Nam	e:().	Date:
Class	s: Primary 2 SY / C / G / SE / P / GR	SW 2.5.B1
(A) C	GRAMMAR - ARTICLES	
Fill i	n the blanks with <i>a</i> , <i>an</i> or <i>the</i> .	
1.	She has lefthouse withoutun	nbrella.
2.	Can you buyice-cream for me?	
3.	There isold woman atdoor.	
4.	They are looking for oblong table for the	ir dining room.
5.	May I have sandwich, please?	
6.	Tom's uncle isarmy officer.	
7.	Do you know shortest way to the post of	fice?
8	Mount Everest is kighest mountain in	world.
9.	thief who stole your necklace has be police.	een caught by
10.	I have uncle who is a pilot. He wears smart uniform to work.	

11.	There was	accident in front of Orchard Cinema	week
	ago.		
12.	1	chair and make yourself at home. My brother will behour.	back
	The pupils	were instructed to takeempty tin and hole in the middle.	
14.	I do not lik very cold a	reweather here. It is hot during day at night.	
		aveglass of milk andegg for breakfa	ist.
Fill i	in the blan	ks with the Simple Future Tense of the verbs in bracke	ts.
	E. a. b. c.	We <u>shall meet</u> (meet) you there tonight. They <u>will finish</u> (finish) the work in an hour.	
1.	There	(be) a meeting tomorrow morning.	\mathcal{M}_{λ}
2.	Mr Low _	(fly) to America next month.	

3	. They	(work) very hard next year.
4.	. 1	(stay) here until my brother returns.
5.	. Miss Tan	(teach) us English tomorrow.
6.	. My mother	(buy) me a dress for my next birthday.
7.	. We	(paint) the house this Sunday.
8.	The boys	(play) football later in the evening.
	••	
9.	. I	(take) a break in Bintan next week.
10	0. She	(return) the books soon.
	REMEMBER:	
	SHALL / WILL + VERB.	Tense is used to show future action. It is made up of 'and 'we' while 'will' is used with other nouns or pronouns.
	Marie general managhamania ma maragam merum a minara menganya ya Addy hada prokumayaya ya mara mara mara ka ma Marie	

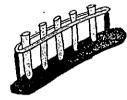
Do check your work! (2)

Nam	e:	·	()	Date:	
	Class: Primary 2 SY / C / G / SE / P /		₹	SW 2.5.B2	
	15. With 15.				
voc	ABULARY		•		
(A)	Fill in the blanks only.	s with the most s	uitable answe	r. Use each wo	ord ONCE
S	chool attendant	postman	cashier	teach	ner
	policeman	bellboy	waitress	newsca	aster
1.	Madam Wee info	ormed the nge the coins for	notes.	that she	
2.	flashed on the so	creen. ssons conducted b			tures were
4.		s			ırant.
5.	The pickpocket after a long chas	was apprehended se.	i by the		
6.	The dog bark delivering letters	ed loudly at th s to the house.	e		who was
7.		ked the ne canteen.		to help cle	ar the mess
8.	Mrs Fernandez	gave a tip to	the		_ who had
	helped her carr	y her bags into the	e hotel room.	Do check	your work! ©

VOCABULARY

(B) Fill in the blanks with the most suitable answer. Use each word ONCE only.

ringmaster	spacesuits	ballerinas	helmets	smugglers
lifeguard	trainer	shophouse	experiments	injection



- Scientists carry out many ______ to find out or invent something.
- 2. When the _____ cracked his whip, the lions put up their paws.
- 3. The police laid an ambush to trap the _____.
- 4. Astronauts need special ______ to travel to space.

and the contract of the contra



5. The _____ were as graceful as swans in their dance movements.



6. The firefighter was praised for his heroic act when he saved the toddler from the burning



7 The doctor gave Ali an ______ to bring down his temperature.



8. The _____ quickly jumped into the swimming pool to save the drowning child.

9.	Construction workers must put on	to protect
	themselves while working.	

10. Madam Ho is a very good Speech and Drama

Do check your work! 3



Name:	_ ()	Date:	
Class: Primary 2 SY / C / G / SE / P / G	R		SW 2.5.B3	
		. •		

PUNCTUATION

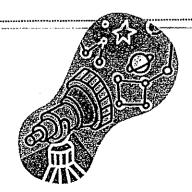
Full-stops (.), commas (,) question marks (?) and capital letters are missing in the passage below. Put them back.

