

NANYANG PRIMARY SCHOOL

PRIMARY 3 SCIENCE

SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 2017

BOOKLET A

Date: 30th Oct 2017 Duration: 1 h 20 min

Name :		()
Class: Primary 3 ()	

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO. FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

Booklet A consists of 18 printed pages including this cover page.

Section A (24 x 2 marks = 48 marks)

For each question from 1 to 24, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet provided.

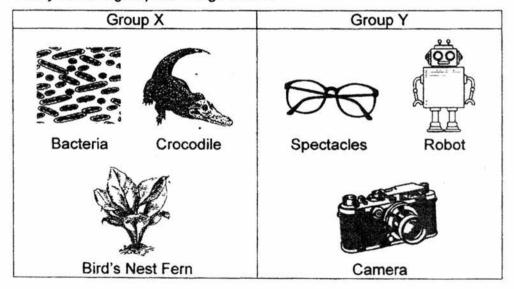
1. The table below shows the characteristics of things A, B and C.

Thing	Can move freely from one place to another	Can reproduce	Can grow
Α	✓	X	Х
В	1	/	1
С	X	1	1

Based on the table above, which one of the following could represent things A, B and C?

	Α	В	С
(1)	sunflower plant	shark	toy car
(2)	toy car	shark	sunflower plant
(3)	toy car	sunflower plant	shark
(4)	shark	toy car	sunflower plant

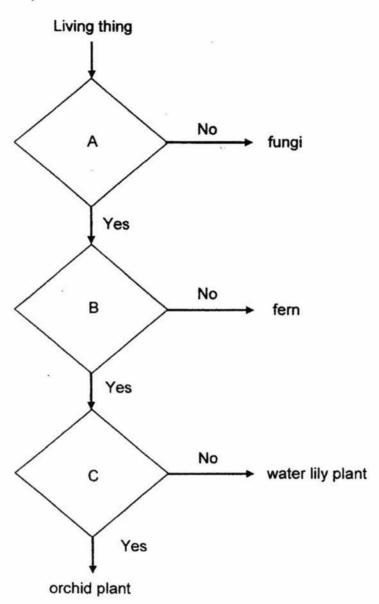
2. Study the two groups of things below.



Which one of the following descriptions about the things in groups X and Y is false?

	Group X	Group Y
(1)	can grow	cannot grow
(2)	can reproduce	cannot reproduce
(3)	can make their own food	cannot make their own food
(4)	can respond to surrounding changes	cannot respond to surrounding changes

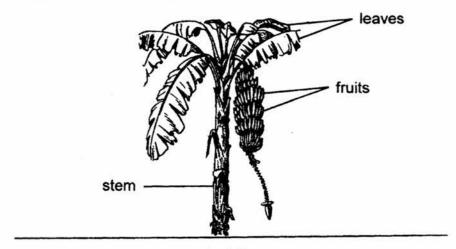
3. Study the flowchart below.



Based on the flowchart above, which one of the following best represents questions A, B and C?

Α	В	С
Does it reproduce by seeds?	Does it make its own food?	Does it grow in water?
Does it make its own food?	Does it reproduce by spores?	Does it grow on land?
Does it reproduce by spores?	Does it make its own food?	Does it grow in water?
Does it make its own food?	Does it reproduce by seeds?	Does it grow on land?

4. The diagram below shows plant X.



plant X

Based only on the diagram above, which one of the following statements about plant X is **true**?

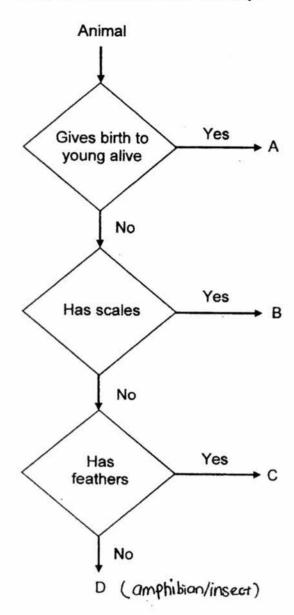
- (1) It is a water plant.
- (2) It is a flowering plant.
- (3) It reproduces by spores.
- (4) It has poisonous leaves.
- Study the table below. W, X, Y and Z represent the characteristics of animals. A tick (✓) shows that the animal has that characteristic.

