2] |
|--------|---|-----|
| | | |

(d) Complete the distance-time graph for the journey on the grid below.



[2]

End-of-paper

24

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SWISS COTTAGE SECONDARY SCHOOL SECONDARY FOUR AND FIVE PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION



| Name: | (|) | Class: |
|------------------------------------------|---|------|--------------------|
| MATHEMATICS | | | 4052/02 |
| Paper 2 | | Tues | day 27 August 2024 |
| Candidates answer on the Question Paper. | | | 2 hours 15 minutes |

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your class, index number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen.

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If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total number of marks for this paper is 90.

| For Exam | iner's Use |
|-----------|------------|
| Section A | 31 |
| Section B | 59 |
| Total | 90 |

This document consists of 21 printed pages and 1 blank page.

Setter: Mdm Tan Poh Kim Vetter: Mdm Zoe Pow

Turn over

Home of Thoughtful Leaders: Serve with Honour, Lead with Humility

Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = $\pi r l$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Area of triangle
$$ABC = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area =
$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$$
, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 1

4

| Questions | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-----------|----|----|----|
| Marks | 11 | 10 | 10 |

Section A (31 marks)

1 (a) Solve the inequality $\frac{3x+1}{3} < \frac{2-5x}{4}$.

- **(b)** It is given that $a = \frac{2b-3c}{b+2c}$.
 - (i) Find a when b = 0.2 and c = -1.5.

Answer
$$a = \dots [1]$$

(ii) Express b in terms of a and c.

(c) Solve the equation $\frac{5x}{x-3} - \frac{2}{2x-3} = 1$.

Give your solutions correct to 3 decimal places.

2 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 + 2x - 1$

| x | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|
| y | | 2 | -1 | -2 | -1 | 2 | 7 |

[1]

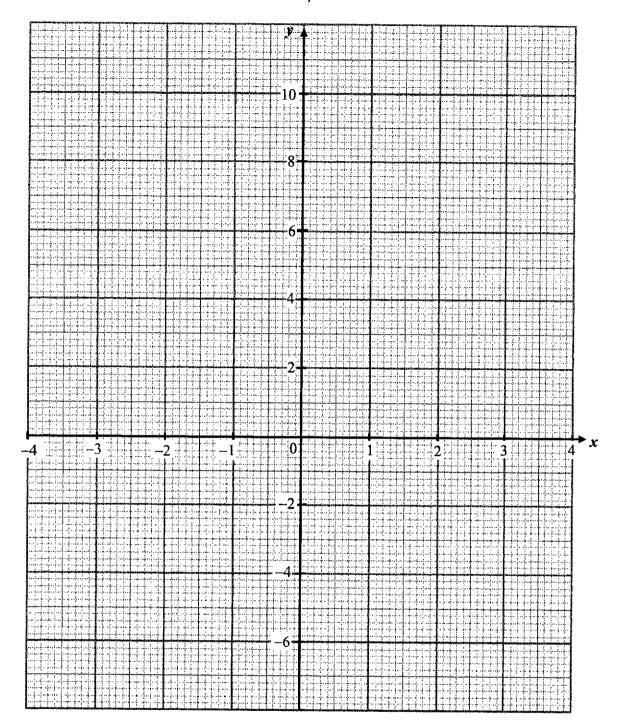
- (b) On the grid opposite, draw the graph of $y = x^2 + 2x 1$ for $-4 \le x \le 2$. [3]
- (c) Use your graph
 - (i) to write down an inequality in x to describe the range of values where y < 3,

(ii) to solve the equation $x^2 + 2x + \frac{1}{2} = 0$.

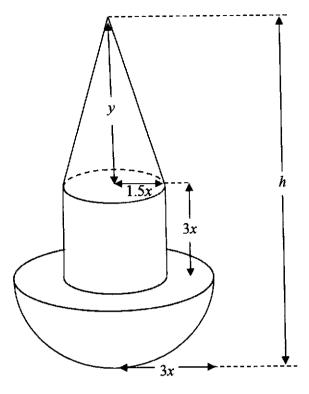
(d) Based on the graph, Eileen stated that 'the coordinates of the minimum point of the graph is (-1,-2)'.

Show, with working, how you can verify this by expressing $x^2 + 2x - 1$ in the form $(x+p)^2 + q$.

Answer



3



The diagram shows a solid formed from a cone, a cylinder and a hemisphere. The cone has base radius 1.5x cm and height y cm. The cylinder has radius 1.5x cm and height 3x cm. The hemisphere has radius 3x cm.

(a) The volume of the hemisphere is thrice the volume of the cone. Show that y = 8x.

Answer

(b) The total surface area of the solid is 450 cm².Calculate the total height, h cm, of the solid.

Answer $h = \dots$ cm [7]

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| Name:() | Questions | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|----------|-----------|---|----|---|----|----|----|
| Class: | Marks | 8 | 10 | 9 | 12 | 10 | 10 |

Section B (59 marks)

4 Here are the first four terms of a sequence.

$$\frac{13}{5}$$
 $\frac{10}{10}$ $\frac{7}{15}$ $\frac{4}{20}$

(a) Find the fifth term of the sequence.

(b) T_n is the *n*th term of the sequence. Find an expression, in terms of n, for T_n

Answer
$$T_n = \dots$$
 [3]

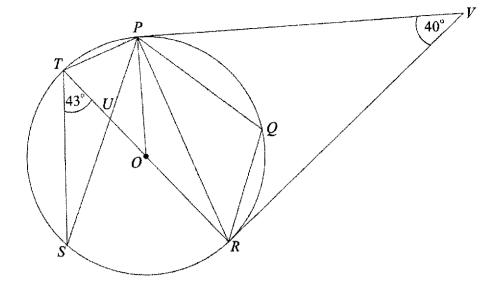
(c) The difference between the two consecutive terms of the sequence is $T_{n+1} - T_n$. Show that $T_{n+1} - T_n = \frac{-16}{5n(n+1)}$.

