METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

Founded in 1887



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2019 PRIMARY 6 SCIENCE

BOOKLET A

Total Time for Booklets A and B: 1 hour 45 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so.

Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

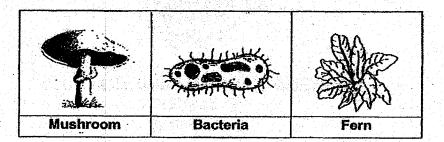
Shade your answers in the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS) provided.

1 .					
Name:				 (
Class:	Primar	y 6			
Date:	22 Au	gust	2019		

For each question from 1 to 28, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS).

[56 marks]

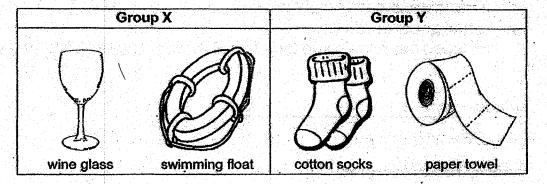
1 Study the three organisms as shown below.



Which statement is correct?

- (1) They can make food.
- (2) They respond to changes.
- (3) They reproduce by spores.
- (4) They can break down dead matter.

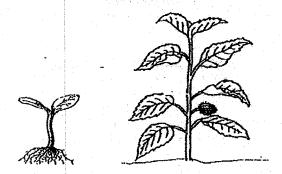
2 Study the classification table below.



Which of the following properties are used to classify the objects into Group X and Group Y?

	Group X	Group Y
(1)	Stiff and float in water	Flexible and absorbent
(2)	Strong and float in water	Break easily and sink in water
(3)	Waterproof and strong	Absorbent and flexible
(4)	Transparent and stiff	Opaque and flexible

The diagram below shows a seedling and its adult plant.



Which one of the following statements is not true?

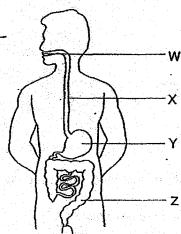
- (1) Both have strong stems.
- (2) Both cannot bear flowers.
- (3) Both can make their own food.
- (4) The adult plant bears fruits but not the seedling.
- 4 Gopal observed two insects, S and T, and recorded his observations below.

and the state of t	Insect S	Insect T		
It has three body parts	✓	✓		
Part of its life cycle is spent in water	✓			
The young resembles the adult		✓		

Which of the following insects did Gopal observe?

	- Insect S	Insect T
(1)	mosquito	cockroach
(2)	dragonfly	mosquito
(3)	frog	dragonfly
(4)	butterfly	grasshopper

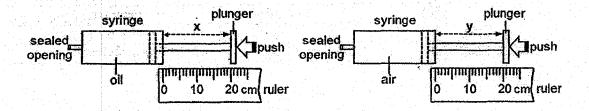
The diagram below shows the different organs, W, X, Y and Z, of a human digestive system.



What of the following shows the correct function for each organ?

Food is further digested into a soupy mix (1) Y (2) Z (3) Y		Food is broken into smaller substances	Water is removed from the undigested food	Partially digested food moves into the stomach		
(1)	Y	W	X	Z		
(2)	Z	W	Υ	X		
(3)	Y	W	Z	X		
(4)	X	Y	\mathbf{Z}	W		

Joshua used two identical syringes for an experiment. One syringe was filled with 50 cm³ of oil while the other was filled with 50 cm³ of air.

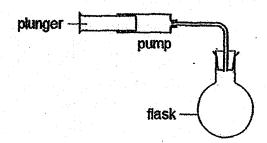


He pushed each plunger as hard as he could and measured distance ${\bf x}$ and distance ${\bf y}$.

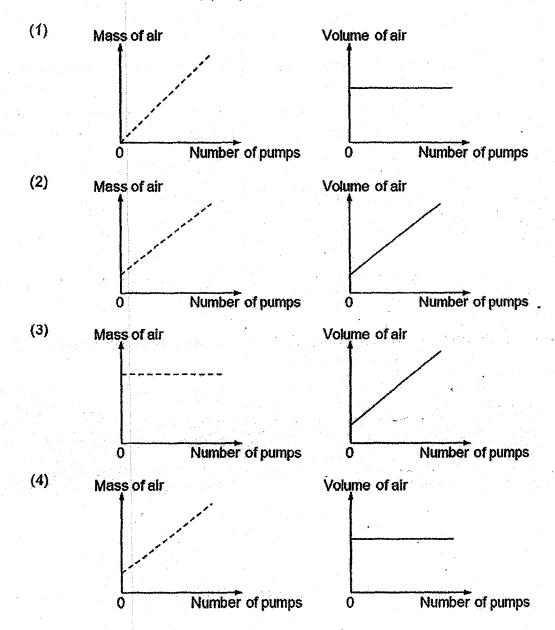
Which of the following shows the correct values of x and y?

	x (cm)	y (cm)
(1)	0	10
(2)	5	20
(3)	10	0
(4)	20	5 ·

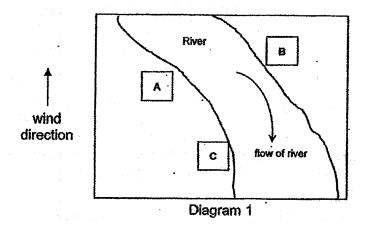
A pump was connected to a flask as shown below. It was able to pump 50 cm³ of air into the flask each time the plunger was pushed in completely.