••	W	X	Y	Z
rabbit		4		
cockroach	✓		1	
goldfish			1	1
toad			1	

Which of the following characteristics of animals could W, X, Y and Z represent?

	W	X	Υ	Z
1)	has 6 legs	lays eggs	gives birth to young alive	has moist skin
2)	lays eggs	has feathers	gives birth to young alive	has scales
3)	has 6 legs	gives birth to young alive	lays eggs	has scales
1)	has hard outer covering	gives birth to young alive	lays eggs	has moist skin

6. Study the flowchart below carefully.



Which of the following most likely represents a turtle?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

7. Study the table below carefully.

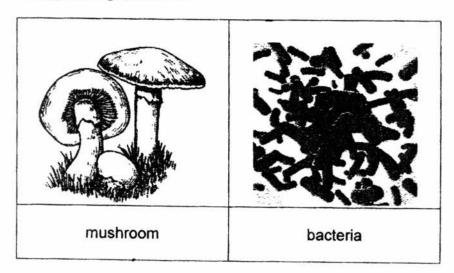
	Types of out	ter covering .	
P	Q	R .	S
bat dolphin lion	crocodile goldfish lizard	eagle ostrich parrot	frog salamander snake

Bethany classified the animals according to their outer covering. She had classified an animal wrongly.

Which animal was classified wrongly?

- (1) bat
- (2) eagle
- (3) snake
- (4) goldfish

8. Study the diagram below.



Which of the following statements about the 2 groups of living things are true?

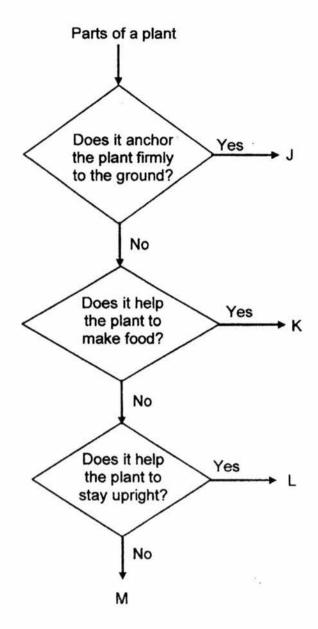
- A Both have gills.
- B Both can reproduce.
- C Both need air, food and water to survive.
- (1) A only

(2) A and B only

(3) B and C only

(4) A, B and C

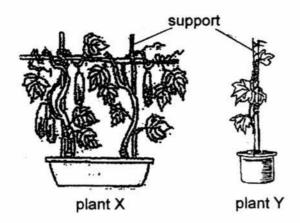
9. Study the chart below.



Which one of the following correctly represents the parts J, K, L and M?

J	K	L	М
roots	flower	leaves	stem
· stem	leaves	roots	leaves
leaves	stem	flower	roots
roots	leaves	stem	flower

10. The diagram below shows the adult plant X and plant Y.



Based only on the diagram, which of the following statement is **true** for both plants X and Y?

- (1) Both Plants X and Y have leaves, flowers, stems and roots.
- (2) Plant X reproduces by seeds but Plant Y reproduces by spores.
- (3) Plant X is a non-flowering plant but Plant Y is a flowering plant.
- (4) Both Plants X and Y need support to grow upright as they have weak stems.
- 11. Four children each gave a statement on the function of the large intestine.

Amanda:

It completes the digestion of food.

Beatrice:

It allows digested food to pass through its walls into the

blood.

Cadence:

It transports partially digested food to the stomach.

Elizabeth:

It removes water from undigested food.

Which one of the following children had made the correct statement?