Answer

| | (d) | Explain why the difference between the two consecutive terms of the sequence is always negative. | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | negative. | | | | | | | |
| | | Answer | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | [1] | | | | | | | |
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| 5 | Line | e l passes through the points $(-4, 4)$ and $(8, -2)$. | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Find the equation of line l . | | | | | | | |
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| | | 4 | | | | | | | |
| | | Answer[2] | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | The equation of line m is $6y = 18 - 3x$. | | | | | | | |
| | | Show how you can tell that the line m does not intersect the line l . | | | | | | | |
| | | Armar | | | | | | | |

| (c) | The equation of line <i>n</i> is $2y = 3x - 4$. | |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| | Line n and line l intersect at point A . Find the coordinates of A . | |
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| | Answer A () | [3] |
| (4) | Line Linterments the received the received Developer | |
| (d) | Line l intersects the y -axis at point B and line n intersects the y -axis at point C . Calculate the area of triangle ABC . | |
| | Calculate the area of triangle ABC. | |
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| | Answer units ² | [3] |
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6



The diagram shows a circle PQRST, with centre O.

PV and RV are tangents to the circle and U is the intersection of PS and TR.

Angle $PVR = 40^{\circ}$ and angle $STU = 43^{\circ}$.

(a) Find angle PQR.

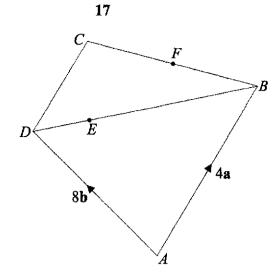
Give a reason for each step of your working.

| (b) | Find angle TUP. |
|------------|----------------------------------------------|
| | Give a reason for each step of your working. |
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| | Answer Angle $TUP = \dots $ [3] |
| | |
| (c) | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| | major sector OSR. |
| | Do you support her claim? |
| | Justify your decision with calculations. |
| | |
| | Answer |
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| | 1 |
| | because |
| | [3] |
| | |

- 7 (a) The position vector of point X is $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$. The position vector of point Y is $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$.
 - (i) Find the vector that represents the translation from X to Y.
 - Answer $\left(\begin{array}{c} \end{array}\right)$ [1]
 - (ii) Find the magnitude of \overrightarrow{XY} .

- Answer units [2]
- (iii) Z has coordinates (-1, k) and lies on the line XY produced. Find the position vector of point Z.

(b)



In the diagram, $\overrightarrow{AB} = 4\mathbf{a}$, $\overrightarrow{AD} = 8\mathbf{b}$ and $\overrightarrow{EF} = 2(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b})$. E is the point on BD such that BE : BD = 3 : 4. F is the midpoint of BC.

(i) Express \overrightarrow{BE} in terms of **a** and **b**, as simply as possible.

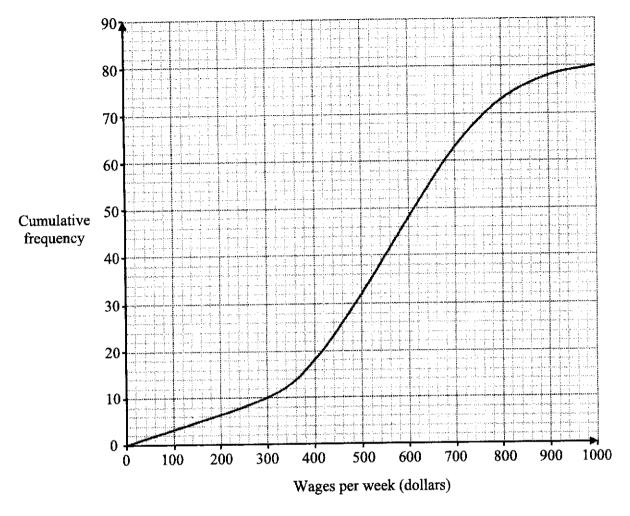
| Answer | | [2] |
|--------|--|-----|
|--------|--|-----|

(ii) Express \overrightarrow{BC} in terms of a and b, as simply as possible.

(iii) What type of quadrilateral is *ABCD*? Justify your answer using vectors.

| <i>ABCD</i> is a | because |
|------------------|---------|
| | Fa |

8 The cumulative frequency curve shows the distribution of the wages per week of 80 workers in a factory.



- (a) Use the curve to estimate
 - (i) the median wages per week,

(ii) the interquartile range of the wages per week.

| (b) | In June 2024, the average wages per week of fac | ctory wo | rkers in Singapore was \$540. | |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Calculate the percentage of the workers in the fa | | | 19 e . |
| | - | | | -6 |
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| | | Answer | % | [2] |
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| (c) | Find the number of workers who earned between | n \$460 aı | nd \$800. | |
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| | | Answer | | [2] |
| | | | | [2] |
| (d) | | | | [2] |
| (d) | | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |
| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid the Find the additional number of workers employed | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |
| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid th | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |
| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid the Find the additional number of workers employed | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |
| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid the Find the additional number of workers employed | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |
| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid the Find the additional number of workers employed | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |
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| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid the Find the additional number of workers employed | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |
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| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid the Find the additional number of workers employed | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |
| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid the Find the additional number of workers employed | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |
| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid the Find the additional number of workers employed who earned not more than \$650 is $\frac{11}{15}$. | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. probability of choosing a wo | orker |
| (d) | The factory employed more workers and paid the Find the additional number of workers employed who earned not more than \$650 is $\frac{11}{15}$. | em not m | nore than \$650 per week. | |

- 9 An event organiser is organising a 3-day Pet Festival for 300 exhibitors.