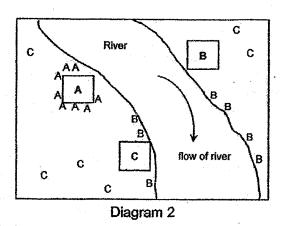
Which of the following pair of graphs show the mass and volume of the air in the flask as air was continually pumped into the flask?



Three different types of flowering plants, A, B and C, were growing in fields near a river as shown in Diagram 1.



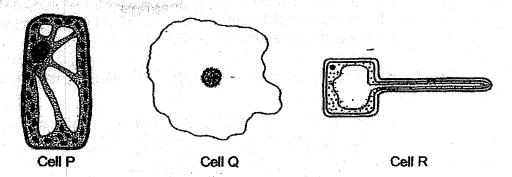
A few years later, more of each plant, A, B and C, were found growing in the fields as shown in Diagram 2.



What are the likely characteristics of the fruits of plants A, B and C, which helped them to disperse their seeds?

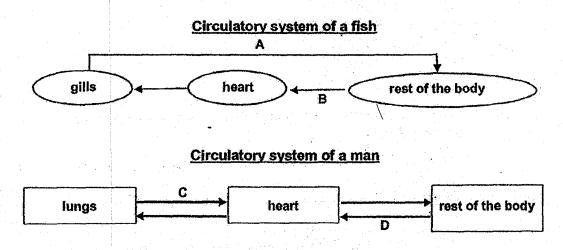
	Plant A	Plant B	Plant C
(1)	fleshy and edible	splits open when ripe	hook-like structures
(2)	splits open when ripe	waterproof covering	wing-like structure
(3)	splits open when ripe	fibrous husk	fleshy and edible
(4)	fibrous husk	fleshy and edible	wing-like structure

9 The diagram below shows three cells, P, Q and R.



Which one of the following statements is true?

- (1) Cell Q and Cell R are animal cells.
- (2) Cell P and Cell R have no fixed shapes.
- (3) Cell P and Cell R can make food for the plant.
- (4) Cell P, Cell Q and Cell R can control the substances that enter or leave them.
- The diagrams below show how gases are transported in the circulatory systems of a fish and a man.

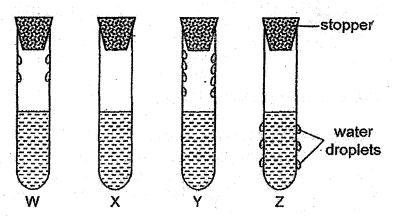


Which of the following correctly describe the blood vessels A, B, C and D?

	Blood rich in oxygen	Blood rich in carbon dloxide		
(1)	A and C	B and D		
(2)	A and B	C and D		
(3)	B and D	A and C		
(4)	B and C	A and D		

11 Kaylie conducted an experiment in the laboratory. She filled four identical test tubes, W, X, Y and Z with the same volume of water at different temperatures. Then she covered the test tubes with identical stoppers.

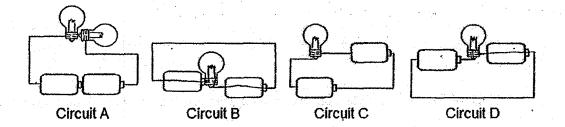
The diagram below shows Kaylie's observation after five minutes.



Which one of the following shows how the temperature of water arranged from the highest to the lowest?

Highest → Lowest

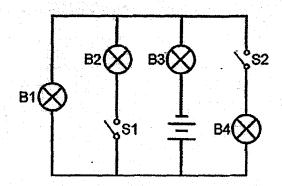
- (1) X, W, Y, Z
- (2) Y, W, X, Z
- (3) Y, Z, W, X
- (4) Z, X, W, Y
- 12 Study the four circuits in which identical bulbs and batteries are connected as shown below.



In which circuits would the bulb(s) light up?

- (1) A and B
- (2) A and C
- (3) B and D
- (4) C and D

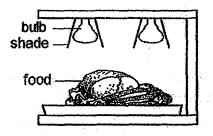
Four bulbs, B1, B2, B3 and B4, were connected in a circuit with two switches, S1 and S2. All the components were working properly.



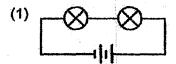
Which of the following is correct?

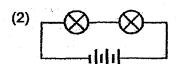
	Switches		Did the bulb light up?				
	S1	S2	B1	B2	B3	B4	
(1)	closed	closed	yes	no	yes	yes	
(2)	closed	open	no	yes	yes	no	
(3)	open	closed	no	no	yes	yes	
(4)	open	open.	yes	no	yes	no	

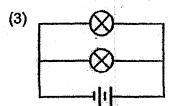
A restaurant uses a portable food warmer to keep food hot. The warmer has two identical bulbs which give out more heat when they are brighter.

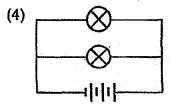


Which of the following circuits should be used such that food will be kept the warmest?