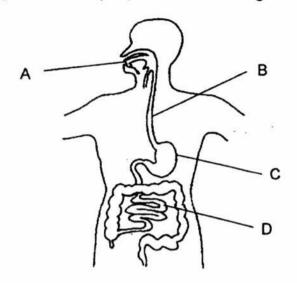
(1) Amandá

(2) Beatrice

(3) Cadence

(4) Elizabeth

12. The diagram below represents the human digestive system.



Which part of the digestive system does not produce digestive juices?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D
- 13. The diagram below shows a fish tank that contains some living things.



Ming Teck made the following statements on the fish tank above.

- A It can sink.
- B It is flexible.
- C It is waterproof.
- D It allows light to pass through.

Which of the following properties does the fish tank need in order to keep the living things inside it alive?

(1) A and B only

(2) A and C only

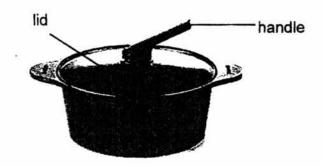
(3) B and D only

(4) C and D only

14. The table below shows some information on the properties of materials D, E, F and G. A tick (✓) indicates that the material has the property.

Material	Flexible	Waterproof	Does not break easily	Allow light to pass through
D	1	/	~	
E		1		1
F		1	1	
G	1	11	1	1

A cooking pot is shown below. The lid allows the user to see if the food is cooked. The handle of the pot allows the user to lift up the lid.



Which one of the following **correctly** represents the materials that are suitable to make the lid and the handle?

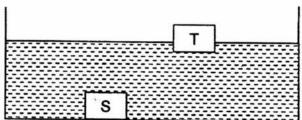
- (1)
- (2)
- (3) (4)
- Lid Handle

 D E

 E F

 G D

15. Megan wanted to find out which materials, S or T, can sink in water. The materials were of identical shapes and sizes and placed in a container of water. The diagram below shows the positions of the materials in the container.



Below are the statements made on the objects.

- A Material T is the strongest.
- B Material T floats but Material S sinks in water.
- C Material S is waterproof but Material T is not.
- D Material S allows light to pass through but Material T does not allow light to pass through.

Which of the above statement(s) is/ are definitely true?

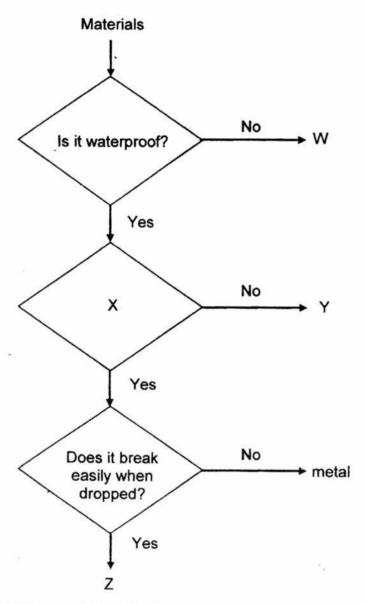
(1) B only

(2) B and D only

(3) A, B and C only

(4) A, C and D only

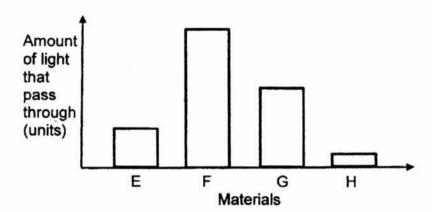
16. Study the chart below.



Which one of the following correctly represents W, X, Y and Z?

L	W	X	Y	Z
	plastic	Does it allow light to pass through?	glass	wood
	fabric	Does it sink in water?	wood	glass
	wood	Does it allow light to pass through?	fabric	paper
	paper	Does it sink in water?	plastic	fabric

 Sonia wanted to find out the amount of light that can pass through four identical sheets made of different materials, E, F, G and H. She shone light through the materials and recorded the results in the graph below.



Based on the results of the graph, Sonia made the following statements.