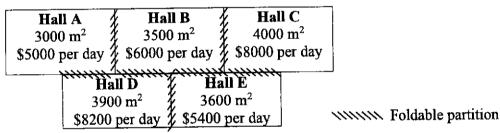
 The event organiser charges each exhibitor a registration fee of \$90 and a daily booth rental of \$150.
 - (a) Calculate the total amount of money the organiser collected from each exhibitor.

Answer \$ [1]

The event organiser needs to rent an exhibition space for the Pet Festival. The spaces required for the exhibition are as follows:

| Each booth size | 15 m ² | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Aisle space for visitors and | 65% of the total area | |
| open spaces required | occupied by the booths | |

The layout, size and rental fees for the exhibition halls are as follows:



- Adjacent halls have foldable partitions that can be opened up for rental of two halls.
- * Rental is for one entire hall space.
- (b) Calculate the minimum amount payable by the event organiser for the daily rental of the exhibition hall(s) needed.

In order to set up the exhibition, the event organiser needs to rent the hall(s) and the items needed one day before the start of the 3-day Pet Festival.

Items needed for the exhibition and their rental fees are as follows:

| Location | Items |
|------------|-------------------|
| Each booth | • 1 long table |
| | • 2 square tables |
| | • 4 chairs |
| Open space | • 75 round tables |
| | • 300 chairs |

| Items | Rental fees |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Long table | \$2 each table per day |
| Square table | Every 100 tables at \$30 per day |
| Round table | Every 5 tables at \$20 per day |
| Chairs | Every 50 chairs at \$10 per day |

For the 3 days of exhibition, the event organiser will employ 2 security guards and 4 part-timers for 12 hours for each day of the exhibition.

The costs are as follows:

- \$10 per hour for each security guard
- \$8 per hour for each part-timer
- (c) It is estimated that there will be a total of 35 000 visitors for the 3-day exhibition.

The event organiser says:

We will meet our minimum target profit of \$300 000 if we charge an entrance fee of \$6 per visitor.

Is the event organiser correct?

Using your answers in part (a) and (b), justify your decision with calculations.

Answer

| | 22 |
|---------|-------------------------------------|
| nuation | of working space for question 9(c). |
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2024 4E5N EM Prelim P1 Mark Scheme

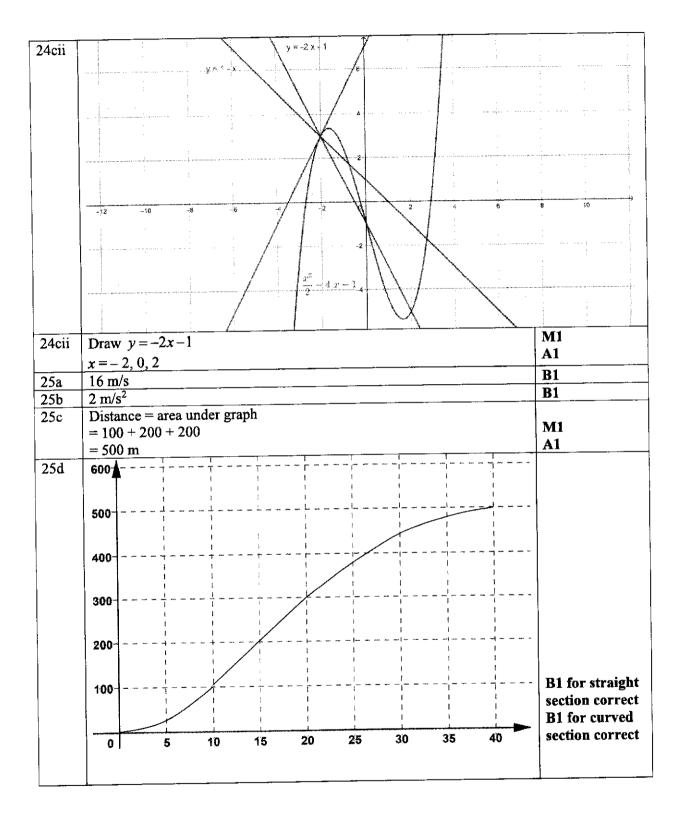
| 1 | $PQ^2 + PQ^2 = 15^2$ | M1 |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | $2PQ^2 = 225$ | |
| | $PQ = 10.6 \mathrm{cm}$ | A1 |
| 2a | $\frac{3}{5}$ | |
| | 5 | B1 |
| 2b | New total = $3 \times 5 = 15$ | |
| | Yellow balls left $=15-8-5=2$ | |
| | x = 7 - 2 = 5 | B1 |
| 3 | 2020 population = $\frac{100}{104} \times 5920000$ | M1 |
| | = 5690000 (nearest ten thousand) | A1 |
| 4 | $\frac{2x}{3} - \frac{3(x-2)}{4}$ | |
| | ${3}$ ${4}$ | |
| | 8x-9(x-2) | |
| | $=\frac{8x-9(x-2)}{12}$ | M1 – Common |
| | | denominator |
| | $=\frac{8x-9x+18}{12}$ | |
| | 18-x | |
| | $=\frac{12}{12}$ | A 1 |
| 5 | $=\frac{18-x}{12}$ $\left(\frac{x^3}{27y^6}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}} = \frac{x^4}{81y^8}$ | A1 B1 - numerator |
| | $\left(\frac{x^3}{x^3}\right)^3 = \frac{x^4}{x^3}$ | DI numorator |
| | $(27y^8)$ 81 y^8 | B1 - |
| | | denominator |
| 6 | $24 = 2^3 \times 3$ | |
| | $20 = 2^2 \times 5$ | |
| | 15=3×5 | |
| | $LCM = 2^3 \times 3 \times 5$ | M1 |
| | Smallest length = 120 cm | A1 |
| 7a 71 | 9 | B1 |
| 7b | Angle = $\frac{3}{18} \times 360 = 60$ | Di |
| 0. | 10 | B1 |
| 8a | $1.90 \times 10^{27} \div 5.97 \times 10^{24} = 3.18 \times 10^{2}$ | B1 |
| 8b | Jupiter density = $1.90 \times 10^{27} \div 1.43 \times 10^{24} = 1328.6713 \text{ kg/m}^3$ | |
| | Earth density = $5.97 \times 10^{24} \div 1.08 \times 10^{21} = 5527.7778 \text{ kg/m}^3$ | M1 |
| | Earth has a higher density | A1 |