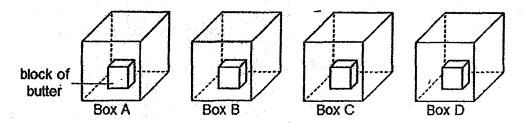




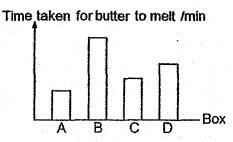




A block of butter was placed in each of the four boxes, A, B, C and D. The boxes are identical in size and made up of different materials of equal thickness.



The graph below shows the time taken for the block of butter in each box to melt completely.



Based on the results, which box is the most suitable for keeping the butter?

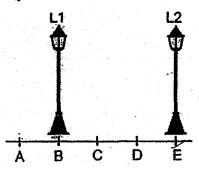
- (1) *A*
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D
- Clarice heated a beaker of pure water and measured its temperature. The table below shows the results of the experiment.

Time / min	Temperature / °C
0	30
2	50
4	70
6	90
8	?

What is the temperature of the beaker of water at the 8th minute?

- (1) 90°C
- (2) 100 °C
- (3) 110°C
- (4) 120 °C

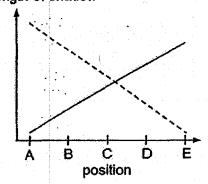
17 Siti was walking along a path, from A to E, with two lamps, L1 and L2, placed at position B and E respectively.



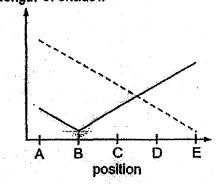
Which one of the following graphs shows how the length of her shadows changed?

Legend:
Shadow caused by L1
Shadow caused by L2

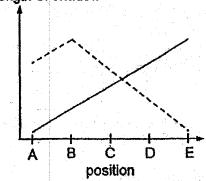
(1) Length of shadow



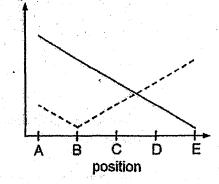
(2) Length of shadow



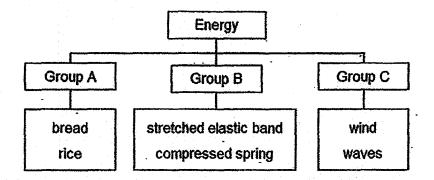
(3) Length of shadow



(4) Length of shadow



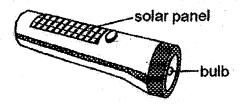
18 Study the classification chart below.



Which of the following are suitable headings for groups A, B and C?

	Α	В	С	
(1)	heat energy	kinetic energy	chemical potential energy	
(2)	chemical potential energy	heat energy	sound energy	
(3)	sound energy	chemical potential energy	heat energy	
(4)	chemical potential energy	elastic potential energy	kinetic energy	

19 The diagram below shows a solar powered torch. The solar panel traps energy from the sun and stores it in the cell.



Which one of the following correctly shows the energy conversion when the torch is switched on?

- (1) Solar energy → light energy → heat energy
- (2) Solar energy → electrical energy → light energy + heat energy
- (3) Potential energy → electrical energy → light energy + heat energy
- (4) Potential energy → solar energy → light energy → heat energy

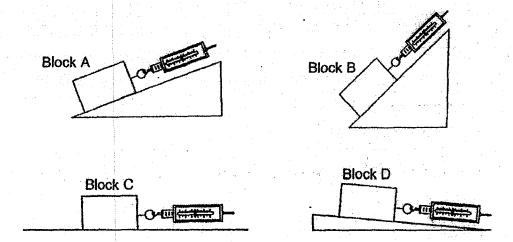
Five bell jars, each containing a similar plant with the same number of leaves, were set up according to different set of conditions as shown in the table below.

		Set-up				
Condition	1	2	3.	4	5	
100 ml of water	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Presence of sunlight	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	
Presence of oxygen	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
Presence of carbon dioxide	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Which pair of set-ups is the most appropriate to show that sunlight is needed for photosynthesis?

- (1) Set-ups 1 and 2
- (2) Set-ups 1 and 5
- (3) Set-ups 3 and 4
- (4) Set-ups 3 and 5

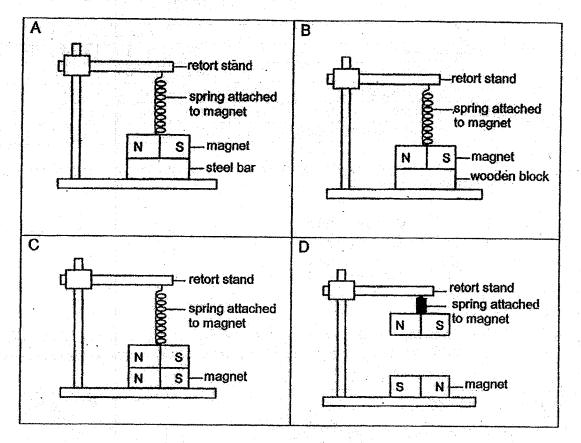
21 Ali used a spring balance to pull four blocks, A, B, C and D, along four similar surfaces in his experiment below. The blocks are of similar sizes and made of same material.



If the spring balance shows the same readings for all the blocks, which block has the smallest mass?

- (1) Block A
- (2) Block B
- (3) Block C
- (4) Block D

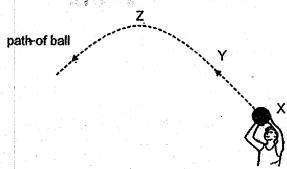
22 Study the four set-ups below.