Passage 1



Galileo Galilei was an italian physicist and astronomer. He was born in Pisa on 15 February 1564. His father, Vincenzo Galilei was a famous musician. Vincenzo decided that his son should become a doctor.

In 1609 Galileo heard about the invention of the spyglass, a device which made distant objects appear closer. He used his mathematics knowledge and skills to improve upon the spyglass and build a telescope. Later that same year, he became the first person to look at the Moon through a telescope and make his first astronomy discovery. He discovered that the Moon was not smooth. It was mountainous and pitted – just like the Earth!

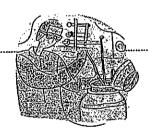


Passage 2



Everything is made of chemicals. Chemists find ways to make chemicals useful to us. They also try to improve things that people use daily, such as paint, medicine, cosmetics cars and airplanes. Chemists also search for new chemicals in nature. They search for ways to save energy and reduce pollution. Their research on living things helps doctors, farmers and food preparers to do their jobs better.

Michel eugene Chevreul was a famous French chemist who created an early form of soap using animal fats and salt. There is even the nobel Prize in Chemistry! Now, are you interested to become a chemist



GRAMMAR CLOZE

Read the passage carefully. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs in the brackets.

Imran (1)	(be) a friendly and helpful boy. He
(2)(enjoy) helping of	hers.
Last Wednesday, Imran (3)) (walk) home
from enrichment class when he saw a l	ittle boy fall. He helped him up. As the
boy had bruised his knee, he (4)	(carry) his bag and
walked him home. Imagine	lmran's surprise when he
(5) (discover) that	at the little boy had just moved into the
neighbourhood and was his neighbour!	•
Nowadays, the little boy (6)) (call) Imran "Big
Brother Im". They (7)	(play) together every weekend.
Their families (8)(go) to Japan for their holidays together
next month.	
·	
Market Francisco (M. M. C. Colonia, C. C. Colonia, C. C. Colonia, C. C. Colonia, C. Coloni	\$\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{

Do check your work! (2)

Name:

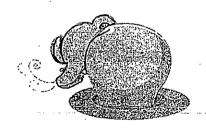
	Name: ()	Date:
	Class: Primary 2 SY / C / G / SE / P / GR	SW 2.5.B4
	VOCABULARY CLOZE	
136	Fill in each blank with a suitable word from the brack	ets.
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	It does not take much to (1)	(find, make, stir) me
,.	happy. All I need as my (2)(companions, followers,
	guides) are books.	
	I am perfectly happy and (3)	(choosy, quiet,
٠.	contented) to sit the whole day long with a story book in	n my hands. When I am
	(4)(studying, reading, seeing) ar	entertaining book, not
	even cartoons on television can (5)	(carry, pull, seize)
	me away from it.	
	l (6) (admire, favour, suppor	t) the authors. I always
	wonder how they are able to write so (7)	(good, better,
	well) and where they get the (8)	(hopes, thoughts,
	inspiration) for their stories. I enjoy the w	ords that they so
	(9) (cleverly, frequently, specially	use. One day, I hope
	to be an author. I would love to hold in my hand	s a book that I have
	(10)(bought, read, written).	

WORD ORDER

Rearrange the words to form complete and meaningful sentences. Begin each sentence with a capital letter and end it with a full-stop or a question mark.

<u>has</u>	the magazines	<u>from</u>	the	
removed	shelves	<u>who</u>		
	•			5
the pupils	the questions	<u>all</u>	<u>were</u>	on d
answer	whiteboard	<u>the</u>	<u>to</u> . , , , ,	<u>instructed</u>
			•	
the the	<u>is</u>	<u>what</u>	<u>to</u>	planning
<u>knife</u>	<u>he</u>	<u>do</u>	<u>rusty</u>	with 📡

4.	always call	<u>the</u>	their ho	<u>omes</u>	Plumber V	<u>Van</u>	pipes in
i	<u>leaking</u>	my neighb	ourhood	<u>to</u>	repair the		people in
				•			
							
	·	<u> </u>					
	•	•		. •			
5.	lying	they thoug	ıht ti	<u>ne</u>	dead	was	
0.	<u>creature</u>	so still that		was	<u>ueau</u>	was	
	<u>cicatare</u>	30 3tm tria	<u>. ir</u>	. was			•
				· . = · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
			• ,	-			
c	the clambants	` t la					
6.	the elephant's		olourful	-	always che	•	
	Rani's keeper	<u>secu</u>	<u>irely fast</u>	<u>ened</u>	<u>back</u>	<u>that</u>	<u>is</u>
							 ,