| | | |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| | $P\left(1 + \frac{4}{100}\right)^3 = 89989.12$ | M1 |
| | $P = 89989.12 \div \left(1 + \frac{4}{100}\right)^3$ | M1 |
| | = \$80000 | A1 |
| 10a | 196.5 g | B1 |
| 10b | 197.5 ÷ 24.5 | M1 |
| 100 | = 8.06 g | A1 |
| 11a | 7 and 8 | B1 |
| 11b | Mean = $\frac{4+5+6+3(7)+3(8)+10}{10}$ = 7 | B1 |
| 11c | Yes. The mean mark for the whole class, 7.5, was higher than the mean mark for the girls. Thus the mean mark for the boys would have to be higher than 7.5, which is better than the girls marks. Accept use of actual calculation of mean mark for boys to justify. | B1 |
| 12a | | B1 |
| | $a^4 - b^2 = (a^2 + b)(a^2 - b)$ | |
| 12b | 8xy-1-4x+2y | |
| | =8xy-4x+2y-1 | |
| | =4x(2y-1)+2y-1 | M1 |
| | =(2y-1)(4x+1) | A1 |
| | =(2y-1)(4x+1) | |
| 13a | | B1 |
| 13bi | {12, 42, 72} | B1 |
| 13bii | 0 | B1 |
| 14a | Exterior angle = $180 - 140 = 40$ | M1 |
| | Number of sides = $360 \div 40$ | A1 |
| | = 9 | |
| | Or (** 2) v180 = 140 m | M1 |
| | $(n-2)\times 180 = 140n$ | |
| | 180n - 360 = 140n | |
| 1 | 40n = 360 | A1 |
| | n = 9 | |

| 14b | Exterior angle of actages 200 . 9 45 | T 3.5-4 |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| 140 | Exterior angle of octagon = $360 \div 8 = 45$ Exterior angle of equilateral triangle = $180 - 60 = 120$ | M1 |
| Ī | Exterior angle of equivalent triangle = $180 - 60 = 120$ x = 120 + 45 = 165 | 41 |
| 15a | Accept 3 700 000 to 3 900 000 | A1 |
| 15b | The total waste generated in the 2020s have decreased compared to the | B1 |
| 130 | 2010s as the waste generated are lower on average. | D1 |
| 15c | Yes. The amount of waste disposed of remains generally constant over | B1 |
| 130 | the last decade but the waste recycled was generally lesser in the | B1 |
| | 2020s, thus there is a decline in percentage of waste recycled in the | B1 |
| | 2020s, thus there is a decrine in percentage of waste recycled in the | B1 |
| 16a | angle ACB = angle ADC (given) | |
| 104 | angle BAC = angle CAD (common angle) | 3.61 |
| | Since all corresponding angles of the triangle are equal, | M1 |
| | triangles ABC and ACD are similar | 4.1 |
| 16b | | A1 |
| 100 | $\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{AC}{AD}$ | |
| | | |
| | $\frac{6.5}{AC} = \frac{AC}{6.5 + 5.5}$ | M1 |
| | AC 6.5+5.5 | IVII |
| | $AC^2 = 78$ | |
| | AC = 8.83 cm | A1 |
| 17a | $(a+2b)(a-2b)-a^2$ | |
| | $=a^2-4b^2-a^2$ | M1 – correct |
| | | expansion |
| | $=-4b^2$ | A1 |
| 17b | $12349 \times 12341 - 12345^2$ | |
| | $(12345+2(2))\times(12345-2(2))-12345^2$ | M1 |
| | $=-4(2)^2$ | |
| | =-16 | A1 |
| 18a | 15 | 741 |
| | $= -16$ No. of days = $\frac{15}{5} \times 8 = 24$ | B1 |
| 18 b | $I = k \sqrt{l}$ | |
| | % increase | |
| | $k\sqrt{1.5l}-k\sqrt{l}$ | |
| | $= \frac{k\sqrt{1.5l} - k\sqrt{l}}{k\sqrt{l}} \times 100$ | M1 |
| | $k\sqrt{l}\left(\sqrt{1.5}-1\right)$ | 1411 |
| | $= \frac{k\sqrt{l}\left(\sqrt{1.5} - 1\right)}{k\sqrt{l}} \times 100$ | |
| | =22.5% | A1 |
| 19a | 4 cm : 1 km | |
| į | 4 cm : 100 000 cm | |
| | 1:25 000 | B1 |