Which of the above arrangement(s) of the magnets is/are possible?

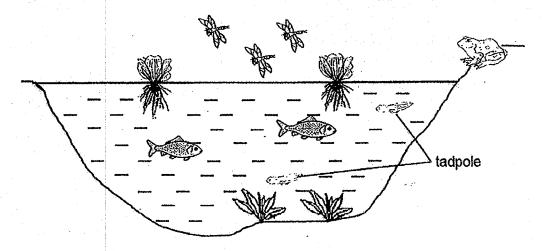
- (1) A only
- (2) A and B only
- (3) C and D only
- (4) A, B, C and D

23 Joshua threw a basketball at X and it moved along the path as shown in the diagram below.



Which statements are not true?

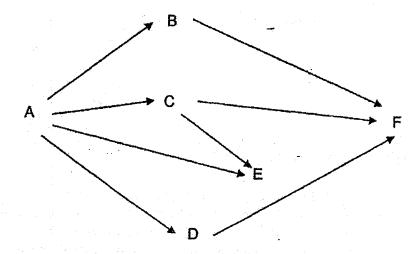
- A At X, there is no force acting on the basketball.
- B At Y, there is gravitational attraction between the basketball and the Earth.
- C At Z, the basketball started to fall as there was no more force acting on it.
- D The gravitational force acting on the basketball does not change from point X to Z.
- (1) A and C only
- (2) B and D only
- (3) A, B and C only
- (4) A, B, C and D
- 24 The diagram below shows a pond habitat.



How many populations of producers and consumers are present in this habitat?

	Number of populations of						
	producers	consumers					
(1)	2	3					
(2)	2	4					
(3)	4	3					
(4)	4	8					

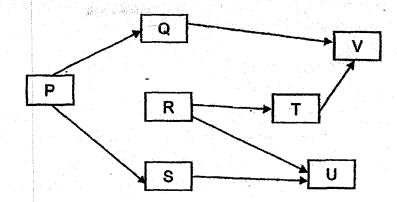
25 Study the food web as shown below.



Which of the following statements about the food web are true?

- A Organism D and F are both preys and predators.
- B There are three plant-eaters and one animal-eater.
- C Organism E gets its energy directly from organisms A and C.
- D All the energy in organism B is transferred to organism F.
- (1) A and D only
- (2) B and C only
- (3) A, B and C only
- (4) B, C and D only

26 Study the food web shown below.



If the population of organism R decreases, which of the following populations will be most affected?

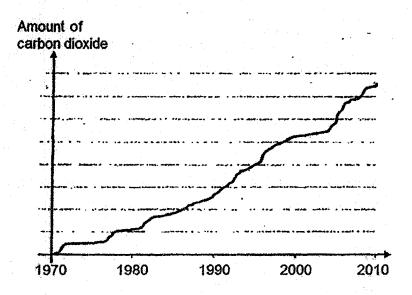
- (1) Q
- (2) S
- (3) T
- (4) U
- 27 A praying mantis has several adaptations which help to protect it from predators.



What are some of these structural adaptations?

- A It spreads its forelegs to appear bigger.
- B It has feelers which help it to detect danger.
- C It fans its wings to appear more threatening.
- D It blends in with the surroundings to hide from its predators.
- (1) B and D only
- (2) A, B and D only
- (3) A, C and D only
- (4) A, B, C and D

The graph below shows how the amount of carbon dioxide in the air has changed over the years in a country from 1970 to 2010.



Which of the following is/are effect(s) of the trend shown in the graph above?

- A flood
- B acid rain
- C soil erosion
- D deforestation
- (1) A only
- (2) A and B only
- (3) B, C and D only
- (4) A, C and D only

End of Booklet A

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL Founded in 1887



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2019 PRIMARY 6 SCIENCE

BOOKLET B1

Total Time for Booklets A and B: 1 hour 45 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so. Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in this booklet.

Name:	()
Class: Primary 6	3.	

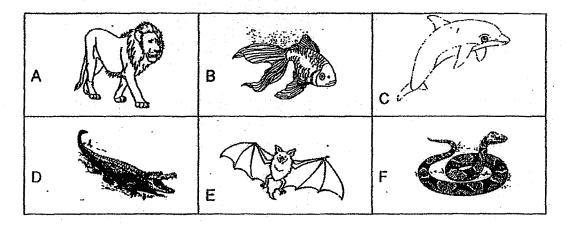
Date: 22 August 2019

Booklet A	 56
Booklet B1	22
Booklet B2	22
Total	100
Parent's Signature	

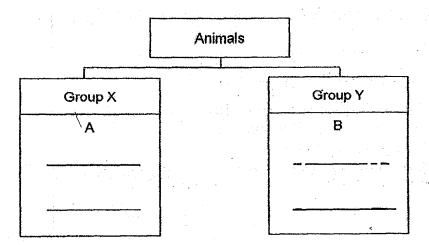
This booklet consists of 9 printed pages including this page.