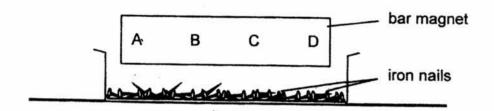
- A Material H is thicker than Material E.
- B Material F allows most light to pass through than
- C Material G allows more light to pass through Waterial E.
- D Material H allows more light to pass through than Material G.

Based on the information from the graph, which of the statements are true?

(1) A and B only

- (2) B and C only
- (3) A, C and D only
- (4) B, C and D only

 Joshua lowered a bar magnet into a container of iron nails as shown in the diagram below.



Then, he asked his friends to predict the amount of iron nails which would be attracted to each of the parts marked A, B, C and D. Their predictions are shown in the table below.

		Number of iron nails attracted				
	Part A	Part B	Part C	Part D		
Wen Ling	2	3	9	10		
Le Fan	1	12	11	3		
Yi Tian	11	8	3	2		
Zachary	10	3	2	11		

Which one of his friends had made the most likely prediction?

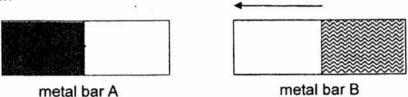
(1) Wen Ling

(2) Le Fan

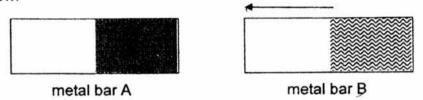
(3) Yi Tian

(4) Zachary

 Lucas had two metal bars, A and B. He moved bar A towards bar B and observed that bar B moved towards bar A as shown in the diagram below.

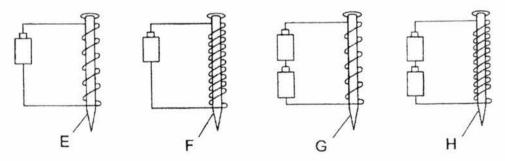


Then, he flipped bar A around and moved it towards bar B again. He observed that bar B moved towards bar A as shown in the diagram below.



Which one of the following is true about metal bars A and B?

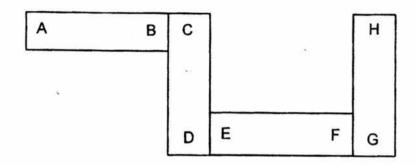
- Both metal bars A and B are magnets.
- (2) Both metal bars A and B are made of non-magnetic materials.
- (3) Metal bar A is a magnet while metal bar B is made of magnetic material.
- (4) Metal bar A is made of non-magnetic material while metal bar B is a magnet.
- 20. Shane turned 4 identical iron nails, E, F, G and H, into electromagnets using the electrical method as shown below.



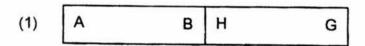
Which one of the following correctly identifies the strongest and weakest electromagnets?

	strongest electromagnet	weakest electromagnet
(1)	G	E
(1) (2) (3) (4)	Н	G
(3)	F .	Н
(4)	Н	E

21. Kayla labelled the poles of four identical bar magnets as A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H. She arranged the four magnets such that all four magnets were attracted as shown below.

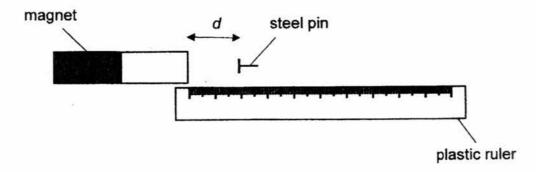


Which one of the following shows the possible arrangement of two of the magnets?



22. Sophie set up the experiment as shown below to compare the strength of four magnets P, Q, R and S.

She measured the furthest distance, d; required before the magnet attracted the steel pin.



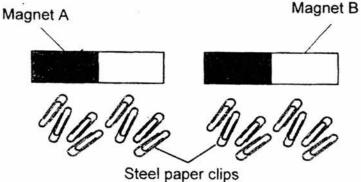
Sophie recorded the results of her experiments in the table below.