| 19b | 40÷4=10 km | B1 |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| 19c | 4 cm : 1 km | |
| | 16 cm ² : 1 km ² | M1 |
| | $4.5 \times 16 = 72 \text{ cm}^2$ | A1 |
| 20a | $62^2 = 56^2 + 73^2 - 2(56)(73)\cos \angle BAC$ | M2 |
| | $\angle BAC = 55.5845$ | A1 |
| | Bearing = $180 - 55.5845$ | A1 |
| | = 124.4 | |
| 20b | Area of triangle ABC | |
| | $=\frac{1}{2}(56)(73)\sin 55.5845$ | M1 |
| | = 1686.2195 | A1 |
| | $=1690 \text{ km}^2$ | |
| 21a | $56 = 2^3 \times 7$ | M1 |
| | $126 = 2 \times 3^2 \times 7$ | |
| | $56 \times 126 = 2^4 \times 3^2 \times 7^2$ | M1 |
| | Since the powers of all prime factors are even, | |
| | 56×126 is a perfect square. | A1 B1 |
| 21b | 2×7=14 | M1 |
| 21c | $k = 2^2 \times 3 \times 7^2$ | A1 |
| | = 588 | |
| 22a | $9x^2 + 6x - 8 = 0$ | |
| | (3x-2)(3x+4)=0 | M1 |
| | 2 4 | |
| | $x = \frac{2}{3}$ or $x = -\frac{4}{3}$ | A2 |
| 22b | $9(y-1)^2 + 6y - 14 = 0$ | |
| | $9(y-1)^2+6(y-1)+6-14=0$ | |
| | $9(y-1)^{2} + 6(y-1) + 6 - 14 = 0$ $9(y-1)^{2} + 6(y-1) - 8 = 0$ | M1 |
| | From (a) | |
| | $y-1=\frac{2}{3}$ or $y-1=-\frac{4}{3}$ $y=1\frac{2}{3}$ or $y=-\frac{1}{3}$ | |
| | $y = 1\frac{2}{3}$ or $y = -\frac{1}{3}$ | A1 |
| 23a | [30 60] | |
| | $\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 30 & 60 \\ 35 & 55 \end{bmatrix}$ | B1 |
| 23b | $\mathbf{C} = 5 \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 40 \\ 30 & 30 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 30 & 60 \\ 35 & 55 \end{bmatrix}$ | |
| | | |

| | $= \begin{bmatrix} 160 & 320 \\ 220 & 260 \end{bmatrix}$ | B1 |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| 23c | Elements of C represent the total number people from each of the categories of adults and children, admitted to the theatre in the morning and afternoon respectively over one week. | |
| | | B1 |
| 23di | $\mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 160 & 320 \\ 220 & 260 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 25 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7840 \\ 8620 \end{bmatrix}$ | B1 |
| 23dii | $\mathbf{E} = \frac{1}{7} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7840 \\ 8620 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2351 \frac{3}{7} \end{bmatrix}$ | B1 |
| 23diii | E represents the average amount of money collected per day from admissions over one week. | B1 |
| 24a | $\frac{x^3}{2} - 4x - 1 = 1 - x$ $\frac{x^3}{2} - 3x - 2 = 0$ $x^3 - 6x - 4 = 0$ | B1 |
| 24b | Draw tangent Gradient = 2 | M1 A1 |
| 24ci | $x^{3} - 4x = 0$ $\frac{x^{3}}{2} - 2x = 0$ $\frac{x^{3}}{2} - 4x - 1 = -2x - 1$ | |
| | Equation of line: $y = -2x - 1$ | B1 |



2024 4E/5N EM Prelim Paper 2 Marking Scheme (90 marks)

| la | $\frac{3x+1}{3} < \frac{2-5x}{4}$ | |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 4(3x+1) < 3(2-5x) \end{vmatrix}$ | |
| | 12x+4<6-15x | M1 |
| | 27x < 2 | |
| | 2 | |
| | $x < \frac{2}{27}$ | A1 |
| Ibi | $a = \frac{2(0.2) - 3(-1.5)}{0.2 + 2(-1.5)}$ | |
| | , , | |
| | $a = -\frac{7}{4}/-1.75$ | B1 |
| 1bii | $a = \frac{2b - 3c}{b + 2c}$ | |
| | 1 | |
| | a(b+2c)=2b-3c | M1 |
| | ab + 2ac = 2b - 3c | |
| | ab-2b = -3c-2ac $b(a-2) = -3c-2ac$ |]M1 |
| | b(a-2) = -3c - 2ac |] |
| | $b = \frac{-3c - 2ac}{a - 2}$ | |
| | 3c+2ac | Either A1 |
| | $b = {2-a}$ | |
| lc | $b = \frac{3c + 2ac}{2 - a}$ $\frac{5x}{x - 3} - \frac{2}{2x - 3} = 1$ | |
| | $\begin{vmatrix} x-3 & 2x-3 \\ 5x(2x-3) - 2(x-3) \end{vmatrix}$ | |
| | $\frac{5x(2x-3)-2(x-3)}{(x-3)(2x-3)}=1$ | M1 – common denominator |
| | $10x^2 - 15x - 2x + 6 = 2x^2 - 3x - 6x + 9$ | MI – either expansion |
| | $10x^2 - 17x + 6 = 2x^2 - 9x + 9$ | |
| | $8x^2 - 8x - 3 = 0$ | |
| | $x = \frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(8)(-3)}}{2(8)}$ | |
| | $x = \frac{(-0)^{\frac{1}{2}}\sqrt{(-0)^{\frac{1}{2}}}}{2(8)}$ | M1 |
| | x = 1.2906, -0.29057 | |
| | x = 1.291, -0.291(3dp) | A1A1 |
| | | AIAI |
| | | |
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| 2a | y = 7 | B1 |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2b | 10 | 7 points – B2 4 points – B1 Curve – B1 |
| 2ci 2cii | -5.25 < x < 1.2 | |
| | $-3.25 < x < 1.2$ $x^{2} + 2x + \frac{1}{2} = 0$ $x^{2} + 2x + \frac{1}{2} - 1.5 = 0 - 1.5$ $x^{2} + 2x - 1 = -1.5$ $y = -1.5$ $x = -1.65 or x = -0.25$ | M1 A1A1 |
| 2ciii | $x^2 + 2x - 1$ | |
| | $= \left(x + \frac{2}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^2 - 1$ $= (x+1)^2 - 2$ Therefore, the minimum point is $(-1, -2)$ | M1 - either x or y value seen A1 - in the form $(x+p)^2 + q$ |