Do check your work! @

ame	e:	()	Date:	·····
lass	s: Primary 2 SY / C / G / SE / P	/ GR		SW 2.5.B5	
ΞN	TENCE MANIPULATION	W. W.		* #1 ***********************************	
om ear	bine the sentences to make ning of the sentence must be	one ser	ntence using me as the se	the word(s) g ntences give	given. The n.
	Ranee saw the nurse prepare	e the syr	nge. Ranee y	elled in fright.	
****					when
	The vase dropped onto the flo			g e steriegen	10 mg/40
					but
	· · · · · ·				•
	3. I have a lot of wor				
•	Joe heard his favourite song				urite song
	When				
		<u>. </u>			

You must neatly too	always do your work carefully. You must always do y	our y

Do check your work! @

Name:	()	Date:	
Class: Primary 2 SY / C / G / SE	/P/GR		SW 2.5.B6	RY
• •				
	•		a contract of the contract of	1 A 1 1 (62)

(2) FOCUS SKILLS COMPREHENSION (MCQ)

You will learn how to:

- use details
- sequence events

Read the passage below. Choose the most suitable answer and write its number in the brackets provided.

In the fall, the Science Club at Riverside School planned a science fair. They began by picking a day for the fair. Then, they brainstormed ideas for the booths. Maria decided to set up a display of recycled items. She wanted to show how paper, glass and plastic can be reused. Josh made a solar oven. He planned to use the oven to cook biscuits. Elliot figured out how to make a model of the local watershed. Carl thought of a way to share tips about raising different kinds of rabbits.

When the big day came, things did not go exactly as planned. First, the wind kicked up. Next, the clouds moved in. Then, the rain poured down. There was no sun at all so the solar oven did not heat up enough to cook the biscuits. Josh had globs of raw dough and no way to cook it. The model of the watershed was made of cardboard. It fell down during the first cloudburst. The rain made the rabbits wet and miserable.

However, the Science Club members did not let the weather get them down! Josh and Elliot used the biscuit dough to mould a new watershed model. While Carl put the rabbits under the solar oven to stay dry, Maria used recycled plastic to make a tent. When it was over, everyone thought the fair was a big hit.

1.	What did the students	s do before they brainstormed	l ideas for th	e booths?
f.			()
	ta waren ber			
2.	What happened before	re the clouds moved in?		
	(1)The rabbits got we (2)The wind kicked up (3)The sun did not shoured do	o. ine.	()
3.	Which of the following	g did NOT happen because of	the storm?	
4.	(1) The biscuits got were (2) The rabbits were (3) The solar oven did (4) The watershed mo	ınhappy. I not work.	()
	(1) wet. (2) in a cage	(3) in an oven I4) under a tent	() _
5.	The model of the water	ershed fell down because it wa	as made of_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
r. al sil - Madistrativity .	(1) plastic (2) cardboard	(3) biscuit dough (4) recycled glass	()
-		Do check your work! (9)		



Name:)	Date:	
Class: Primary 2 SY / C / G / SE / P / GR		SW 2.5.B7	्राष्ट्र
O FOOLIO OVILLO COMPREHENCION (O	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

© FOCUS SKILLS COMPREHENSION (OE)

You will learn how to:

- use details
- identify cause and effect
- use contextual clues
- · make predictions

Read the passage and answer the following questions.

The pupils of Primary 2 Hope were sad. Their form teacher was leaving the school. She was going to continue her studies. They bade her farewell tearfully.

After school, Bala walked with Jamil to the bus stop. When the bus arrived, two big boys pushed Jamil. They wanted to get on the bus first. Jamil fell and hurt his leg. He was angry with the boys but did not dare to tell them so.

A woman went up to Jamil. "Let me help you," she said. She dabbed some medicine on Jamil's knee. It hurt a little but Jamil refused to let it show.

The next day, Jamil could walk and run again. "The woman who helped me yesterday must be a nurse," Jamil told Bala as they walked to their classroom. When the bell rang, the new teacher came into the classroom. She was Ms Neetu - the lady who helped Jamil at the bus stop.

"What a coincidence," the boys thought to themselves.



ALL ANSWERS MUST BE IN COMPLETE SENTENCES.