Magnet	Distance between magnet and steel pin (d) in cm before it was attracted
Р	3
Q	6
R	4
S	2

Based on her results, which of the following conclusions are correct?

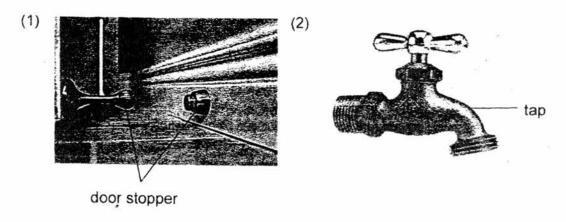
- A Magnet S is the strongest.
- B Magnet P is weaker than Q.
- C Magnet R is stronger than P.
- D Magnet Q is stronger than R but weaker than S.
- (1) A and B only
- (2) B and C only
- (3) A, C and D only
- (4) B, C and D only

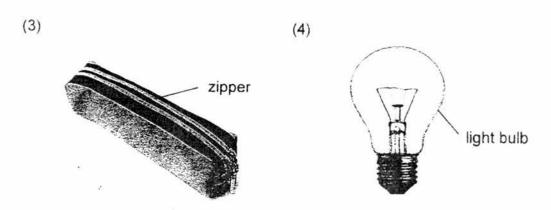
 Jiaqi had two identical magnets, A and B, which attracted the same number of steel paper clips. She then dropped magnet A on the floor 30 times.



What would she likely observe if she brought magnets A and B near the same steel paper clips as shown above?

- (1) Magnet A attracted more steel paper clips than magnet B.
- (2) Magnet A attracted fewer steel paper clips than magnet B.
- (3) Both magnets A and B did not attract any steel paper clips.
- (4) Both magnets A and B attracted the same number of steel paper clips.
- 24. Which one of the following objects makes use of magnets in order to function?







NANYANG PRIMARY SCHOOL

PRIMARY 3 SCIENCE

SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 2017

BOOKLET B

Date: 30th Oct 2017

Duration: 1 h 20 min

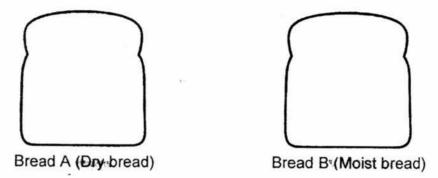
Name :	()
Class: Primary 3()		
Marks Scored:		
Booklet A:	48	
Booklet B :	32	
Total :	80	
Any query on marks awa We seek your understand marks will lead to delays	ling in this matter as a	d by <u>8 November 2017</u> . any delay in the confirmation of sults.
Parent's signature:		
DO NOT OPEN THIS BOO FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTI		TOLD TO DO SO.
Booklet B consists of 15	printed pages including	g this cover page.

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Section B (32 marks)

Write your answers to questions 25 to 34 in the spaces provided.

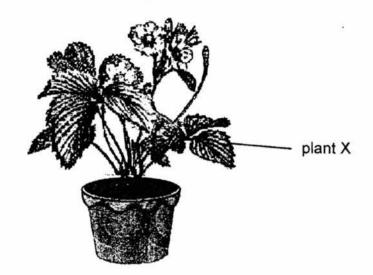
25. Anita had 2 slices of identical bread, A and B.



She then placed bread A and B exposed on the kitchen table for 5 days.

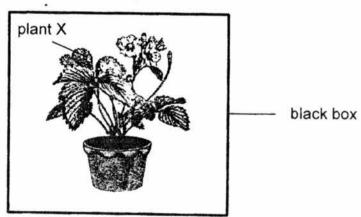
	nich bread, A or B, will most likely have more mould growing on it afte lays? Explain your answer. [1]
Sta (i)	ate another 2 conditions that mould requires to grow on the bread. [1
(ii)	
An are	ita then said that mould belongs to the group of fungi and all fungi e micro-organisms. Explain why she was wrong. [1]

26. Charlie saw potted plant X in the garden as shown below.



(a)	based on the diagram above, which group of plants does plant X m				
	likely belong to? Give a reason for your answer.	[1			

Charlie then placed a black box over plant X as shown below.