| | | ··· |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 3a | Vol of hemisphere = $\frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times (3x)^3$ | |
| | $=18\pi x^3$ | M1 |
| | Vol of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times \left(\frac{3}{2}x\right)^2 \times y$ | |
| | $=\frac{1}{3}\times\pi\times\frac{9}{4}x^2\times y$ | |
| | $=\frac{3\pi}{4}x^2y$ | MI |
| | $18\pi x^3 = 3 \times \frac{3\pi}{4} x^2 y$ | |
| | $18x^{3} = \frac{9}{4}x^{2}y$ $y = \frac{18x^{3} \times 4}{9x^{2}}$ | A1 |
| | $y = \frac{18x^3 \times 4}{0.2}$ | |
| | y = 8x (shown) |] |
| 3b | $l = \sqrt{y^2 + \left(\frac{3}{2}x\right)^2}$ | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | $= \sqrt{(8x)^2 + \left(\frac{3}{2}x\right)^2}$ $= \sqrt{64x^2 + \frac{9}{4}x^2}$ $= \sqrt{\frac{265x^2}{4}}$ | |
| | $= \sqrt{64x^2 + \frac{9}{4}x^2}$ | |
| | $=\sqrt{\frac{265x^2}{4}}$ | |
| | $=8.1394x / \frac{\sqrt{265}}{2}x$ | M1 |
| = = | CSA of cone $=\pi \left(\frac{3}{2}x\right) \times l$ | |
| | $=\pi\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right)\times 8.1394x$ | |
| | $=38.356x^{2}$ | |
| | CSA of cylinder = $2\pi \times \left(\frac{3}{2}x\right) \times 3x$ | 4 correct – M3 3 correct – M2 |
| | $=28.274x^2$ | 2 correct – M1 |
| | CSA of hemisphere $=2\pi \times (3x)^2$ | |
| | $=56.549x^{2}$ | |
| | $\lim \text{area} = \pi (3x)^2 - \pi \left(\frac{3}{2}x\right)^2$ | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | $=21.206x^2$ | |

| 3b | Total SA = 450 | |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 50 | $\begin{vmatrix} 38.356x^2 + 28.274x^2 + 56.549x^2 + 21.206x^2 = 450 \end{vmatrix}$ | M1 |
| | $144.385x^2 = 450$ | 171.1 |
| | $x^2 = 3.1167$ | |
| | · · | |
| | x = 1.7654 Total ht, $h = y + 3x + 3x$ | M1 |
| | h = 8x + 3x + 3x | 1.77 |
| ! | h=14x | |
| | h = 14(1.7654) | |
| | h = 24.7156 | |
| | h = 24.7 (3sf) | A1 |
| 4a | $\frac{1}{25}$ | B1 |
| 4b | | M13n |
| | $T_n = \frac{16 - 3n}{5n}$ | M1-5n |
| 4c | 16-3(n+1) $16-3n$ | A1 - T _n |
| 10 | $T_{n+1} - T_n = \frac{16 - 3(n+1)}{5(n+1)} - \frac{16 - 3n}{5n}$ | M1 |
| | , | |
| | $=\frac{16-3n-3}{5(n+1)}-\frac{16-3n}{5n}$ | |
| | ` ' | M1 |
| | $=\frac{n(13-3n)-(16-3n)(n+1)}{5n(n+1)}$ | |
| | $13n-3n^2-(16n+16-3n^2-3n)$ | |
| | $=\frac{13n-3n^2-\left(16n+16-3n^2-3n\right)}{5n(n+1)}$ | |
| <u> </u> | 3n(n+1) | |
| | $=\frac{13n-3n^2-16n-16+3n^2+3n}{5(n-1)}$ | A1 |
| | 5n(n+1) | |
| | $=\frac{-16}{5n(n+1)} (shown)$ | |
| 4d | For $n > 0$ |] |
| | 5n(n+1)>0 | |
| | $\frac{-16}{} < 0$ | B1 |
| | 5n(n+1) | 1 |
| | $\frac{-16}{5n(n+1)} < 0$ $T_{n+1} - T_n < 0$ | J |
| | | |