For questions 29 to 34, write your answers in the spaces provided. The number of marks available is shown in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. [22 marks]

29 Study the animals as shown below.



(a) Animals A and B have been grouped under Group X and Group Y respectively as shown below. Classify animals C to F in the chart below respectively. [2]



(b)	Suggest suitable headings based on your answer in (a)					

·					
Group X:		1.5	 		San
•			 		
Group Y:					

SCORE	
	3

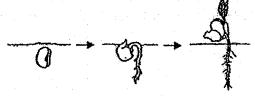
The table below shows some characteristics of flowers from two plants, F and G.

Plant F	Plant G
Large brightly coloured petals	Small dull coloured petals
Long stigma	Short stigma
One ovule in ovary	Many ovules in ovary

The diagram below shows a fruit formed from one of the plants. It is cut into half as shown below.

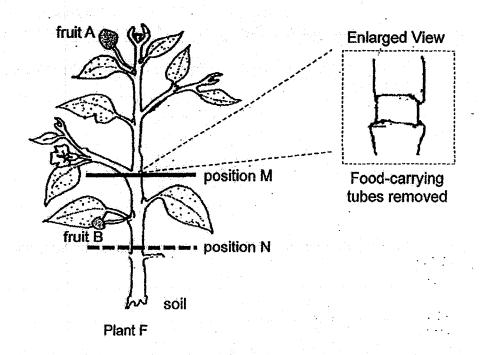


-			-	, 1984 (199 ₂)			
		<u></u>					
Which	olant, F or 0	G, is the frui	t most likely	taken from	? Explair	your answ	er.
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
						 	



(C)	variat are the conditions necessary for it to take place?						
				•			

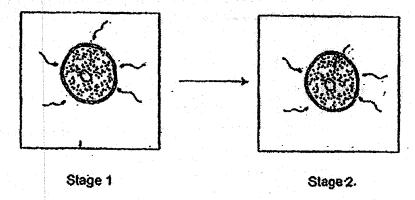
A farmer conducted an experiment using plant F. He removed an outer ring of the stem at position M as shown in the diagram below. The food-carrying tubes were removed while the water carrying tubes remained in the stem.



- (d) The farmer observed that after two weeks, fruit A grew bigger than fruit B. Suggest why fruit A was bigger. [1]
- (e) The farmer then made a deeper cut at position N and removed the water-carrying tubes. He observed that the plant wilted after some time. Suggest a possible reason.

SCORE 5

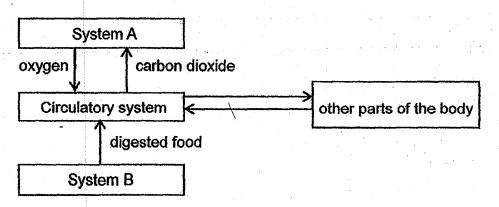
31 The diagram below shows a life process occurring in a female body.



(a) Describe what happens during the process.

[1]

The flow of substances between different body systems in a human being can be represented by the diagram below.



(b) What are systems A and B?

[1]

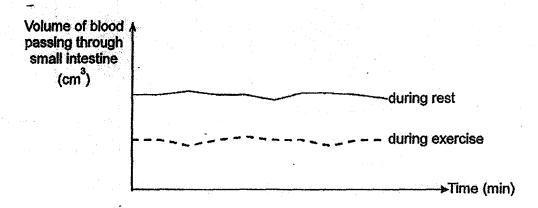
System A: _____system

System B: _____system

SCORE 2

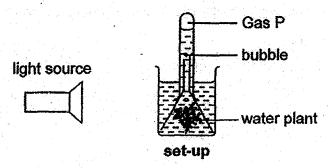
(Go on to the next page)

The graph below shows the volume of blood passing through the small intestine during rest and exercise over a period of time.



(c)	Using the graph above, explain how exercising after a meal affects the absorption digested food in the small intestine.									ption of	
			•	:							
							e de la companya de l				
			•	•							
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

Muthu wanted to find out how light affects the number of bubbles produced by a water plant. He placed a lamp at different distances from set-up and counted the number of bubbles produced per minute.



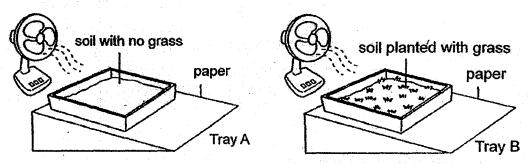
His results are shown below.

Distance of lamp from set-up (cm)	25	20	15	10	5
Number of bubbles per minute	10	15	20	25	25

(a)		s results, what is the nd the rate of photos			the second of the second		or lamp	110m [2]
					* + 1 * 1	2		
			ing valid			ji j ah asati sa		
(b)	Name Gas P. Ho	w was it produced?						[1]
							\	
					4			
								•
(c)	Murthu prepared of the set-up.	another set-up as al	ove with	hout the li	ght sourc	e. Explain	the pur	pose [1]

SCORE	
	4

Lily conducted an experiment with two trays containing the same amount of soil as shown below. A patch of grass was placed in Tray B but not Tray A. She left each tray at equal distance in front of a fan. After two hours, she recorded the amount of soil particles collected on the paper under each tray.



After the experiment, she concluded that there was more soil particles collected on the paper under Tray A than Tray B.