)	Give a reason why.	

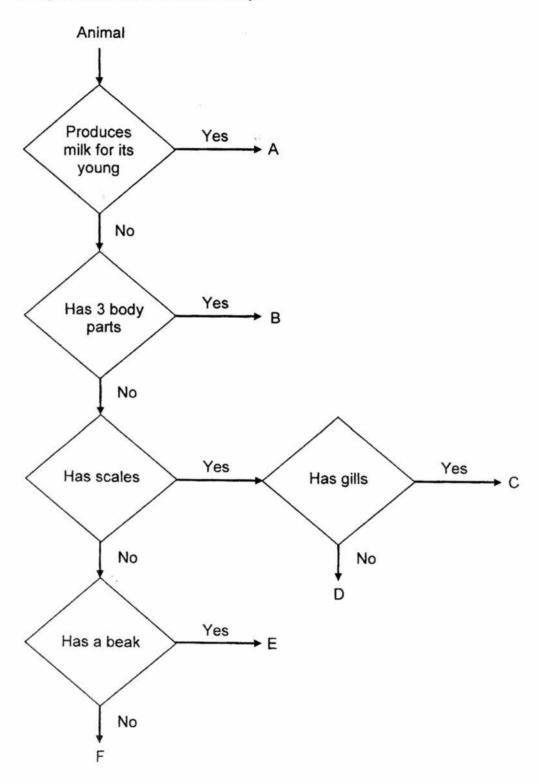
(c) (b)

Charlie then made the following statements about plants. Put a tick (✓) in the correct box below for each statement.

[2]

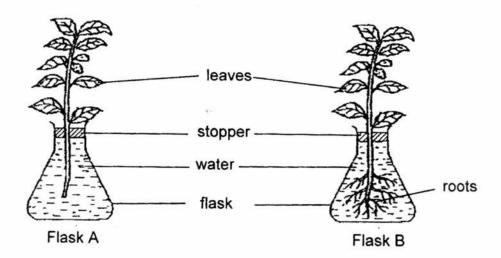
Statements	True	False
All plants can produce flowers.		
All plants can respond to changes around them.		
All plants can move freely on their own from one place to another.		
All plants are living things and they need air, food and water to survive.		
	All plants can produce flowers. All plants can respond to changes around them. All plants can move freely on their own from one place to another. All plants are living things and they	All plants can produce flowers. All plants can respond to changes around them. All plants can move freely on their own from one place to another. All plants are living things and they

27. Study the flowchart below carefully.

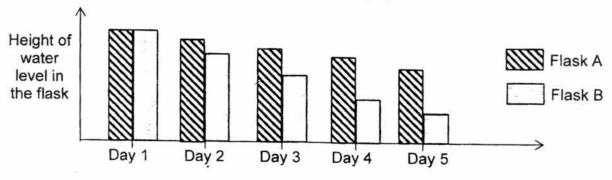


State	e all the characteristics of animal B.	
State	e one difference between animal C and animal D.	
		-1123
Whic	ch group of animals does animal F most likely belong to?	
	e an example of each of the animals below. not state the animal group.)	
(i)	Animal A:	
(ii)	Animal E:	

28. Rahim conducted an experiment as shown below to find out if the roots of the plant affect the amount of water left in the flask.



He recorded the results of the experiment in the graph.

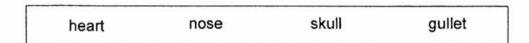


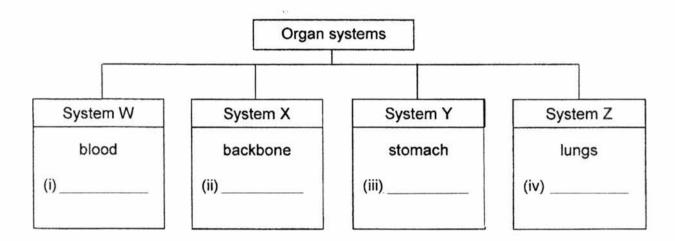
Number of days

Comp	pare and state the amount of water left in both flasks	after 5 days. [1
Give	a reason for the observation made in part (a).	[1
State	another function of the roots of a plant.	[1

- 29. Study the chart below.
 - (a) Classify the following organs in the chart.