| 5a | grad of line $l = \frac{-2-4}{8-(-4)}$ | |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| | | M1 |
| | $=-\frac{1}{2}$ | |
| | $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + c$ | |
| | $subst(-4,4) \text{ into } y = -\frac{1}{2}x + c$ | |
| | $4 = -\frac{1}{2}(-4) + c$ | |
| | c=2 | |
| | $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$ | Al |
| 5b | Line m | |
| | 6y = 18 - 3x | |
| | $6y = 18 - 3x$ $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$ | |
| | The gradient of line <i>l</i> and line <i>m</i> are equal (gradient = $-\frac{1}{2}$) and the <i>y</i> - | M1 – gradient value |
| | intercept not equal. Line <i>l</i> and line <i>m</i> are parallel. | A1 – parallel |
| | Therefore, line m does not intersect the line l. | |
| 5c | $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$ (1) $2y = 3x - 4$ (2) | |
| | Subst (1) into (2) | |
| | $2\left(-\frac{1}{2}x+2\right) = 3x-4$ $-x+4=3x-4$ | M1 |
| | -x+4=3x-4 | |
| | 4x = 8 | M1 – either x or y coordinate |
| | $\begin{array}{c} x = 2 \\ Subst \ x = 2 \ into \ (1) \end{array}$ | 32 7 00014111410 |
| | . , | |
| | $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$ | |
| | $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$ $y = -\frac{1}{2}(2) + 2$ | |
| | y=1 | |
| 5 d | A(2,1) | A1 |
| Ju | Area of $\triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 2$ | M1 - BC = 4 units M1 - height of 2 units |
| | $=4 \text{ units}^2$ | AI |
| | -2 C l |] |
| | 1 | |
| | | |

| 6a | $\angle OPV = \angle ORV = 90^{\circ} \text{ (tan } \underline{\text{h}} \text{ rad)}$ | |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | $\angle POR = 360 - 90 - 90 - 40$ (sum of quad) | 141 |
| | =140 | M1 |
| İ | $reflex \angle POR = 360 - 140 \ (\angle \text{ at a pt.})$ | M1 |
| | = 220 | |
| | $\angle PQR = \frac{220}{2}$ (\angle at ctr = 2× \angle at circum) | A1 |
| | =110 | <u> </u> |
| 6b | $\angle OPR = \frac{180 - 140}{2}$ (sum of isos Δ) | |
| | =20 | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ |
| | $\angle SPR = \angle STR \ (\angle \text{ in same seg})$ | M1 |
| | =43 | |
| | $\angle OPU = 43 - 20$ | |
| | = 23 | M1 |
| | $\angle POU = 180 - 140 \ (\angle \text{ on str. line})$ | |
| | =40 | |
| | $\angle TUP = \angle OPU + \angle POU \text{ (ext. } \angle \text{ of } \Delta)$ | 1 |
| | =23 + 40 | A1 |
| | = 63° | |
| 6c | $\angle SOR = 2 \times \angle STR \ (\angle \text{ at ctr} = 2 \times \angle \text{ at circum})$ | |
| | =2×43 | |
| | = 86 | M1 |
| | reflex $\angle SOR = 360 - 86$ | |
| | = 274 | |
| | area of minor sector $=\frac{86}{274} \times$ area of major sector | М1 |
| | $=0.31387 \times \text{area of major sector}$ | |
| | | |
| | No because the area of the minor sector is 0.314 of the area | A 1 |
| | 1 | Thi |
| | of major sector, which is less than $\frac{1}{3}$ (0.333) | |
| | <u></u> - | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| 7ai $ \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} $ $ \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} $ $ = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} $ B1 7aii $ \overline{XY} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} $ $ \overline{XY} = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (8)^2} $ $ = 8.2462 $ $ = 8.25 \text{ units}^2 $ A1 7aiii $ \overline{Grad \text{ of } ZY = \text{ Grad of } XY} $ $ \frac{k-4}{-1-6} = \frac{8}{-2} $ $ \frac{k-4}{-7} = -4 $ $ k = 32 $ $ \overline{OZ} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 32 \end{pmatrix} $ A1 | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| $\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ $= \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ BI $\overline{XY} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ $ \overline{XY} = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (8)^2}$ $= 8.2462$ $= 8.25 \text{ units}^2$ A1 7aiii Grad of $ZY = \text{Grad of } XY$ $\frac{k-4}{-1-6} = \frac{8}{-2}$ $\frac{k-4}{-7} = -4$ $k = 32$ | |
| $= \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ $7aii$ $\overline{XY} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ $ \overline{XY} = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (8)^2}$ $= 8.2462$ $= 8.25 \text{ units}^2$ A1 $7aiii$ $Grad of ZY = Grad of XY$ $\frac{k-4}{-1-6} = \frac{8}{-2}$ $\frac{k-4}{-7} = -4$ $k = 32$ | |
| 7aii $\overline{XY} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ $ \overline{XY} = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (8)^2}$ $= 8.2462$ $= 8.25 \text{ units}^2$ A1 7aiii $ \begin{aligned} & \text{Grad of } ZY = \text{Grad of } XY \\ & \frac{k-4}{-1-6} = \frac{8}{-2} \\ & \frac{k-4}{-7} = -4 \\ & k = 32 \end{aligned}$ | |
| $ \overline{XY} = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (8)^2}$ $= 8.2462$ $= 8.25 \text{ units}^2$ A1 7aiii Grad of $ZY = \text{Grad of } XY$ $\frac{k-4}{-1-6} = \frac{8}{-2}$ $\frac{k-4}{-7} = -4$ $k = 32$ M1 | |
| $ \overline{XY} = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (8)^2}$ $= 8.2462$ $= 8.25 \text{ units}^2$ A1 7aiii Grad of $ZY = \text{Grad of } XY$ $\frac{k-4}{-1-6} = \frac{8}{-2}$ $\frac{k-4}{-7} = -4$ $k = 32$ M1 | |
| $= 8.2462$ $= 8.25 \text{ units}^{2}$ A1 7aiii Grad of $ZY = \text{Grad of } XY$ $\frac{k-4}{-1-6} = \frac{8}{-2}$ $\frac{k-4}{-7} = -4$ $k = 32$ M1 | |
| $\frac{k-4}{-1-6} = \frac{8}{-2}$ $\frac{k-4}{-7} = -4$ $k = 32$ M1 | |
| $\frac{k-4}{-1-6} = \frac{8}{-2}$ $\frac{k-4}{-7} = -4$ $k = 32$ M1 | |
| $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{k-4}{-7} = -4 \\ k = 32 \end{vmatrix}$ | |
| $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{k-4}{-7} = -4 \\ k = 32 \end{vmatrix}$ | : |
| k = 32 | |
| $\overline{OZ} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 22 \end{pmatrix}$ A1 | |
| [(32) | |
| 7bi ΔABD , $\overrightarrow{AB} + \overrightarrow{BD} = \overrightarrow{AD}$ | |
| $\overline{BD} = 8\mathbf{b} - 4\mathbf{a}$ | |
| 4 units, $\overrightarrow{BD} - 8\mathbf{b} - 4\mathbf{a}$ | |
| 3 units, $\overrightarrow{BE} - \frac{3}{4}(8\mathbf{b} - 4\mathbf{a})$ | |
| $= 6\mathbf{b} - 3\mathbf{a}$ | |
| 7bii $\Delta BEF, \overrightarrow{BE} + \overrightarrow{EF} = \overrightarrow{BF}$ | |
| $\overrightarrow{BF} = 6\mathbf{b} - 3\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b}$ | Ì |
| $=4\mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a}$ | |
| $\overline{BC} = 2 \times \overline{BF}$ | |
| $= 8\mathbf{b} - 2\mathbf{a}$ 7biii $ABCD \overrightarrow{RD} + \overrightarrow{DC} - \overrightarrow{RC}$ | |
| ΔBCD , $BD+DC=BC$ | |
| $\overline{DC} = \overline{BC} - \overline{BD}$ $= 9b 3c (9b 4c)$ | |
| $= 8\mathbf{b} - 2\mathbf{a} - (8\mathbf{b} - 4\mathbf{a})$ $= 2\mathbf{a}$ M1 | |
| $\overline{AB} = 2(2\mathbf{a})$ | |
| M1 - AB = 2DC, AB is | |
| $AB = 2DC$ $ABCD$ is a trapezium because $\overline{AB} = 2\overline{DC}$, AB is parallel to DC All – awarded for | I |
| 1 pair of opposite side parallel. 'trapezium' only if M1 awarded | |