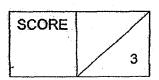
(a)	Give a reason	why the	re was	more	soil	particles	collected	on the	paper	under	Tray A
	than Tray B.					. •					[1]
	•	•									

The diagram below shows a road winding around a highland in a country.

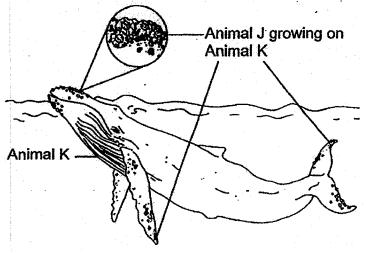


(b)	Based on the experiment	in (a),	explain clearly	/ how g	rowing	plants on the	slope of	can
	prevent soil erosion.			2.5				[1]

(c) Suggest another negative impact if all the plants on the slope of the highland are cut down. [1]



Animal J is a small animal with hard shell and it can be found on rocks. Some of them attach themselves to the skin of Animal K and form thick crusts on its head, tail and flippers as shown below.



(a)	Animal J attach themselves on Animal K and	l gel	carried t	o other	places.	How	does
•••	being carried to other places benefit Animal J?	?					[1]

(b)	Animal K sometimes defends itself by striking its head, flippers or tail at its	s predators.
	How is the presence of Animal J an advantage to Animal K?	[1]

(c)	Explain how the body shap	e of Animal K ca	n help in its survival.	[1]
			•	

SCORE 3

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(x,y) = (x,y) + (x,y

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL Founded in 1887

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2019 PRIMARY 6 SCIENCE

BOOKLET B2

Total Time for Booklets A and B: 1 hour 45 minutes

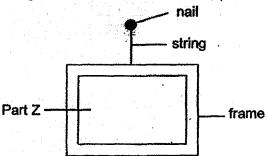
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so. Follow all instructions carefully. Answer all questions.

Name:		()
Class: Primary 6). <u> </u>		
Date: 22 Augus	t 2019		

Booklet B2 22 For questions 35 to 40, write your answers in the spaces provided. The number of marks available is shown in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. [22 marks]

Morgan wanted to frame some photos and hang them onto the wall for display. Each frame has a mass of 150g and he had to attach a string to it so that he could hang it.



To find suitable strings for his frames, Morgan carried out an experiment. He kept adding loads onto each string, A, B, C and D, until it broke. The strings were of equal length but made of different materials.

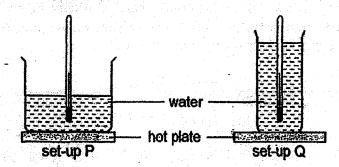
His results are as shown in the table below.

String	Amount of loads hung onto string before it broke (g)
Α	130
В	190
C	80
D	220

answer.	noula Morg	an chose to	nang ms p	icture frames	Give a	reasonic	or yo
	:						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-		`< .	*	
What property		is suitable	for makino	g part Z of the	e photo	frame?	Give]
reason for your							ı,

SCORE	
	2

36 Mei Li set up an experiment with two setups, P and Q, as shown.



Two beakers of different sizes, filled with equal amount of water at room temperature, were heated on identical hot plates for two minutes.

(a)	In which setup,	P or Q, wou	ld the thermo	meter record a	a higher	reading?	Explain	your
	answer.							[1]
	anorron.			W. C				1.1

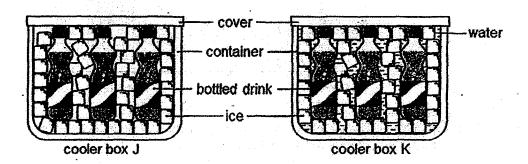
(b)	Mei Li observed that there	was less water	left in set-up l	P at the end of	the experiment.
	Explain the observation.				[1]

Mei Li watched a documentary film featuring animal H which lived in a hot desert with temperature of up to 60 °C. It lifted up its front leg and opposite hind leg on an alternate basis.



(c)	How does th	ls adaptation help ar	nimal H to keep itself cool in	the hot desert?	[1]
		2			
	and the second s	and the second s			

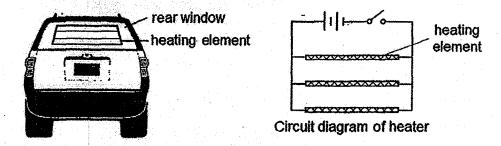
Mei Li filled two identical cooler boxes, J and K, with the same number of bottled drinks and same mass of ice cubes as shown below. Then she filled cooler box K with tap water but left cooler box J as it was.



(d) Mei Li found that the bottled drinks in cooler box K were colder than those in cooler box J. Explain the observation. [1]

SCORE . 4

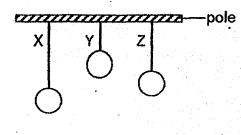
37 The diagram below shows the heater of a car and its circuit diagram. When the heater is switched on, it helps to clear mist formed on the rear window and prevent mist from forming.



()	arrangement?	otomorio arrangoa irroonoo or paranor. What io alo aavartag	[1]

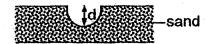
(b)	Explain how the on.	heater prevents forming of mist on the rear window when it is s	witched [1]
(c)	Fill in the boxes	battery energy of the circuit energy in heating	ed. [1]

Jim set up an experiment as shown below. He hung three balls of the same mass, X, Y and Z, from the same type of strings from a pole above a tray of sand.