[2]





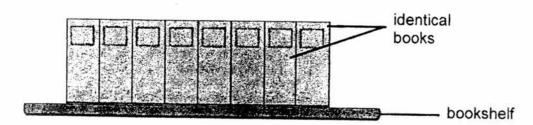
(b) Identify system Z.

[1]

- (c) Which system, W, X, Y or Z, works with the muscular system to enable us to bend, stretch and move? [1]
 - (i) System ____
 - (ii) State the name of the system you have chosen in part c(i).

 Mason wanted to find out which one of the four materials A, B, C or D is most suitable to be used to make a bookshelf.

He set up the experiment as shown below. He placed identical books onto the four similar bookshelves made of materials A, B, C and D until the bookshelf broke.

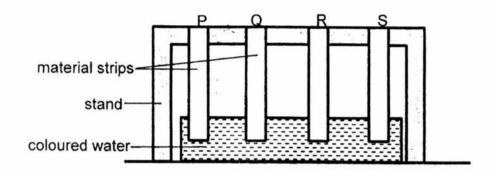


He recorded his observation in the table below.

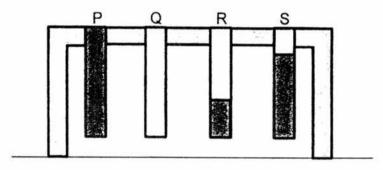
Material	Α	В	С	D
Maximum number of identical books needed to break the shelf	15	29	4	10

Weakest Strongest Based on the observation above, which is the most suitable mater make the bookshelf? Explain your answer.		according to	their strength.		
Based on the observation above, which is the most suitable mater	Washart .				
Based on the observation above, which is the most suitable mater make the bookshelf? Explain your answer.	vveakest			→ Str	rongest
	Based on the observa make the bookshelf? E	ition above, v Explain your a	which is the m	ost suita	able mater

31. Alvin set up an experiment to find out which material can absorb the most amount of water. He used four identical strips made of different materials and hung them from a stand. The ends of the strips are dipped into a container of coloured water.



The diagram below shows the result of the experiment after 3 hours. The shaded parts indicate the coloured water being absorbed by the different material strips.

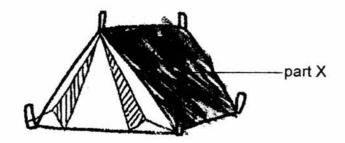


Alvin would like to use one of the materials to make a water bottle.



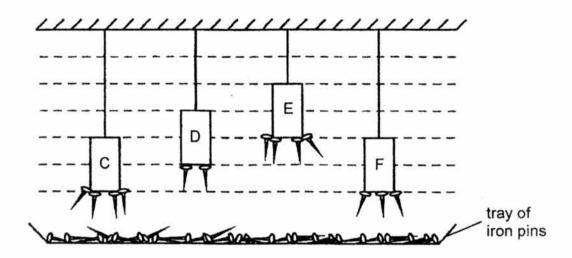
(a) Based on the results of the experiment, which material should he use to make the water bottle? Explain your answer. [2]

Alvin then studied an image of a tent as shown below.



(b)	Alvin said that Material P was not suitable to make part X of the tent.			
	Explain why he was correct.	[1]		

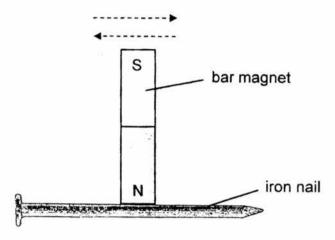
32. Allyshia hung four magnets, C, D, E and F, above a tray of identical iron pins. The diagram below shows the positions of the four magnets and the number of iron pins each magnet had attracted.