| 8ai | $\frac{50}{100} \times 80 = 40$ | |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 100 Median = \$550 | В1 |
| 8aii | $\frac{25}{100} \times 80 = 20 \Longrightarrow LQ = \420 | |
| | $\frac{75}{100} \times 80 = 60 = 200 = 600$ | |
| | IQR = 680 - 420 | M1 A1 |
| | = \$260 | |
| 8b | No of workers $(\leq \$540) = 38$ | |
| | No of workers $(> $540) = 80 - 38$ | M1 |
| | = 42 | |
| | % of workers (>\$540) = $\frac{42}{80} \times 100\%$ | |
| | = 52.5% | A1 |
| 8c | No of workers (\leq \$460) = 26 | M1 - either |
| | No of workers (\leq \$800) = 73 | \[\] |
| | No of workers btw \$460 and $$800 = 73 - 26$ | |
| | = 47 | A1 |
| 8d | Let the additional no of workers be x . No of workers now $(\le \$650) = 56$ | M1 |
| | $\frac{56+x}{80+x} = \frac{11}{15}$ | M1 |
| | 840 + 15x = 880 + 11x | |
| | 4x = 40 | |
| | x = 10 | A1 |
| 9a | $Total amt = 90 + 3 \times 150$ | B1 |
| | = \$540 | |
| 9b | Size of hall required = $(300 \times 15) \times 1.65$ | M1 |
| | $= 7425 \text{ m}^2$ | |
| | Hall C and Hall E (total area = 7600 m^2) daily rental = $$8000 + 5400 | |
| | = \$13400 | A1 |
| | - 41 5 100 | Ai |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
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| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| 9c | Cost for | 40-2 |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | 1. hall rental = $$13400 \times 4$ | 5 items – M3 4 items – M2 |
| | =\$53600 | 2 items – M1 |
| | 2. long tables = $300 \times 2×4 | |
| | = \$2400 | |
| | 3. square tables = $\frac{600}{100} \times 30×4 | |
| | = \$720 | |
| | 4. round tables = $\frac{75}{5} \times 20×4 | |
| | = \$1200 | |
| | 5. chairs = $\frac{1500}{50} \times 10×4 no of chairs needed = $300 \times 4 + 300$ | |
| | =\$1200 =1500 | |
| | 6. security guard = $2 \times 10 \times 12 \times 3$ | |
| | = \$720 | M1 – either item 6 or 7 |
| | 7. part-timers = $4 \times \$8 \times 12 \times 3$ | |
| | = \$1152 | |
| | Total cost = $53600 + 2400 + 720 + 1200 + 1200 + 720 + 1152$ | |
| ! | = \$60992 | |
| | Total amt collected for 3 days = $300 \times 540 | M1 |
| | = \$162000 | |
| | Total entrance fee collected = 35000×6 | |
| | =210000 | |
| | Profit =162000+210000 - 60992 | M1 |
| | = \$311008 | |
| | The profit of \$311008 is more than the minimum target of | A1- comparison made |
| | \$300000. | 1211- Companison made |
| | : The event organiser is correct. | |