		,					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-,	
How d	id Bala a	nd Jam	il go hom	e? [Use co	ntextual clues]	6L 6L	
					· .		
What h	pappened	d at the	bus stop	? [Use deta	iļs] 🛷		
			legite,		٠.		
					•		
	o we kno ntextual cl			g did not h	urt the next o	day?	
			,				
			n he saw t tions] ఈ ⇔		acher, Ms Ne	eetu, er	nter the

*7.	If you were the Jamil, would you enjoy being in Ms Neetu's class? Explain your answer.
*7.	

Do check your work! (9)







EXAM PAPER 2013

SCHOOL: SINGAPORE CHINESE GIRLS' SCHOOL

SUBJECT: PRIMARY 2 ENGLISH

TERM : TEST 2

Grammar

(A)

Q1) the, an

Q2) an

Q3) an, the

Q4) an

Q5) a

Q6) an

Q7) the

Q8) the, the

Q9) The, the

Q10) an, a

Q11) an, a

Q12) a, an

Q13) an, a

Q14) the, the

Q15) a, an

(B)

Q1) will be

Q2) will fly

Q3) will work

Q4) shall stay

Q5) will teach

Q6) will buy

- Q7) shall point
- Q8) will play
- Q9) shall take
- Q10) will return

Vocabulary

- (A)
- Q1) cashier
- Q2) newcaster
- Q3) teacher
- Q4) waitress
- Q5) policemen
- Q6) postman
- Q7) school attendant
- Q8) bellboy
- (B)
- Q1) experiment
- Q2) ringmaster
- Q3) smugglers
- Q4) spacesuits
- Q5) ballerinas
- Q6) shophouse
- Q7) injection
- Q8) lifequard
- Q9) helmets
- Q10) trainer

Punctuation

Passage 1

Galileo Galilei was an Italian physicist and astronomer. He was born in Pisa on 15 February 1564. His father, Vincenzo Galilei, was a famous musician. Vincenzo decided his son would become a doctor.

In 1609, Galileo-heard-about the invention of the spyglass, a device which made distant objects appear closer. He used his Mathematics knowledge and skills to improve upon the spyglass and build a telescope. Later that same year, he became the first person to look at the Moon through a telescope and make his first Page 3 of 4

astronomer discovery. He discovered that the Moon was not smooth. It was mountainous and pitted — just like the Earth.

Passage 2

Everything is made of chemicals. Chemist find ways to make chemicals useful to us. They also try to improve things that people use daily, such as paint, medicine, cosmetics, cars and airplanes. Chemists also search for new chemicals in nature. They search for ways to save energy and reduce pollution. Their research on living things helps doctors, farmers and food preparers to do their jobs better.

Michel Eugene Chevreul was a famous French chemist who created an early form of soap using animal fat and salt. There is even the Nobel Prize in Chemistry! Now, are you interested to become a chemist?

Grammar Cloze

- Q1) is
- Q2) enjoys
- Q3) was walking
- Q4) carried
- Q5) discovered
- Q6) calls
- Q7) play
- Q8) will go

Vocabulary Cloze

- Q1) make
- Q2) companions
- Q3) contented
- Q4) reading
- Q5) pull
- 06) admire
- Q7) well
- Q8) inspiration
- Q9) cleverly
- Q10) written-

Word Order

- Q1) Who has removed the magazines from the shelves?
- Q2) All the pupils were instructed to answer the questions on the whiteboard.

- Q3) What is he planning to do with the rusty knife?
- Q4) The people in my neighbourhood always call Plumber Wan to repair the leaking pipes in their homes.
- Q5) The creature was lying so still that they thought it was dead.
- Q6) Rani's keeper always checks that the colourful rug on the elephant's back is securely fastened.

Sentence Manipulation

- Q1) Ranee yelled in fright when she saw the nurse prepare the syringe.
- Q2) The vase dropped onto the floor but it did not break.
- Q3) Since I have a lot of work to complete, I cannot sleep now.
- Q4) When Joe heard his favourite song on the radio, he danced to it.
- Q5) Although Mr Wee was very angry, he could not bring himself to scold the pupil.
- Q6) You must always do your work carefully and neatly.

Focus Skills Comprehension

MCO

- Q1) 2
- Q2) 2
- Q3) 1
- Q4) 1
- Q5) 2

OE

- Q1) Their form teacher was leaving to continue her studies.
- Q2) They took the bus home.
- Q3) Two big boys pushed Jamil causing him to fall and hurt his leg.
- Q4) He could walk and run again.
- Q5) He was surprised.
- Q6) The word is "dabbed"
- Q7) Yes, I would. She is a caring teacher