Based on Allyshia's results, put a tick (✓) in the correct boxes to show which of the following statements are true, false or not possible to tell. [3]

Statements	True	False	Not possible to tell
Magnet C is as strong as magnet E.			
Magnet F is weaker than magnet C.			
Magnet D is the weakest.			
	Magnet C is as strong as magnet E. Magnet F is weaker than magnet C.	Magnet C is as strong as magnet E. Magnet F is weaker than magnet C.	Magnet C is as strong as magnet E. Magnet F is weaker than magnet C.

33. Kong Yi wanted to magnetise an iron nail by the stroke method. He stroked the iron nail back and forth, in opposite directions, with a bar magnet 30 times as shown in the diagram below.



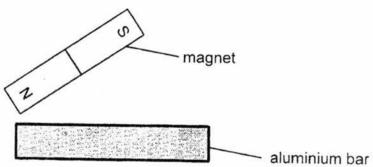
(a) He noticed that the iron nail was not magnetised. State two things Kong Yi should do to magnetise the iron nail successfully using the stroke method.

[2]

(i) _____

(ii) _____

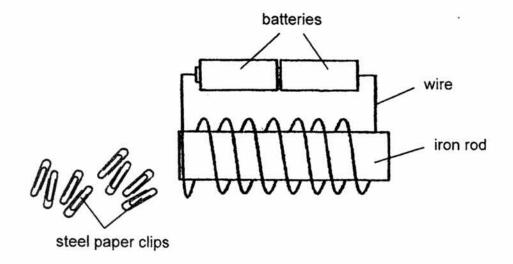
Ryan was able to use the stroke method correctly. He wanted to magnetise an aluminium bar using a strong magnet. No matter how many times he stroke the aluminium bar with the magnet, it was unable to pick up any steel pins.



(b) Give a reason why the aluminium bar was not magnetised.

[1]

34. Ethan conducted an experiment as shown below with 2 new batteries, a piece of wire and an iron rod.



When he placed some steel paper clips near the iron rod, he observed that they were attracted to the iron rod.

(a) Give a reason why the steel paper clips were attracted to the iron rod.
[1]

- (b) Other than adding more batteries to the set-up, what else could Ethan do to enable the iron rod to attract **more** steel paper clips? [1]
- (c) What would happen to the steel paper clips if Ethan removed the two batteries from the set-up? [1]

EXAM PAPER 2017

LEVEL

: PRIMARY 3

SCHOOL

: NANYANG PRIMARY SCHOOL

SUBJECT

: SCIENCE.

TERM

SA2

Booklet A

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14
2	3	4	2	3	2	3	3	4	4	4	2	4	2
Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24				
1	2	2	4	3	4	2	2	2	1				

Booklet B Q25 (a) ateris present in bread B. (i) Air/foo (b) (ii) warmth (c) Some fungi can be seen with the naked eye. Q26 (a) Flowering plant! Plant X produces flowers. (b) Plant X has no sunlight/light to make food. (i) False (c) III) True (iii) False (iv) False Q27 Animal B does not produce milk for its young and has 3 body part (a) (b) Animal C has gills but animal D does not have gills. (c) Amphibians (d) (i) L(ion)/Dog/Cat (any mammals) (ii) Parrot/Eagle Pigeon (any bird) Q28 (a) The amount of water left in the flask A is more than the amount of water left in Flask B. Or The amount of water left in the flask Bis Less than the amount of water left in The plant in Flask B has roots so it takes in more water from the flask than (b) the plant without roots in Flask A. Or The plant in Flask A has no roots so it takes in less water from the flask than the plant with roots in Flask B. (c) Roots of the plant hold the plant firmly to the ground. Q29 (a) (i) Heart (ii) Skull (iii) gullet (iv) nose (b) Respiratory system (c) (i) system X (ii) skeleton system