Valuation in the same same

Tim cut the strings and measured the depth of depression, d, made by each ball in the sand.



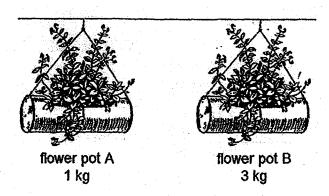
The results were as shown in the table below.

	Depth of depression, d (cm)						
Ball	First reading	Second reading	Third reading				
	3.2	3.5	3.3				
	4.9	5.1	5.0				
	0.9	1.1	1.2				

(a)	Fill in t	he table abo	ove to show	v the result	s for ba	lls X and	dZ.		[1]
(b)		id ball Y ma conversion		pest depre	ession?	Explain	your ansv	ver in (a)	in terms of [2]
			-			<u> </u>			
			4		<u>.</u>			·	
** #								 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

e		
(c)	Why were balls of the same mass used in the experiment?	[1]

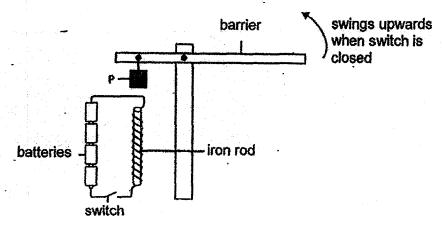
Jim saw two flower pots, A and B, hanging from the ceiling at the common corridor outside his neighbour's house.



 ans	wer.				en de la Maria	[1]
	500 550				to executive and	
		 400		•		

SCORE	
	5
	/ 3

39 Mr Tan used the set-up below to show how a carpark barrier works.

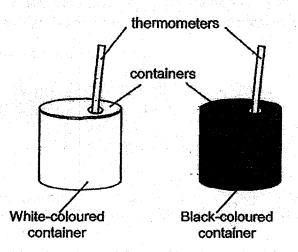


The carpark barrier remains in a balanced position when the switch is open as shown above. However, the barrier will swing upwards when the switch is closed.

(a)	Explain why the carpark barr	ier swings upwards after the switch is closed.	[2]
• • • •			
(b)	What happens if the iron rod	is replaced by a copper rod? Explain your answer.	[1]
· .			

SCORE	
	4

40 Jerry conducted an experiment using the two containers as shown below.

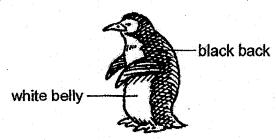


He painted the two containers with different colours and placed them under the sun. He recorded the temperature of the air inside each container at the start and after five hours in the table below.

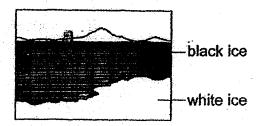
Colour of container	White	Black
Initial Temperature (°C)	28	28
Final Temperature (°C)	35	40

(a) Based on Jerry's table, explain how the colour of the container affects the final temperature of the air in it.

(b) Based on the results in (a), explain why having black back is an advantage for Animal P. [1]



Air pollution has caused some black carbon to be deposited on ice. This has resulted in the lce turning black in the Polar Regions as shown in the diagram below.



(c)			and informatio aying in the Pola	ow this wo	uld reduce	the [2]
	 in visini					
		di ya susu saki				

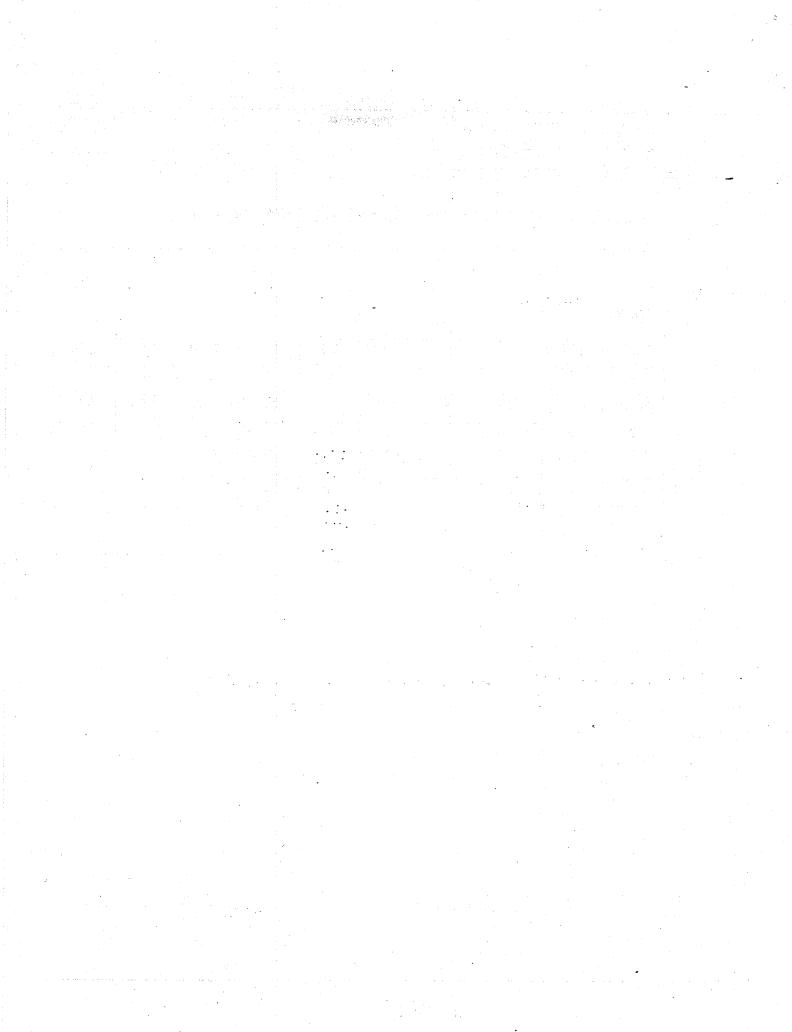
SCHOOL: MGS PRIMARYSCHOOL

LEVEL : PRIMARY 6
SUBJECT : SCIENCE

TERM : 2019 PERLIM

SECTION A

Q 1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
2	3	2	1	3	4	4	3	4	1
Q 11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20
2	3	4	4	2	2	2	4	3	4
Q 21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28		<u> </u>
2	2	1	1	2	3	1	1		



Methodist Girls' School (Primary) P6 Preliminary Examination 2019 Answer Key (For Students) Section B1 & B2

Qn.		Acceptable Answers					
29a	Group X: A, C, E	Group Y: B, D, F					
29b	Group X: Have hair/						
	Group Y: Have scales/ Reproduce by laying eggs						
30a	By animals because Plant F has large brightly-coloured petals that attract insects/ birds/ pollinators.						
30b	Plant G, the fruit has many seeds which are developed from the ovules of its flower.						
30c	Germination requires air/ oxygen, water/ moisture and warmth.						
30d	More food was made by more leaves above position M and it was transported to fruit A.						
30e	The farmer remove the water- carrying tubes so the water absorbed by the roots could not be						
300	transported to the leaves for making food/ life processes/ survival.						
31a	Fertilization occurs when the sperm and egg fuse together.						
31b							
	System B: Digestive						
31c	During exercise, more blood is pumped to other parts of the body, less blood passes through the						
	small intestine so less digested food can be absorbed by the blood (which slows down the rate of						
	digestion).						
32a	The greater/ shorter the distance of lamp from the water plant, the lower/ higher the rate of						
photosynthesis.							
32b	Oxygen. The water plant produced oxygen when it trapped light energy to make food during						
	photosynthesis.						
32c							
	is due to the presence of light source.						
33a	There were no roots of the grass to hold the soil together in Tray A so soil was being blown away						
	more easily as compared to Tray B.						
33b	The roots of the plants will hold the soil particles together, preventing soil erosion/landslide.						
33c	Global warming/ Loss of habitat for plants/ animals/ Water pollution.						
34a							
	protection/hide/escape						
34b.							
	predators/ other animals.						
34c	imal K helps it to swim quickly in/through water to hunt for its prey/ to escape						
0.5	from its predators.						
35a	Strings B and D. Each can support a load of more than 150g before they break/ tear.						
35b The material for making part Z must allow all/ most light to pass through/ transparent so							
	can be seen.						
36a		nore surface in contact with the hot plate so water in set-up P gained heat faster					
266	than in set-up Q.						
36b	has a bigger exposed surface area, the higher rate of evaporation caused more						
260	water to evaporate and less water left.						
36c 36d	Less surface area of Animal H's legs were in contact with the hot sand so Animal H gained less heat.						
30u							
37a	box K lost heat faster to cooled water/ water and ice and thus had lower temperature.						
37b	Parallel. If one of the heating elements is faulty, the heater/other heating elements can still work. The heating element heats up the rear window to a temperature higher than the surrounding. Water						
010	vapour cannot condense on the rear window /The absence of cooler surface prevents cor						
	So no mist will be form						
	CO TO THIST WILL DO TOTAL	iou.					

37d		nical) ntial	Electrical -	heat				
	energy of	carbattery e	nergy of the circuit energy in h		ating element			
38a	Depth of depression, d (cm)							
	Ball	First reading	Second reading	Third reading				
	Z	3.2	3.5	3.3				
	Y	4.9	5.1	5.0				
	X	0.9	1.1	1.2				
38b	When the string was cut, the potential energy was converted to kinetic energy as it was falling. Y had the most kinetic energy before it hit the sand and made the deepest depression.							
38c	To ensure the depth of depression was due to the height at which the ball was hung and not due to the mass of the ball.							
38d								
39a	When the switch is closed, electric current flows through the circuit, the iron rod becomes an electromagnet /becomes magnetised and attracted Object P downwards. This caused the barrier to swing upwards.							
39b	The copper rod cannot not be an electromagnet / magnetised as it is a non-magnetic material so the set-up will not work.							
39c	Reduce the	number of turn	s of the coil around	the rod. / Reduc	ice the number of batteries.			
40a	The final temperature of the air inside the black container is higher/ greater the air inside the white container as black colour absorbs/ gains more heat than white colour.							
40b	The black back is able to absorb/ gain more heat from the Sun to keep Animal P warmer.							
40c	The black ice will gain more heat/ heat faster than the white ice and melt faster, causing the sea level to rise. This causes the loss of ice and breeding ground for Animal P to lay their eggs so the population of the penguins will decrease.							